

### **Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited**

Corporate Identity Number: U45201TG2006PLC078157

**ANNUAL REPORT 2022-23** 

### **BOARD'S REPORT**

To the Members of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited,

Your Directors hereby present the 17<sup>th</sup> Board's Report on the business, operations and state of affairs of the Company together with the audited financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023:

### **FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE**

### I. Consolidated Financial Performance:

(Rs. in million)

		(Ks. In million)		
Particulars	2022-23	2021-22		
Total Revenue	13,188.82	17,534.18		
Total Expenditure	15,366.14	18,623.94		
(Loss) before share in associates and tax	(2,177.32)	(1,089.76)		
Share in Profit/(Loss) of associates	(57.40)	(360.82)		
(Loss) after share in associates and tax	(2,234.72)	(1,450.58)		
Tax Expenses	295.14	85.79		
(Loss) for the Year	(2,529.86)	(1,536.37)		
Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	(0.74)	(18.04)		
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	(2,530.60)	(1,554.41)		
Net Profit/(Loss) for the year attributable to:-				
Owners of the parent	(2,612.07)	(1,703.25)		
Non-Controlling interests	82.21	166.88		
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) attributable to:-				
Owners of the parent	1.80	18.09		
Non-Controlling interests	1.06	0.05		
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) attributable to:-				
Owners of the parent	(2,613.87)	(1,721.34)		
Non-Controlling interests	83.26	166.93		
Earnings per Equity Share (₹) (face value of Rs. 10 each):-				
Basic	(35.00)	(23.43)		
Diluted	(35.00)	(23.43)		

### II. Standalone Financial Performance:

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Total Revenue	8,012.17	10,841.31
Total Expenditure	9,765.25	11,661.79
(Loss) Before Tax	(1,753.08)	(820.48)
Tax Expenses	215.46	(74.47)
(Loss) for the year	(1,968.54)	(746.01)
Other comprehensive Income/(Loss)	(2.73)	(18.10)
Total comprehensive Income/(Loss)	(1,971.27)	(764.11)
Earnings per Equity Share (₹) (face value of Rs. 10 each):-		
Basic	(27.23)	(11.38)
Diluted	(27.23)	(11.38)

### INFORMATION ON THE STATE OF AFFAIRS OF THE COMPANY

During the year ended March 31, 2023, the Company earned consolidated income of Rs. 13,188.82 million as compared to Rs. 17,534.18 million during the previous year. The loss for the year was Rs. 2,529.86 million as against loss of Rs. 1,536.37 million in the previous year. During the year ended March 31, 2023, the Company earned standalone income of Rs. 8,012.17 million as compared to Rs. 10,841.31 million during the previous year. The loss for the year was Rs. 1,753.08 million as against loss of Rs. 820.48 million in the previous year.

### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements (Consolidated and Standalone) are prepared in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules framed thereunder (the Act) and the applicable Accounting Standards and forms part of this Report.

The Auditor's Report issued by M/s. S.R. Batliboi & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants, the Auditors of the Company on the financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 is unmodified and is annexed to the financial statements.

### SHARE CAPITAL

During the year under review, the Company had redeemed 20,00,000 - 7% Non-Cumulative Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each aggregating to Rs. 2 crores out of the proceeds of the fresh issue of 20,00,000 - 9% Non-Cumulative Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs. 10/- each for cash at par aggregating to Rs. 2 crores to Edel Finance Company Limited, holding company, on rights basis.

### **HOLDING COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES**

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Edel Finance Company Limited, which is in turn, a wholly owned subsidiary of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (EFSL).

The salient features of the financial statements of each of the subsidiaries as required under the Companies Act, 2023 (the 'Act') is provided in the financial statements in Form AOC-1. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are available on the website of the Company at the link: <a href="mailto:ercsl.edelweissfin.com">ercsl.edelweissfin.com</a>. Any Member interested in obtaining a copy of financial statements of the subsidiaries may write to the Company Secretary at the Registered Office of the Company.

### **FINANCE**

During the year under review, the Company has issued secured Non-convertible Debentures (NCDs) on private placement.

### **LOANS, INVESTMENTS AND GUARANTEES**

Particulars of loans given, investments made, guarantees given and securities provided are reported in the financial statements.

### **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

All the Related Party Transactions entered by the Company are on arm's length and in the ordinary course of business. The Company has not entered into transactions with the Promoters, Directors and Key Managerial Personnel, which may have potential conflict of interest with the Company.

In accordance with the provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('Listing Regulations'), the Company has formulated the Related Party Transactions Policy, which is available on the website of the Company at <a href="mailto:ercsl.edelweissfin.com">ercsl.edelweissfin.com</a>.

Particulars of contracts or arrangements with the related parties as prescribed in Section 188 of the Act and forming part of this Report is provided in Form AOC-2 attached as Annexure I. All the Related Party Transactions as required under the applicable Accounting Standards are reported in the financial statements.

### **DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**

### (i) Independent Directors

In accordance with the provisions of Section 149 of the Act, the Independent Directors have given a declaration that they meet the criteria of independence as provided in the said Section and also in terms of the Listing Regulations. In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors are persons of integrity and possess relevant expertise, experience and proficiency.

Pursuant to the recommendations of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board had, subject to the approval of the Members:-

- i. Appointed Mr. Bharat Bakshi (DIN:07648220) as an Independent Director of the Company for the first term till the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held for the financial year ending March 31, 2025.
- ii. Re-appointed Mr. Vinod Juneja (DIN:000443110) as an Independent Director of the Company for a second term of 5 years w.e.f. August 19, 2022.

The Members at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on August 19, 2022 approved the appointment of Mr. Bakshi and re-appointment of Dr. Juneja.

Mr. Kunnasagaran Chinniah resigned as an Independent Director of the Company w.e.f. August 31, 2022. The Board placed on record its appreciation of the services rendered by Mr. Kunnasagaran Chinniah during his tenure as Independent Director of the Company.

### (ii) Executive Directors

Mr. Ravindra Dhobale (DIN: 05147051) was appointed as an Executive Director w.e.f. August 2, 2022, for a period of 3 years. The approval of the Members for the appointment of Mr. Dhobale was obtained at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on August 19, 2022.

### (iii) Retirement by rotation

Mr. Santosh Dadheech (DIN:00196204) retires by rotation at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and, being eligible, has offered himself for re-appointment.

### (iv) Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)

Mr. Chirag Shah was appointed as the Company Secretary of the Company w.e.f. May 27, 2022.

Mr. Ravindra Dhobale was appointed as Chief Financial Officer of the Company w.e.f. August 2, 2022.

The KMPs of the Company are also the KMPs of the subsidiaries of the Company.

### NUMBER OF BOARD MEETINGS HELD

During the year ended March 31, 2023, the Board met 7 times. The details of the Board meetings and the attendance of the Directors at the meetings are provided in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of this Report.

### **REMUNERATION POLICY**

The Company has formulated a Remuneration Policy pursuant to Section 178 of the Act. The Policy is provided as Annexure II to this Report.

### **EVALUATION OF THE PERFORMANCE OF THE BOARD**

A Board Evaluation Policy (the Policy) for evaluating the performance of the Board, its Committees, the Chairman, the Executive Directors, the Non-executive Directors and the Independent Directors has been adopted by the Company.

The Policy *inter alia* provides the criteria for performance evaluation such as Board effectiveness, quality of discussion, contribution at the meetings, business acumen, strategic thinking, time commitment, relationship with the stakeholders, corporate governance practices, review of the terms of reference of the Committees and the contribution of the Committees to the Board in discharging its functions, etc.

A separate meeting of the Independent Directors was held wherein the performance of the Non-Independent Directors, performance of the Board as a whole (including the Committees) and also that of the Chairman in terms of the provisions of the Act, the Listing Regulations and the Guidance Note issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India in this regard was discussed.

### INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. The Company's internal control system is designed to ensure operational efficiency, protection and conservation of resources, accuracy and promptness in financial reporting and compliance with the laws and regulations. The internal control system is also supported by an internal audit process.

M/s. JHS & Associates LLP, Chartered Accountants, were appointed as Internal Auditors of your Company for the financial year 2022-23.

Risk management is an integral part of the Company's business strategy that seeks to minimise adverse impact on business objectives and capitalise on opportunities. The Risk Committee oversees the risk management framework of the Company through regular and proactive intervention by identifying risks and formulating mitigation plans.

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee comprises of the following Directors:

Dr. Vinod Juneja - Independent Director (Chairman) Mr. Bharat Bakshi- Independent Director Mr. Nikhil Johari - Non-executive Director

Further details of the Audit Committee are provided in the Corporate Governance Report which forms part of this Report.

### WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY/ VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy to report genuine concerns/grievances. The Policy is available on the website of the Company at the link: <u>ercsl.edelweissfin.com</u>.

The Policy provides for adequate safeguards against the victimisation of the persons who use the vigil mechanism. The vigil mechanism is overseen by the Audit Committee.

### **CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE**

The Board has constituted the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee in accordance with the provisions of the Act. The CSR Committee comprises of:

Ms. Ananya Suneja - Non-executive Director Mr. Santosh Dadheech - Non-executive Director Dr. Vinod Juneja - Independent Director

A report on the Corporate Social Responsibility in accordance with the provisions of the Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 is provided in Annexure III to this Report. The CSR Policy is available on the website of the Company at the link: <a href="mailto:ercsl.edelweissfin.com">ercsl.edelweissfin.com</a>.

### **AUDITORS**

In accordance with the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder (the Act), M/s. S.R. Batliboi & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 301003E/E300005) were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company at the 12<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company held on July 24, 2018. The term of office of M/s. S.R. Batliboi & Co. LLP, as Statutory Auditors of the Company will conclude from the close of the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

The Board of Directors of the Company, based on the recommendations of the Audit Committee, at its meeting held on August 2, 2023 had subject to the approval of the Members, approved the appointment of M/s. Nangia & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 002391C/N500069) as the Statutory Auditors of the Company, to hold office for the first term of five consecutive years from the conclusion of the ensuing AGM till the conclusion of the 22<sup>nd</sup> AGM to be held in the calendar year 2028.

M/s. Nangia & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants have confirmed their eligibility and qualification required under the Act for holding the office as Auditors of the Company.

### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

M/s. SVVS & Associates, Company Secretaries LLP, were appointed as the Secretarial Auditors to conduct the Secretarial Audit for the financial year ended March 31, 2023. The Report of the Secretarial Auditors is provided as Annexure IV to this Report. The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation, adverse remarks or disclaimer.

The Secretarial Audit Report of Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited and Allium Finance Private Limited, the Material Unlisted Subsidiaries of the Company, for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, forms part of this Report. The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation, adverse remarks or disclaimer.

### PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE

The Company has a Policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace. No cases were reported during the year under review. There were no complaints pending as on March 31, 2023. The Company has complied with the provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

## CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS/OUTGO

### A. Conservation of energy

- i. The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy The operations of the Company are not energy intensive. However, adequate measures have been taken for conservation of energy wherever possible.
- ii. The steps taken by the Company for utilising alternate sources of energy Though the operations of the Company are not energy intensive, the Company explores alternative sources of energy, as and when the necessity arises.
- iii. The capital investment on energy conservation equipments Nil

### B. Technology absorption

- The efforts made towards technology absorption The Company extensively uses the information technology in its operations and has absorbed the technology required in this regard.
- ii. The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution The Company has leveraged the technology to reach out to its customer in the difficult times of pandemic.
- iii. In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year):
  - (a) the details of technology imported: Not Applicable
  - (b) the year of import: Not Applicable
  - (c) whether the technology has been fully absorbed: Not Applicable
  - (d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof: Not Applicable
- iv. The expenditure incurred on Research and Development Not Applicable.

### C. Foreign exchange earnings and outgo

During the year under review, the Company earned foreign exchange of Rs. 16.09 million (previous year Rs. 7.99 million) and there was outgo of foreign exchange of Rs. 4.57 million (previous year Rs. 4.73 million).

### **OTHER DISCLOSURES**

- i) There are no significant material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company that occurred between the end of financial year and the date of this Report.
- ii) There has been no change in the nature of business of the Company.
- iii) There was no revision in the financial statements of the Company.
- iv) There was no application made or proceeding pending against the Company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016. There was no instance of onetime settlement with any Bank/Financial Institution in respect of loan taken by the Company.
- No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.
- vi) No fraud has been reported by the Auditors to the Audit Committee and the Board.
- vii) Disclosure pertaining to maintenance of cost records as specified under the Act is not applicable to the Company.
- viii) The Company has not issued equity shares with differential voting rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
- ix) The Company has not accepted any deposits covered under Chapter V of the Act.
- x) The Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

### **ANNUAL RETURN**

Pursuant to Sections 92 and 134 of the Act, the Annual Return as at March 31, 2023 in Form MGT-7, is available on the website of the Company at the link: <u>ercsl.edelweissfin.com</u>.

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Pursuant to the Listing Regulations, the Report on Corporate Governance together with the certificate issued by M/s. SVVS & Associates, Company Secretaries, on compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance during the financial year ended March 31, 2023 is provided in Annexure V and forms part of this Report.

### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT**

Pursuant to Section 134 of the Act, the Directors confirm that:

- i) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed;
- ii) such accounting policies have been selected and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023 and the loss of the Company for the financial year ended on that date;
- iii) proper and sufficient care had been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv) the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis;

- v) internal financial controls have been laid down and the same are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- vi) proper systems had been devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The Board acknowledges the valuable guidance and continued support extended by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Stock Exchanges, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, other government authorities, Banks and other stakeholders. Your Directors would also like to take this opportunity to express their appreciation for the dedicated efforts of the employees of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Ananya Suneja

**Non-executive Director** 

Ravindra Dhobale Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer

DIN: 05147051 DIN: 07297081

Mumbai, August 2, 2023

### Form AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto:

### I. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis: Not Applicable

(Rupees in million)

Sr. No.	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions	Date of approval by the Board	Amount paid as advances, if any	Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

### II. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:

(Rupees in million)

Sr. No.	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions	Duration of the contracts/arrangem ents/transactions	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	Date of approval by the Board	Amount paid as advances, if any
1	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited (Fellow subsidiary)	Sale of Securities	-	1,671.49	January 28, 2022	-
2	ECL Finance Limited (Fellow subsidiary)	Sale of Securities	-	1,889.04	January 28, 2022	-
3	Edel Finance Company Limited (Holding Company)	Sale of Securities	-	2,130.43	January 28, 2022	-

For and on behalf of the Board of

**Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited** 

**Ravindra Dhobale** Ananya Suneja

**Executive Director and** 

**Chief Financial Officer** 

DIN: 05147051

**Non-executive Director** 

DIN: 07297081

Mumbai, August 2, 2023

### **Remuneration Policy**

### **Objective**

The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') requires a Company to frame policy for determining the remuneration payable to the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs) and other employees. While appointing the Directors, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, considers qualification, positive attributes, areas of expertise and number of Directorships in other companies and such other factors as it may deem fit. The Board considers the Committee's recommendation and takes appropriate action.

The objective of the Remuneration Policy (the Policy) of the Company is to provide a framework for the remuneration of the Independent Directors, Non-executive Directors, Managing Director/Executive Directors, KMPs, and other Senior level employees of the Company.

The objective of this Policy is to ensure that:

- i. the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain talent required to run the company successfully;
- ii. relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and
- iii. remuneration to the Directors, KMPs and senior management comprises a balance of fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.

### Remuneration of the Independent Directors & Non- executive Directors

- The Independent Directors & Non-executive Directors are eligible for sitting fees for attending the meetings
  of the Board and the Committees thereof.
- The Independent Directors & Non-executive Directors are also eligible for commission, subject to limits prescribed under the Act and the Rules framed there under.
- The Independent Directors are not eligible for stock options.
- The Non-executive Directors (other than promoter Directors) shall be eligible for stock options.

### Remuneration of the Managing Director & Executive Directors

- The remuneration of the Managing Director/Executive Directors is recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ('NRC') to the Board. Based on the recommendations of the NRC, the Board determines and approves the remuneration of the Managing Director/Executive Directors, subject to necessary approvals, if any.
- The remuneration paid to the Managing Director/Executive Directors is within the limits prescribed under the Act and approved by the shareholders of the Company. The remuneration structure includes fixed salary, perguisites, bonus, other benefits and allowances and contribution to Funds, etc.
- The Executive Directors (other than the promoter Directors) shall be eligible for stock options.

### Remuneration of the KMP (other than Executive Directors) and Senior level employees

- The key components of remuneration package of the KMP (other than Executive Directors) and Senior level employees shall comprise of fixed salary, perquisites, annual bonus, other benefits and allowances and contribution to Funds, etc.
- They shall be eligible for stock options.

### **Policy Review**

- The Policy may be amended as may be necessary.
- The NRC shall implement the Policy, and may issue such guidelines, procedures etc. as it may deem fit.

For and on behalf of the Board of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Ravindra Dhobale Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer DIN: 05147051

N: 05147051 DIN: 07297081

Mumbai, August 2, 2023

Ananya Suneja Non-executive Director

# Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility Activities for the financial year March 31, 2023 As prescribed under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014

1. Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company.

To leverage the capacity and capital to equip and enable the social sector to achieve the greatest impact on the lives of the poor in India.

### 2. Composition of the CSR Committee:

SI. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1.	Dr. Vinod Juneja	Independent Director	1	1
2.	Ms. Ananya Suneja	Ms. Ananya Suneja Non-executive Director		1
3.	Mr. Santosh Dadheech	Non-executive Director	1	1

3. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the Company:

ercsl.edelweissfin.com

4. Provide the executive summary along with the weblink of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8, if applicable:

### **Not Applicable**

- 5. (a) Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): NIL
  - (b) Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): NIL
  - (c) Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years: NIL
  - (d) Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any: NIL
  - (e) Total CSR obligation for the financial year (5a+5b-5c): NIL
- 6. (a) CSR amount spent on CSR Projects (both Ongoing and other than Ongoing Project): Not Applicable
  - (b) Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: NIL
  - (c) Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: Not applicable
  - (d) Total amount spent for the financial year (a)+(b)+(c): NIL
  - (e) CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

	Amount Unspent							
Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year (in Rs.)	Total Amount Unspent CSR	transferred to Account as per 135(6)	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5)					
	Amount	Date of transfer	Name of the Fund	Amount	Date of transfer			
Nil	-	-	-	-	-			

(f) Excess amount for set off, if any:

SI. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	-
(ii)	Total amount spent for the financial year	-
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	-
	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	-
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	-

7. Details of Unspent Corporate Social Responsibility amount for the preceding three financial years:

SI. No.	Financial Year	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6) (in Rs.)	in the reporting	fund spec Schedule VII	nsferred to any cified under as per section ), if any. Date of transfer	remaining	Deficiency, if any
1	FY 2019-20						
2	FY 2020-21			Nil			
3	FY 2021-22						
	Total			Nil			

- 8. Whether any capital assets have been created or acquired through Corporate Social Responsibility amount spent in the Financial Year: **Not Applicable**
- 9. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5): **Not Applicable**

For and on behalf of the Board of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Ravindra Dhobale Ananya Suneja

**Non-executive Director** 

**Executive Director and** 

**Chief Financial Officer** 

DIN: 05147051 DIN: 07297081

Mumbai, May 22, 2023

# Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

The Members,

### **Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited**

2nd Floor, MB Towers, Plot No. 5, Road No. 2, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad - 500034, Telangana.

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited** (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, We hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2023, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings<sup>1</sup>;
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011<sup>2</sup>;
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018<sup>3</sup>;
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014<sup>4</sup>;
  - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021;
  - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents)
    Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>ibid

<sup>4</sup>ibid

- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 20215; (g)
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018<sup>6</sup>; (h)
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (i) Regulations, 2015; (the Listing Regulations) and
- (vi) Other laws as may be applicable specifically to the Company, namely: NIL

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India. (i)
- The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Stock Exchange(s). (ii)

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act and the Listing Regulations.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes<sup>7</sup>.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines (Please see Annexure B).

We further report that during the year under review, the Company has redeemed 20,00,000 Preference Shares by way of issue of new Preference Shares (on rights basis) on March 29, 2023.

May 22, 2023 Mumbai

For SVVS & Associates Company Secretaries LLP

**CS. Suresh Viswanathan Designated Partner** 

UDIN: F004453E000346608

FCS : 4453 CP No : 11745

Note: This report is to be read with the list of Applicable Laws and our letter of even date which are attached as Annexure A and Annexure B respectively and form an integral part of this report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>ibid

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>ibid

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> All resolutions were carried unanimously

The Members,

### **Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited**

2nd Floor, MB Towers, Plot No. 5, Road No. 2, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad 500034, Telangana.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. No audit has been conducted on the compliance with finance and taxation laws as the same are subject to audit by the Statutory Auditor and Internal Auditor to the Company and their observations, if any, shall hold good for the purpose of this audit report.
- 5. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 6. The compliance with the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws rules, regulations the responsibility of management, our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 7. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.
- 8. Audit of the compliance with Other Laws has been undertaken based on scope of audit and the applicability of such Laws as ascertained by the Company and informed to us.
- 9. We have relied on reports of Internal Audit, Regulatory Inspection/Audit to the extent made available to us and the observations, if any, contained in such reports shall hold good for the purpose of this audit report.

May 22, 2023 Mumbai For SVVS & Associates Company Secretaries LLP

CS. Suresh Viswanathan Designated Partner

UDIN : F004453E000346608

FCS : 4453 CP No : 11745

### No. Laws applicable to the Company

The following laws have been taken into account to verify if that there are adequate systems and processes to monitor and ensure compliance with, in the Company, commensurate with its with the size and operations:

- 1. Companies Act 2013, and the rules thereunder
- 2. The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961
- 3. Payment of Wages Act, 1936
- 4. Minimum wages act-regional
- 5. The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965
- 6. Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
- 7. The Maharashtra Labour Welfare Fund Act, 1953
- 8. The Maharashtra Workmen's Minimum House Rent Allowance Act, 1983
- 9. Employee's Provident Fund & Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952
- 10. The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972
- 11. The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013
- 12. Employee Compensation Act, 1923
- 13. Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970
- 14. The Maharashtra Private Security Guards (Regulation of Employment & Welfare) Act, 1981 & Maharashtra Private Security Agencies, 2005
- 15. Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948
- 16. Bombay Shops & Establishment Act 1948

#### Form No. MR-3

### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited
2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, M.B. Towers, Plot No. 5,
Road No. 2, Banjara Hills,
Hyderabad - 500034

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited** (hereinafter called "the Company") for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 ("the year"/ "audit period"). The Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

We have verified books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2023, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company as given in Annexure I, for the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ("SCRA") and the Rules made thereunder to the extent applicable;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder to the extent applicable;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;- Not applicable and
- (v) The Following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 (the SEBI Act)
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, to the extent applicable
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrar to an Issue and Shares Transfer Agents) Regulations, 2013 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with clients, to the extent applicable
  - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, not applicable
  - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, to the extent applicable

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India which generally complied with.

During the year under review the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

### We further report that:

- The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted. The changes in the composition of the Key Managerial
  Personnel that took place during the period under review were in compliance and in accordance with the provisions of
  the Act.
- Adequate notice is given to all the Directors to schedule the Board Meetings and Committee Meetings; agenda and
  detailed notes on agenda were sent in accordance with the Act and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further
  information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

•

All the resolutions/ decisions at the Board Meetings are carried out unanimously with requisite majority as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Edelweiss Rural and Corporate Services Limited.

We further report that, during the year under review,

- the Company in its Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on August 12, 2022 has obtained approval of the shareholders of issuance of Non-Convertible Debentures on a Private Placement Basis aggregating to Rs. 1000 Crores.
- ii. the Company in its Board Meeting held on August 24, 2022 has issued and allotted 2000 Senior, Secured, Unlisted, Unrated, Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures aggregating to ₹ 1,97,00,00,000/- on Private Placement basis.
- iii. the company in its Board Meeting held on January 28, 2023 has shifted its place of keeping its books of accounts and complied with the provisions of the Act.
- iv. the Company in its Board Meeting held on March 24, 2023 has issued and allotted 1650 Senior, Secured, Unlisted, Unrated, Redeemable Non-Convertible Debentures aggregating to ₹ 1,62,52,50,000/- on Private Placement basis.

For DILIP BHARADIYA & ASSOCIATES

**DILIP BHARADIYA Partner** FCS No.: 7956., C P No.: 6740

UDIN: F007956E000335415

Place: London Date: May 19, 2023

**NOTE:** This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure II and forms an integral part of this report.

### **ANNEXURE - I**

### **List of documents verified:**

- 1. Memorandum & Articles of Association of the Company;
- 2. Annual Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2022
- 3. Minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors held during the financial year under review, alongwith Attendance Registers;
- 4. Minutes of General Meetings held during the financial year under review;
- 5. Statutory Registers viz.
  - Register of Directors' & Key Managerial Personnel and their Shareholding
  - Register of loans, guarantees and security and investment.
  - Register of Charges
  - Register of Members made by the Company
  - Register of Contracts with Related Party and contracts and bodies, etc. in which the directors are interested.
- 6. Agenda papers provided to all the Directors/ Members for the Board Meetings;
- 7. Declarations received from the Directors of the Company pursuant to the provisions of Section 184(1) and Section 164(2) of the Companies Act, 2013; and
- 8. E-Forms filed by the Company, from time-to-time, under applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, along with attachments thereof, during the financial year under review.

### **ANNEXURE - II**

To,
The Members,
Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited
2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, M.B. Towers, Plot No. 5,
Road No. 2, Banjara Hills,
Hyderabad - 500034

Our Secretarial Audit Report of even date is to be read along with this letter,

- 1) Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2) We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 3) We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of accounts of the Company.
- 4) Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- 5) The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- 6) The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

### For **DILIP BHARADIYA & ASSOCIATES**

DILIP BHARADIYA Partner FCS No.: 7956, C.P No.: 6740

Place : London Date : May 19, 2023

### Form No. MR-3

### SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

### FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To The Members

### **Allium Finance Private Limited**

Tower 3, Wing B, Kohinoor City Mall, Kohinoor City Kirol Road, Kurla West, Mumbai - 400070.

We have conducted the Secretarial Audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to corporate practices by **Allium Finance Private Limited** (hereinafter called 'the Company') for the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2023. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliance and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agent and authorized representatives during the conduct of Secretarial Audit, the explanations and clarifications given to us and the representation made by the Management, We hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period generally complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter.

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2023 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the Rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (SCRA) and the Rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder<sup>1</sup>;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards etc. mentioned above to the extent applicable.

During the period under review, the Company has complied with provisions of the Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India related to meetings and minute.

### We further report that -

Having regard to the compliance system prevailing in the Company and on the examination of the relevant documents and records in pursuance thereof, on test- check basis, the Company has generally complied with the rules, regulations, directions and guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India as are applicable to Non-Banking Financial Company- Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period

### We further report that -

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted. Mr. Bharat Bakshi was appointed as an Additional Director (Independent) w.e.f. March 09, 2023 apart from this there were no other changes in the composition of the Board of Directors during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all the Directors to schedule the Board Meetings and Committee Meetings; agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent in compliance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and Secretarial Standards and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All Resolutions of the Board of Directors and its Committees are approved on the basis of majority and are duly recorded in the respective Minutes. There were no dissenting views by any member of the Board of Directors during the Audit Period.

### We further report that

During the audit period there were no major actions or events undertaken by the Company which may have a major bearing on the Companies affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, guidelines, standards etc.

### We further report that

There are adequate systems and processes in the Company, which commensurate with its size and operations, to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

For ACMY & Associates

May 19, 2023. Mumbai Sadanand Yadav Practicing Company Secretaries Partner ACS: 37012 COP No: 14153

UDIN: A037012E000336289

**Note:** This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Annexure A and forms an integral part of this report.

**ANNEXURE A** 

To The Members

### **Allium Finance Private Limited**

Tower 3, Wing B, Kohinoor City Mall, Kohinoor City Kirol Road, Kurla West, Mumbai - 400070.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1. The Company's management is responsible for maintenance of secretarial records and compliance with the provisions of corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations and standards. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the secretarial records produced for our audit.
- 2. We have followed such audit practices and processes as we considered appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records.
- 3. We have verified the secretarial records furnished to us on a test basis to see whether the correct facts are reflected therein. We also examined the compliance procedures followed by the company on a test basis. We believe that the processes and practices we followed, provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 4. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 5. We have obtained the management's representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events wherever required.
- 6. Our Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For ACMY & Associates

May 19, 2023. Mumbai Sadanand Yadav Practicing Company Secretaries Partner ACS: 37012

COP No: 14153 UDIN: A037012E000336289

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### **Company's Philosophy on Corporate Governance**

At Edelweiss, we strongly uphold good governance practices to promote fairness, transparency, accountability and integrity. In line with this philosophy, Guiding Principles have been articulated and these forms integral part of the Company's corporate governance practices. Processes have been designed to run the businesses responsibly and harmonize diversified interests of various stakeholders thereby enhancing stakeholder value.

### **Board of Directors**

### **Composition, Meeting and Attendance**

The Board of Directors (the Board) of the Company has an optimal combination of Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors to maintain the independence of the Board from the management, which is in conformity with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (Listing Regulations). The Board of Directors of the Company comprises of 6 Directors of which 1 is an Executive Director, 3 are Non-executive Non-Independent Directors and 2 are Independent Directors.

The annual calendar of the Board Meetings is agreed upon at the beginning of the year. The agenda for the Board Meetings is circulated in advance and is backed by comprehensive background information to enable the Board to take informed decisions. During the financial year 2022-23, the Board met 7 times i.e. on: May 27, 2022, August 2, 2022, September 17, 2022, November 7, 2022, December 1, 2022, January 28, 2023 and March 21, 2023. Adequate facilities were provided to the Directors and invitees for active participation at the Meetings.

The names and categories of the Directors on the Board, their attendance at the Board Meetings held during the financial year 2022-23 and at the last Annual General Meeting (AGM), the number of directorships and committee positions held by them in other public limited companies and the name of the other listed entities where he/she is a Director and category of directorships as on March 31, 2023, are as under:-

Name and DIN of the Directors	Category	No. of Board Meetings Attended	Attendance at the last AGM held on September 30, 2022	No. of directorship s in other Public Limited Companies <sup>\$</sup>	Name of other Listed entities where person is Director - Category of Directorship	re person is Position* ategory of (Including this		
						Member	Chairman	
Dr. Vinod Juneja (DIN: 00044311)		7	No	9	Independent Director  1. Shyam Telecom Limited	10	2	
					2. Shristi Infrastructure Development Corporation Limited			
Mr. Ravindra Dhobale^ (DIN: 05147051)	Executive	5	Yes	1	Nil	-	-	
Ms. Ananya Suneja (DIN: 07297081)	Non- executive	5	Yes	6	Nil	1	-	
Mr. Nikhil Johari (DIN: 01960539)	Non- executive	5	Yes	Nil	Nil	2	1	
Mr. Santosh Dadheech (DIN: 00196204)	Non- executive	6	Yes	Nil	Nil	-	-	
Mr. Bharat Bakshi^^ (DIN: 07648220)	Independent	6	No	1	Nil	3	1	
Mr. Kunnasagaran Chinniah# (DIN: 01590108)	Independent	2			Not Applicable			

<sup>\$</sup> Only Directorships of public limited companies incorporated in India have been considered and excludes private limited companies, section 8 companies and foreign companies.

None of the Directors are related to each other.

<sup>\*</sup>Only Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, in other public limited companies, have been considered for the Committee position.

<sup>^</sup>Mr Ravindra Dhobale was appointed as an Executive Director of the Company w.e.f. August 2, 2022.

<sup>^^</sup> Mr. Bharat Bakshi was appointed as an Independent Director of the Company w.e.f. May 27, 2022.

<sup>#</sup>Mr. Kunnasagaran Chinniah, Independent Director resigned from the position of Independent Director of the Company w.e.f August 31, 2022.

The Members of the Company at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on August 19, 2022:-

- i. Appointed Mr. Bharat Bakshi (DIN:07648220) as an Independent Director of the Company for the first term till the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held for the financial year ending March 31, 2025.
- ii. Re-appointed Mr. Vinod Juneja (DIN:000443110) as an Independent Director of the Company for a second term of 5 years w.e.f. August 19, 2022.
- iii. Appointed Mr. Ravindra Dhobale as an Executive Director for a term of 3 years, w.e.f. August 2, 2022.

None of the Directors hold office in more than 10 public companies as prescribed under the Act. No Director holds Directorships in more than 7 listed companies. Further, none of the Non-executive Directors serve as Independent Director in more than 7 listed companies and none of the whole time director / managing director in any listed entity shall serve as an independent director in more than 3 listed entities as required under the Listing Regulations. None of the Directors on the Board is a member of more than 10 Committees and Chairperson of more than 5 Committees, across all public limited companies in which he/she is a Director. Independent Directors are Non-executive Directors as defined under the Listing Regulations and the Act along with Rules framed thereunder. In terms of the Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors have confirmed that they are not aware of any circumstance or situation which exists or may be reasonably anticipated that could impair or impact their ability to discharge their duties.

Based on the declarations received from the Independent Directors, the Board has confirmed that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under the Listing Regulations and that they are independent of the Management. Further, the Independent Directors have, in terms of Section 150 of the Act read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment & Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, confirmed that they have enrolled themselves in the Independent Directors' Databank maintained with the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs. In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors are persons of integrity and possess relevant expertise, experience and proficiency.

All the Directors of the Company have confirmed that they are not disqualified for appointed as Directors pursuant to Section 164 of the Act.

M/s. SVVS & Associates, Company Secretaries, have issued a certificate certifying that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Companies by the Securities & Exchange Board of India (SEBI), the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and any such statutory authority.

### Board skills/expertise/competence matrix

The Board have identified the following parameters with respect to the skill/expertise/competence that are available with the Board in the context of the business and sector for it to function effectively:

Directors		Industry nowledg Experien	e /	Technical Skills/Experience		nce	Behavioural Competencies				
	Financial and Capital Markets	Understanding of laws and regulations	International Experience	Accounting and Finance	Risk Management	Strategic Management	Legal and Compliance	Information Technology	Governance	Leadership and Mentoring Skills	Interpersonal Relations
Dr. Vinod Juneja	*	*	*	*	*	*	-	-	*	*	*
Ms. Ananya Suneja	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Mr. Santosh Dadheech	*	*	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Mr. Nikhil Johari	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Mr. Ravindra Dhobale	*	*	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Mr. Bharat Bakshi	*	*	-	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*

### **Committees of the Board:**

### A) Audit Committee

### Meetings held:

During the financial year ended March 31, 2023, the Committee met 5 times on May 27, 2022, August 2, 2022, September 17, 2022, November 7, 2022 and January 28, 2023.

The Committee comprises of Independent Directors and Non-executive Directors. The composition as on March 31, 2023 and attendance during the year ended March 31, 2023 is as under:-

Name of the Members	No. of meetings Attended
Dr. Vinod Juneja – Chairman (Independent Director)	5
Mr. Nikhil Johari (Non-executive Director)	3
Mr. Bharat Bakshi <sup>®</sup> (Independent Director)	3
Mr. Kunnasagaran Chinniah <sup>\$</sup> (Independent Director)	2

<sup>@</sup> Mr. Bharat Bakshi was appointed as a Member w.e.f. August 2, 2022. \$ Mr. Kunnasagaran Chinniah ceased as a Member w.e.f. August 31, 2022.

All the members have financial management expertise. The constitution and terms of reference of the Committee are in compliance with the requirements of the Act and the Listing Regulations.

Brief description of the terms of reference of the Audit Committee inter alia include:

- Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- 2) Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company;
- 3) Approval of payment to the statutory auditors for any other service rendered by the statutory auditors;
- 4) Reviewing, with the Management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval with particular reference to:
  - matters required to be included in the Directors Responsibility statement to be included in the Board's Report in terms of clause (c) of sub section 3 of the Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;
  - changes if any, in the accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
  - major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgement by management;
  - d. significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
  - e. compliance with the listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
  - f. disclosure of any related party transactions;
  - g. qualifications in the draft audit report.
- 5) Reviewing, with the Management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval;
- 6) Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- 7) Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory auditors and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
- 8) Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up thereon;
- 9) Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- 10) To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower/Vigil mechanism;
- Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee.

The Auditors, Internal Auditors and the Chief Financial Officer are invited to attend the meetings of the Committee. The Company Secretary acts as the Company Secretary to the Committee.

### B) Nomination and Remuneration Committee

During the financial year ended March 31, 2023, the Committee met 3 times on May 27, 2022, August 2 2022 and September 17, 2022.

The composition as on March 31, 2023 and attendance during the financial year ended March 31, 2023 is as under:-

Name of the Members	No. of Meetings Attended
Dr. Vinod Juneja – Chairman (Independent Director)	3
Mr. Nikhil Johari (Non-executive Director)	1
Mr. Bharat Bakshi <sup>®</sup> (Independent Director)	1
Mr. Kunnasagaran Chinniah <sup>\$</sup> (Independent Director)	2

<sup>@</sup> Mr. Bharat Bakshi was appointed as a Member w.e.f. August 2, 2022.

Brief description of the terms of reference of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee *inter alia* include:

- 1) Identifying the persons who can become Directors;
- 2) Formulating the criteria for determining the qualifications, positive attributes etc. and independence of a Director;
- 3) Recommending to the Board a policy relating to the remuneration for the Directors & Key Managerial Personnel;
- 4) Recommend to the Board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management;
- 5) Specify the manner for effective annual evaluation of performance of the Board, its Committees and individual Directors.

The Company has formulated a Remuneration Policy which is annexed to the Board's Report.

### **Board Evaluation**

During the financial year ended March 31, 2023, in accordance with the Board Evaluation Policy and the Guidance Note on Board Evaluation issued by SEBI, an annual evaluation of

<sup>\$</sup> Mr. Kunnasagaran Chinniah ceased as a Member w.e.f. August 31, 2022.

its own performance and that of the Committees and Directors pursuant to the provisions of the Act and the Listing Regulations was carried out by the Board on various parameters which *inter alia* included composition, diversity, effectiveness, quality of discussion, contribution at the meetings, business acumen, strategic thinking, time commitment, relationship with the stakeholders, corporate governance practices, contribution of the Committees etc.

A separate meeting of the Independent Directors was held wherein the performance of the Non-Independent Directors, performance of the Board as a whole (including the Committees) and also that of the Chairman in terms of the provisions of the Act, the Listing Regulations and the Guidance Note issued by SEBI in this regard was discussed.

### **Familiarization Programme**

The Independent Directors are familiarized with their roles, rights, responsibilities etc. in relation to the nature of the financial services sector and the business model of the Company. The details are uploaded on the website of the Company at: ercsl.edelweissfin.com

### **Remuneration to the Directors**

The Company was paying sitting fees of ₹20,000 per meeting to the Independent Directors for attending the meetings of the Board and the Committees thereof. The Board of Directors at its Meeting held on November 7, 2022, had revised the sitting fees to ₹50,000 per Meeting to the Independent Directors for attending the Meetings of the Board and the Committee thereof.

The details of the remuneration paid to the Directors during the financial year ended March 31, 2023 are as under:

(Amount Rs. in million)

Name of the			Sitting			
Director	Remuneration (fixed & Performance bonus)	Perquisites	Fees	Commission	Others*	Total
Dr. Vinod Juneja	-	-	0.34	-	ı	0.34
Ms. Ananya Suneja	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Nikhil Johari	-	-	-	-	15.25	15.25
Mr. Santosh Dadheech	-	-	-	-	7.08	7.08
Mr. Bharat Bakshi@	-	-	0.30	-	-	-
Mr. Ravindra Dhobale	-	_	-	-	-	-
Mr. Kunnasagaran Chinniah <sup>\$</sup>	-	_	0.14	_	-	0.14

<sup>\*</sup>Fees paid for professional services.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>®</sup> Mr. Bharat Bakshi was appointed as Independent Director w.e.f. May 27, 2022.

<sup>§</sup> Mr. Kunnasagaran Chinniah resigned as Independent Director w.e.f. August 31, 2022.

None of the Directors hold any shares in the Company.

During the year under review, some of the KMPs of the Company were also the KMPs of the subsidiaries and drew remuneration from the subsidiaries.

### C) Risk Management Committee

During the financial year ended March 31, 2023, the Committee met two times on August 2, 2022 and November 7, 2022.

The Committee comprises of Independent Directors, Non- Executive Directors and Company Secretary of the Company. The composition as on March 31, 2023 and attendance during the financial year ended March 31, 2023 is as under:-

Name of the Members	No. of meetings Attended
Dr. Vinod Juneja (Independent Director)	-
Mr. Nikhil Johari <sup>\$</sup> (Non-executive Director)	2
Ms. Ananya Suneja (Non-executive Director)	2
Mr. Chirag Shah <sup>®</sup> (Company Secretary)	Not Applicable

\$ Mr. Nikhil Johari was appointed as a Member w.e.f. May 27, 2022. @Mr. Chirag Shah was appointed as a Member w.e.f. November 7, 2022.

Brief description of the terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee inter alia include:-

- 1) Ensuring the appropriateness of the Company in taking measures to achieve prudent balance between risk and reward in both ongoing and new business activities.
- 2) Overseeing the risk management framework of the Company through regular and proactive intervention by identifying risks and formulating mitigation plans.
- 3) Reporting to the Board on periodical basis.
- 4) Assist the Board in effective operation of risk management system by performing specialized analyses and quality reviews;
- 5) Monitoring and Reviewing of the Risk Management Plan including Cyber Security.
- 6) Such other powers to be exercised by the Risk Management Committee pursuant to circulars, notifications issued by Statutory & Regulatory authorities from time to time.

### D) Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

During the financial year ended March 31, 2023, the Committee met once on May 27, 2022. The composition as on March 31, 2023 and attendance during the year ended March 31, 2022 is as under:-

Name of the Members	No. of Meetings Attended
Mr. Nikhil Johari – Chairman (Non-executive Director)	1
Dr. Vinod Juneja (Independent Director)	Nil
Ms. Ananya Suneja (Non-executive Director)	1

Mr. Chirag Shah is the Company Secretary & Compliance Officer of the Company.

Based on the reports received from the Registrar & Share Transfer Agents during the financial year ended March 31, 2023, the Company did not receive any requests/complaints during the year ended March 31, 2023. As on March 31, 2023, there were no outstanding requests/complaints.

### **General Body Meetings**

The last 3 Annual General Meetings (AGMs) of the Company were date, time and venue of the last three Annual General Meetings are given below:

Financial Year	Date	Time	Venue	No. of Special Resolutions passed
2021-2022	September 30, 2022	·	4-A, 4 <sup>th</sup> Floor, Emgeen Chambers, CST Road, Kalina, Santacruz (East), Mumbai – 400 098	Nil
2020-2021	November 29, 2021		Edelweiss House, Off CST Road, Kalina, Mumbai – 400 098	Nil
2019-2020	October 29, 2020	10.00 a.m.	Held through Video Conferencing / Other audio Visual Means	

### **Means of Communication**

The financial results, press releases and the presentation made to the Investors/Analysts are submitted to the Stock Exchanges and also uploaded on the website of the Company at ercsl.edelweissfin.com.

The Company publishes quarterly, half-yearly and annual Results generally in Free Press Journal and Navshakti Newspapers.

### I. General Shareholder Information

i.	AGM: Date, time and venue/ mode	Saturday, September 30, 2023 at 2:00 p.m. at the Corporate Office of the Company at 4-A, 4 <sup>th</sup> Floor, Emgeen Chambers, CST Road, Kalina, Santacruz (East), Mumbai – 400098
ii.	Financial Year:	April 1, 2022 to March 31, 2023
iii.	Book Closure dates:	Not Applicable
iv.	Dividend payment date:	Not Applicable

### II. Listing of Securities on Stock Exchanges:

### **Non-convertible Debentures**

The Company has issued Secured Non-convertible Debentures (NCDs) on private placement.

Some of the NCDs are listed on BSE.

The Company has paid the listing fees to BSE for the financial year ended March 31, 2023.

### **Debenture Trustee:**

The details of the Debenture Trustees for the NCDs issued by the Company are given below:

### IDBI Trusteeship Services Limited Catalyst Trusteeship Limited

Universal Insurance Building, Ground Floor, Sir Windsor, 6th Floor, Office No. 604,

P M Road, Fort, C.S.T. Road, Kalina,

Mumbai – 400 001. Santacruz (East), Mumbai – 400 098

Tel: 022-4080 7000 Tel.: +91 22 49220555

Email: ComplianceCTL-

Email: <u>itsl@idbitrustee.com</u> <u>Mumbai@ctltrustee.com</u>

Website: <u>www.idbitrustee.com</u> Website: <u>www.catalysttrustee.com</u>

#### III. Registrar & Share Transfer Agent:

#### a. Equity Shares

Link Intime India Private Limited, C 101, 247 Park, L.B.S Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 400 083.

Tel: +91 22 81081 16767 Fax: +91 22 4918 6060

e-mail: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in Website: www.linkintime.co.in

#### b. Non-Convertible Debentures

#### **KFin Technologies Limited**

Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-32, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Serilingampally, Mandal, Hyderabad - 500 032

Tel: +91 40 6716 2222 Fax: +91 40 6716 1563

Email: einward.ris@kfintech.com Website: <u>www.kfintech.com</u>

#### **IV. Share Transfer System**

Transfer of equity shares in electronic form are effected through the depositories without any involvement of the Company.

#### V. Distribution of shareholding and shareholding pattern as on March 31, 2023

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Edel Finance Company Limited, which (alongwith its nominees) holds 4,65,35,367 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each representing 100% of the shareholding of the Company.

#### VI. Dematerialisation of shares

As on March 31, 2023, the entire share capital of the Company (both equity and preference shares) are in demat form.

# VII. Outstanding GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any convertible instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity

The Company has not issued GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any other instrument convertible into equity.

#### VIII. Plant locations - Not Applicable

#### IX. Credit ratings:

The credit ratings obtained by the Company during the financial year ended March 31, 2023 are as under:-

Rating agency	Rating	Instruments	Date of revision	Revised Rating
			(if any)	Rating
CARE	CARE A+			No
	CARE A1+ Short ter borrowin		Revision	change
	CRISIL AA-	Non-convertible Debentures		
	CRISIL AA-	Bank Borrowing	No	No
CRISIL	CRISIL A1+	Short term borrowing	Revision	change
	CRISIL AA-	Preference Shares		
ICDA	ICRA A+	Non-convertible Debentures	No	No
ICRA	ICRA A+	Bank Borrowing	Revision	change

#### **Other Disclosures**

- i. The Company did not enter into any materially significant related party transactions having a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. Transactions with the related parties are disclosed in the financial statements.
- ii. The financial statements (both standalone and consolidated) have been prepared in accordance with the applicable Accounting Standards.
- iii. The Company has a Whistle Blower Policy/Vigil Mechanism to report concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of our code of conduct and confirms that no personnel have been denied access to the Audit Committee.
- iv. Code for Prohibition of Insider Trading of the Company, the Policy for determining Material Subsidiaries and the Policy on Related Party Transactions are available at <a href="mailto:ercsl.edelweissfin.com">ercsl.edelweissfin.com</a>
- v. The details of the material subsidiaries of the Company as required under the Listing Regulations are as under:-

Sr. Name of the No. Material Subsidiaries		Details of Inco	rporation	Details of S Auditors	Statutory
		Place	Date	Name	Date of Appointment
1	Allium Finance Private Limited	Mumbai	March 1 2008	8, M/s. GMJ & Co. Chartered Accountants	September 30, 2019
2	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	Mumbai	May 30 2008	M/s NGS & Co. LLP	September 7, 2018
3	Nido Home Finance Limited	Mumbai	May 30 2008	, M/s NGS & Co. LLP	November 3, 2021

- vi. There have been no instances where the Board has not accepted recommendations of any Committee of the Board, during the financial year.
- vii. The statutory auditors of the Company, M/s. S. R. Batliboi & Co. LLP were paid the amount of Rs. 9.05 million (including out of pocket expenses of Rs. 0.11 million) by the Company for all the services provided during the financial year ended March 31, 2023.
- viii. Disclosures in relation to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013:
  - a) Number of complaints filed during the Financial Year: Nil
  - b) Number of complaints disposed of during the Financial Year: Nil
  - c) Number of complaints pending as on end of the Financial Year: Nil.
- ix. The Company has adopted the discretionary requirements as specified in Part E of Schedule II the financial statements are accompanied with an unmodified audit report.
- x. The disclosures on loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/companies in which directors are interested are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

### xi. CEO / CFO Certification

The CFO has certified to the Board, the requirements of the Listing Regulations, with regard to the financial statements.

#### xii. Compliance Certificate

Pursuant to the Listing Regulations, a certificate issued by M/s. SVVS & Associates, Company Secretaries, certifying the compliance by the Company with the provisions of the Corporate Governance forms part of this Report.

### Address for correspondence:

or-relations/

For any assistance, request or instruction regarding transfer or transmission of securities, dematerialisation of securities, change of address, non-receipt of annual report, dividend warrant and any other query relating to the securities of the Company, the investors may write to:

The Company Secretary	Link Intime India Private	KFin Technologies Limited
Edelweiss Rural & Corporate	Limited	Selenium Tower B, Plot 31-
Services Limited	C 101, 247 Park, L.B.S Marg,	32, Financial District,
	Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 400	Nanakramguda,
Registered Office:	083.	Serilingampally, Mandal,
2nd Floor, MB Towers, Plot No. 5,	Tel: +91 22 4918 6270	Hyderabad - 500 032
Road No. 2, Banjara Hills,	Fax: +91 22 4918 6060	
Hyderabad 500 034		Tel: +91 40 6716 2222
	Email:	
Corporate Office:	rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in	Fax: +91 40 2343 1551
4-A, 4 <sup>th</sup> Floor, Emgeen Chambers,		
CST Road, Kalina, Santacruz (East),	Website: www.linkintime.co.in	Email:
Mumbai – 400098		einward.ris@kfintech.com
Tel. No.: +91 22 4079 5199		
Email: cs@edelweissfin.com		Website: www.kfintech.com
Website:		
https://ercsl.edelweissfin.com/invest		

# Declaration by the Directors under SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 regarding adherence to the Code of Conduct

In accordance with the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, it is hereby confirmed that for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, the Directors and the Senior Management Personnel of the Company have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct.

For and on behalf of the Board of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Ravindra Dhobale Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer

DIN: 05147051 DIN: 07297081

Ananya Suneja

Non-executive

Director

Mumbai, August 2, 2023

**Compliance Certificate on Corporate Governance** 

The Members,

**Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited** 

2nd Floor, MB Towers, Plot No. 5, Road No. 2, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad, – 500034.

Telangana

We have examined the compliance with the conditions of Corporate Governance of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate

Services Limited ("the Company") for the year ended on 31st March, 2023, as prescribed in the Regulations 17 to 27,

62(1A), and Para C, D and E of **Schedule V** of The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and

Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the

Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance, as mandatorily applicable, as specified in the

aforesaid provisions of the Listing Regulations.

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. Our examination was

limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with the

conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the Financial Statements of

the Company. We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company

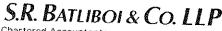
nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For SVVS & Associates Company Secretaries LLP

May 22, 2023 Mumbai CS. Suresh Viswanathan Designated Partner

UDIN: F004453E000346685

FCS : 4453 CP No : 11745



12th Floor. The Ruby 29 Senapati Bapat Marg Dadar (West) Mumbai - 400 028, India Tel: +91 22 6819 8000

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company"), its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") and its associate comprising of the consolidated Balance sheet as at March 31 2023, the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, including other comprehensive income, the consolidated Cash Flow Statement and the consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries and associates, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group, and its associate as at March 31, 2023, their consolidated loss including other comprehensive loss, their consolidated cash flows and the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its associates in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of audit procedures performed by us and by other auditors of components not audited by us, as reported by them in their audit reports furnished to us by the management, including those procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.



Chartered Accountants

Key audit matters

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Impairment of financial instruments (expected credit losses) (as described in Note 52 of the consolidated financial statements)

Ind AS 109 requires the Group to provide for impairment of its financial assets as at the reporting date using the expected credit loss (ECL) approach. ECL involves an estimation of probability-weighted loss on financial instruments over their life, considering reasonable and supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions which could impact the credit quality of the Group's financial assets (loan portfolio).

In the process, a significant degree of judgement has been applied by the management for:

- Staging of financial assets (i.e. classification in 'significant increase in credit risk' ("SICR") and 'default' categories);
- Assigning internal rating grades to customers for which external rating is not available;
- Calibrating external ratings-linked probability of default to align with past default rates;
- Estimation of management overlay for macroeconomic factors bearing a correlation with the credit quality of the Group's loan portfolio.

In view of such high degree of management's judgement involved in estimation of ECL, it is considered as a key audit matter.

Our audit procedures, including those reported in the auditor's report of respective subsidiary companies, comprised the following:

- Read and assessed the Group's accounting policy for impairment of financial assets and its compliance with Ind AS 109 and with the governance framework approved by the Board of Directors pursuant to Reserve Bank of India guidelines issued on March 13, 2020 ("RBI Guidelines")
- Tested the design and operating effectiveness of the controls for staging of loans based on their past-due status. Tested samples of performing (stage 1) loans to assess whether any loss indicators were present requiring them to be classified under stage 2 or 3.
- We performed procedures to test the inputs used in the ECL computation, on a sample basis.
- Tested assumptions used by the management in determining the overlay for macro-economic factors.
- Tested the arithmetical accuracy of computation of ECL provision performed by the Group in spreadsheets.
- Including those reported in Audit Report of respective subsidiary companies comprised the following;

# (a) Information technology (IT) systems and controls

The reliability and security of IT systems play a key role in the business operations, financial accounting and reporting process of the Group. Since large volume of transactions are processed daily, the IT controls are required to ensure that applications process data as expected and that changes are made in an appropriate manner. Any gaps in the IT control environment could result in a material misstatement of the financial accounting and reporting records.

Therefore, due to the pervasive nature and complexity of the IT environment, the assessment of the general IT controls and the application controls specific to the accounting and preparation of the financial information is considered to be a key audit matter.

We performed the following procedures for testing IT general controls and for assessing the reliability of electronic data processing, assisted by specialized IT auditors including those reported in the auditor's report of respective subsidiary companies, comprised the following:

- The aspects covered in the IT General Control audit were (i) User Access Management (ii) Program Change Management (iii) Other related ITGCs – to understand the design and test the operating effectiveness of such controls;
- Assessed the changes that were made to the key systems during the audit period and assessing changes that have impact on financial reporting;



Chartered Accountants

Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
	<ul> <li>Tested the periodic review of access rights. We inspected requests of changes to systems for appropriate approval and authorization.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Performed tests of controls (including other compensatory controls wherever applicable) on the IT application controls and IT dependent manual controls in the system.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Tested the design and operating effectiveness of compensating controls, where deficiencies were identified and, where necessary, extended the scope of our substantive audit procedures.</li> </ul>

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated cash flows and consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group including its associates in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and of its associates and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its associates to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and of its associates.

Chartered Accountants

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible
  for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls
  with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associates to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associates to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group and its associates of which we are the independent auditors and whose financial information we have audited, to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Chartered Accountants

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### Other Matter

We did not audit the financial statements and other financial information in respect of:

- 4 subsidiaries whose financial statements include total assets of Rs. 45,967.32 million as at March 31, 2023, and total revenues of Rs 6,106.94 million and net cash outflows of Rs. 1,759.41 million for the year ended on that date. These financial statement and other financial information have been audited by other auditors, which financial statements, other financial information and auditor's reports have been furnished to us by the management.
- 1 associate company forming part of the Group, whose statement include Group's share of net loss of Rs. 57.40 million for the year ended March 31, 2023, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, whose financial statements, other financial information have been audited by other auditors and whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, and associate, and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, and associate, is based solely on the reports of such other auditors.

Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements and other financial information furnished by the Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information of the subsidiary companies, associate, incorporated in India, as noted in the 'Other Matter' paragraph we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraph 3(xxi) of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information of subsidiaries, associates, as noted in the 'other matter' paragraph we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - (a) We the other auditors whose report we have relied upon have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements:
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidation of the financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and reports of the other auditors;
- (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account BATT sintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;

Chartered Accountants

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- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors who are appointed under Section 139 of the Act, of its subsidiary companies and associate, none of the directors of the Group's companies, and its associate, incorporated in India, is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, and its associate, incorporated in India, and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
- (g) In our opinion and based on the consideration of reports of other statutory auditors of the subsidiaries, and associate incorporated in india, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2023 has been paid / provided by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries, associates incorporated in India to their directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act;
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the report of the other auditors on separate financial statements as also the other financial information of the subsidiaries, associates, as noted in the 'Other matter' paragraph:
  - The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on its consolidated financial position of the Group, its associates in its consolidated financial statements - Refer note 42.1 to the consolidated financial statements;
  - The Group, its associates did not have any material foreseeable losses in long-term contracts including derivative contracts during the year ended March 31, 2023;
  - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associate, incorporated in India during the year ended March 31, 2023.
  - iv. a) The respective managements of the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associate which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries, associate respectively that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 76 (A) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries, associate to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the respective Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries, associate ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries:
    - b) The respective managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries, associate which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries, associate respectively that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 76 (B) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the respective Holding

Chartered Accountants

Company or any of such subsidiaries, associate from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiaries, associate shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

- c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us and that performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries, associate which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our or other auditor's notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material mis-statement.
- iv. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Holding Company, its subsidiaries and associate, incorporated in India.

For S.R. Batliboi & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

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ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

per Shrawan Jalan

Partner

JBO/

Membership Number: 102102

UDIN: 23102102BGXJEB2551

Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: May 22, 2023

Chartered Accountants

Annexure 1 Referred to in Paragraph Under the Heading "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" of Our Report of Even Date on the Consolidated Financial Statements of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Based on our audit and on the consideration of report of the other auditors on separate financial statements and the other financial information of the subsidiary companies and associate, incorporated in India, as noted in the 'Other Matter' paragraph we state that:

(3) (xxi) There are no qualifications or adverse remarks by the respective auditors in their report on Companies (Auditors Report) Order, 2020 of the companies included in the consolidated financial statements except for following where the respective auditor have reported unfavorable or adverse remarks in their audit report to the principal auditor.

				Clause number
			11-11	of the CARO
Sr.			Holding	report which is
No.	Name	CIN	company/Subsidiary/ associate	unfavorable
	Edelweiss Housing		associate	or adverse
1	Finance Limited	U65922MH2008PLC182906	Subsidiary	iii (c) ,iii(d)
	Allium Finance			iii (c) ,iii(u)
2	Private Limited	U67120MH2008PTC180229	Subsidiary	iii (c) and iii (d)
	Edelweiss			iii (c) and iii (d)
2	Investment Adviser			iii (c), iii (d) and
3	Limited	U74140TG2008PLC120334	Subsidiary	xvii
	Comtrade Commodities			
4	Services Limited	11/ / 0000 14 00571 05 5		
<del>                                     </del>	Edelweiss Rural &	U66990GJ1995PLC025267	Subsidiary	xvii
	Corporate			lii(c), iii (d), ix
5	Services Limited	U45201TG2006PLC078157	11-1-0	(d), ix (e), xvii
	Ecap Equities	0432011G2000FLC078157	Holding	and xix
	Limited (Formerly			1000
6	Edel Land Limited)	U74900MH2008PLC287466	Associate	lii(c), iii(d),
			Associate	ix(d),xvii

For S.R. Batliboi & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

per Shrawan Jalan

Partner

Membership Number: 102102

UDIN: 23102102BGXJEB2551

Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: May 22, 2023



Chartered Accountants

Annexure 2 to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Consolidated Financial Statements of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") as of and for the year ended March 31, 2023, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company its subsidiaries (the Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") and its associate, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and its associate, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Holding Company's internal financial controls with reference to these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to these consolidated financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statement included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to these consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls With Reference to these Consolidated Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial accounting principles and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in

Chartered Accountants

reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company: (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls With Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to these consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the Group and its associate, which are companies incorporated in India, have, maintained in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Holding Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAL.

#### Other Matters

Our report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, in so far as it relates to these 4 subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such subsidiaries incorporated in India.

For S.R. Batliboi & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

per Shrawan Jalan

Partner

Membership Number: 102102

UDIN: 23102102BGXJEB2551

Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: May 22, 2023

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Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2023 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	Note	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
ISSETS			
ion-current assets			
a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2A	2,216.73	2,427.49
b) investment property	28	3,032.60	3,539.01
c) Goodwill on consolidation	20	146.82	146.8
d) Other Intangible assets	20	66.32	14.0
e) Intangible assets under development	2D	12.40	17.3
f) Financial Assets	20	12,40	17.3.
(i) Investments	3	7,328.03	16,039.73
(ii) Loans	4	26.733.94	31,560.64
(iii) Other financial assets	5	1,004.07	351.6
(iv) Other bank balances	6	427.85	360.9
g) Deferred tax assets (net)	7	1,024.41	1,228.67
h) income tax assets (net)	8		
Other non-current assets	9	1,810.43	1476.0
otal Non-Current assets	9	125.44 43,929.05	20.6 57,183.10
urrent assets			•
a) Financial Assets			
fil Stock in trade	10	3 545 55	
(ii) Investments	11	2,546.65	2,257.8
(iii) Trade and other receivables		7,060.54	346.92
(iv) Cash and cash equivalents	12	380.88	226.48
	13	1,268.59	3,069.85
(v) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	14	2,031.09	2,796.30
(vi) Loans	15	7,334.29	11,096.4
(vii) Other financial assets	16	437.09	402.33
(viii) Derivative financial instruments		•	17.16
b) Current tax assets (net)	17	9.71	232.43
c) Other current assets	18	349.88	412.13
Total Current assets		21,418.73	20,857.88
TOTAL ASSETS		65,347.77	78,040.98
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity share capital	19	465.35	465.35
b) instruments entirely of lequity in nature	19	9,500.00	9,500.00
[c] Other equity	20	(6,983.66)	(5,042.21
Fotal equity attributable to Owners of the Company		2,981.69	4,923.14
Equity attributable to Non-controlling interests		3,900.14	3,850.62
Total Equity		6,881.83	8,773.70
Liabilities		CONTROL CONTRO	
naphres Non-current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	21	31,844.68	37,894.70
(ii) Other financial liabilities	22	9,779.42	7,058.6
(iii)Lease liabilities		94.18	109.5
b) Provisions	23	6.87	5.8
c) Other non-current liabilities	24	1.75	1.8
Total Non-current liabilities	•	41,726.90	45,071.5
Current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	25	13,655,43	21,185.4
(ii) Trade payables	26	13,055.45	21,185,41
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	26	8.46	7.2
Total outstanding dues to creditors other than micro		379.34	310.8
enterprises and small enterprises			•
(iii) Other financial liabilities	27	2,471.09	2,472.8
(iv)Lease liabilities		40.06	32.8
b) Other current liabilities	28	117.92	106.2
c) Provisions	29	51.45	45.3
d) Current tax liabilities	30	15.29	5.6
Fotal current liabilities		16,739.04	24,195.6
FOTAL EQUITY AND CLABILITIES		65,347,77	70 040 05
		65,347,77	78,040.9

Significant accounting policies
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached.

For S.R. Batlibol & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301203E/F30000S

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per Shrawan Jalan Partner Membership No: 102102

Mumbai 22 May 2023

BATUBOI & CO S ML CONTERED ACCOUNT

Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Ravindra Dhobale Executive Director & CFO DIN No.:05147051 Ananya Suneja Oirector DIN No.:07297081

Mumbai 22 May 2023



Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	Note	For the year ended	For the year ended
Revenue from operations		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Fee income	31	926.54	1,286.39
Interest income	32	5,526.36	9,045.53
Sale of commodities	34	5,931.92	•
Other operating revenue	33	355.39	5,628.40
Dividend income	23	4.12	367.72
Other income	34	444.49	1,206.14
Total Income	,	13,188.82	17,534.18
Expenses			
Purchases of commodities		5,928,22	5,626.30
Net Loss on fair value changes	35	14.15	197.79
Employee benefits expense	36	1.092.14	1,205.08
Finance costs	37	6,682.68	9,149.48
Depreciation and amortisation expense	2	366.00	399.04
Impairment losses on financial instrument	38	(276.73)	521.65
Other expenses	39	1,559.67	1,524.59
Total expenses	,,	15,366.14	18,623.94
Profit/(Loss) before share in associates and tax		(2,177.32)	/4 egg =c
Share in profit/(loss) of associates (net of tax)			(1,089.76
Profit/(Loss) before tax for the year	-	(57.40)	(360.82
Tax expenses		(2,234.72)	(1,450.58
(1) Current tax		2.22	
(2) Short / (Excess) provision for earlier years		84.63	105.53
(3) Deferred tax		5.49	(11.74
Profit/(Loss) after tax for the year	-	205.02 (2,529.86)	(8.00
The state of the s	22	12,323.001	(1,530.37
Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement gain / loss on defined benefit plans		(1.40)	(27.73
Deferred Tax Charge/ (Benefit)		0.66	9.69
Total	_	(0.74)	(18.04
Total Comprehensive Income		(2,530.60)	{1,554.41
	-		
Net Profit / (Loss) for the year attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		(2,612.07)	(1,703.25
Non-controlling interest		82.21	166.88
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the period attributable to:			
Owners of the parent .		1.80	18.09
Non-controlling interest		1.06	0.05
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss) for the period attributable to:			
Owners of the parent		(2,613.87)	(1,721.34
Non-controlling interest		83.26	166.93
Earnings per share (Face value of Rs. 10 each):			
(1) Basic	45	(35.00)	(23.43
(2) Diluted		(35.00)	(23.43

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Significant accounting policies
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements
As per our report of even date attached.

For S.R. Batlibol & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

per Shrawan Jalan Partner Membership No: 102102

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Ravindra Dhobale Executive Director & CFO DIN No.:05147051

Mumbai 22 May 2023

Mumbai 22 May 2023



Consolidated Statement of changes (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

#### Equity share capital

Balance as at Q1 April 2022	Changes in equity	Balance at the	Changes in equity	Balance as at 31
1	share capital due	beginning of the	share capital during	March 2023
[	to prior period	previous reporting	to current years	
	errors	period	į	
465.35	-	465.35		465.35

		beginning of the		Balance as at 31 March 2022
397.75	,	397.75	67.60	465.35

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Refer Note no 19 for other details

Other	Equ	ltγ

				eserves and Surplus					Other Comprehensive Income	Total attributable	Non-Controlling interests
	Capital Reserve	Reserve under section 290 of the National Housing Bank Act, 1987	Special Reserve under Section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	Capital Redemption Reserve	Securities Premium Account	E5OP reserve	Debenture redemption reserve	Retained earnings	Revaluation Reserve	to owners of the parent	
Balance as at 01 April 2021	{1,159.41}	547.80	80.47	30.00	2,644,51	101.16	2,697.54	(11,970.96)	960.84	(6,068.05)	3,868,75
Profit or loss					-	-		(1,175.71)		(1,175.71)	165.88
Other comprehensive income	-			-				(18.09)		(18.09)	0.05
Reversal of ESOP rights								28.04		28.04	
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	•	•			-			(1,165.76)		(1,165.76)	166.93
Transfers to / from retained earnings		27.62	\$0.57				(85.07)	6.88		(0.00)	-
Transactions with shareholders in their capacity as such - on issuance of preference shares					2,433.60			-		2,433.60	
Effect of change in group's interest	-	-	-	-			-	(242.00)		(242.00)	(185.06
Any other change								45.40	(45.40)		
Balance as at 31 March 2022	(1,159.41)	575.42	131.04	30.00	5,078,11	101.16	2,612,47	(13,326.44)		(5,042,21)	3,850,62
Profit or loss								(2,612,07)		(2,612.07)	82.21
Other comprehensive income								(1.80)		(1.80)	1.05
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		-	•	-	-		·	(2,613.87)		(2,613.87)	
Transfers to / from retained earnings		32.13						(32.13)		-	
Effect of change in group's interest							<b></b>	662.82	1	662.82	49.52
Revaluation of property, plant & equipment						-		51.12	-51.12		45.32
Any other change								9.59		9.59	
Balance as at 31 March 2023	(1,159.41)	607.55	131.04	30.00	5,078.11	101.16	2,612.47	(15,248.90)		(6,983.66)	3,900.14

For S.R. Batlibol & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

per Shrawan Jalan Partner Membership No: 102102

Митран 22 Мау 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Ravindra Dhobale Executive Director & CFO DIN: 05147051

CWShuln Company Secretary

Mumbai 22 May 2023

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### Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		For the year ended	For the year ended
A	Cash flow from operating activities	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	Profit / (loss) before tax		
	Adjustments for	(2,234.72)	(1,450.58)
	Impairment on financial instruments (net)	.05/ 50	
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	(276.73)	521.66
	Provision for employee benefits	366.00	399,04
	Dividend on stock in trade		25.63
	Share of profit from partnership firm	(4.12)	-
	Finance costs	•	(4.15)
	Profit / (Loss) on sale of current and non-current investments	6,682.68	9,149.48
	Fair valuation on non-current investments	111.60	43.46
	Operating cash flow before working capital changes	(356.25)	194.27
	Changes in working capital	4,288.46	8,878.81
	Decrease/(Increase) in trade receivables		
	Decrease/(Increase) in stock in trade	(397.41)	27.20
	Decrease/(Increase) in stock in trade  Decrease/(Increase) in loans and advances	(288.85)	1,005.62
	Decrease/(Increase) in toans and advances  Decrease/(Increase) in other assets	9.118.69	11,905.39
		(43.28)	(1,074.53)
	Increase / (decrease) in liabilities and provisions	2,814.63	1,597.31
	Cash generated from operations	15,492,25	22,339.80
	Taxes paid (net of refunds)	(201.90)	(149.66)
	Net cash generated from/ (use in) operating activities - A	15,290.34	22,190.14
В	Cash flow from investing activities		
	(Purchase) / sale of fixed assets (net) (including capital work-in progress)	303.84	175.11
	(Purchase) / sale of current and non-current investments (net)	2,232.60	(5,098.49)
	Dividend received	4.12	(5,070.47)
	Net cash generated from/ (used in) investing activities - B	2,540,56	(4,923.38)
С	Cash flow from financing activities		
-	Proceeds from / (Repayment of) loans (net)	10.740.40	
	Proceeds from / (Redemption of) subordinated liabilities	(8.750.69)	(17,352.95)
	Issue of equity share capital	(1,592.13)	
	Redemption of commercial paper (net)	638.67	2,501.20
	Dividend and dividend distribution tax paid	(2,809.26)	249.95
	Principal repayment of leases	÷	*
	Interest paid	(8.15)	(49.52)
	•	(7,110.60)	(9,336.99)
	Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C	(19,632.16)	(23,988.31)
	Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(1.801.25)	(6,721.55)
	Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year	3,069.85	9,791.40
	Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year		.,.,.,.

#### Note:

1 Bank receipts and payments for transaction with group companies in which the turnover is quick, the amounts are large, and the maturities are short are presented on net basis in accordance with Ind AS-7 Statement of Cash Flows.

2 The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under "Indirect Method" as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 "Statement of Cash Flows."

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For S.R. Batliboi & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

per Shrawan Jalan

Partner Membership No: 102102

Mumbai 22 May 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Ravindra Dhobale

Executive Director & Chief Financial Officer

DIN: 05147051

Ananya Suneja Director

ya Suneja Chirag Shah tor Company Secretary

Mumbai 22 May 2023



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

### 1. Significant accounting policies

#### 1.1 Background

Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ('the Company') was incorporated on October 17, 2006 in the State of Maharashtra. It is part of Edelweiss Group and is a ultimate subsidiary of the listed holding company Edelweiss Financial Services Limited. The Company provides loans to group companies and makes investments within the group. It also holds the technology shared service centre which provides service to group companies. Further, the company owns property which earns regular rental income.

### 1.2 Basis of preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements relate to Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ('the Company') and its subsidiaries (together 'the Group'). The Group is primarily engaged in (a) agency business which includes advisory and other fee based services, (b) Capital based business which includes income from treasury, investment income and financing.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules ,2015 (as amended from time to time).

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments such as financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") instruments, derivative financial instruments, fair value through Profit or Loss and other financial assets held for trading, which have been measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ("INR") and all values are rounded to the nearest million, except when otherwise indicated.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current and non-current as per the Group's normal operating cycle. Based on the nature of services rendered to customers and time elapsed between deployment of resources and the realisation in cash and cash equivalents of the consideration for such services rendered, the Group has considered an operating cycle of 12 months.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

### Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements as on 31 March 2023, comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 31 March 2023. The Group consolidates a subsidiary when it controls it. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights
- The size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of the holdings of the other voting rights holders

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee, if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the Group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that Group member's financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the Group's accounting policies. However, no subsidiaries have followed different accounting policies other than those followed by the Group for the preparation of these consolidated financial statements.

The financial statements of all entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to same reporting date as that of the parent Group, i.e., year ended on 31 March 2023.

#### Consolidation procedure:

- Combine like items of assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows of the parent with those of its subsidiaries. For this purpose, income and expenses of the subsidiary are based on the amounts of the assets and liabilities recognised in the consolidated financial statements at the acquisition date.
- Offset (eliminate) the carrying amount of the parent's investment in each subsidiary and the parent's portion of equity of each subsidiary, refer note 1.19 for policy on business combination.
- Eliminate in full intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between entities of the Group (profits or losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognised in assets, are eliminated in full). Ind AS 12 Income Taxes applies to temporary differences that arise from the elimination of profits and losses resulting from intragroup transactions.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

Profit or loss and each component of OCI are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

All intra-group assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. With respect to put options granted by the Group to the holders of non-controlling interests in a subsidiary, where the Group does not have a present ownership interest in the shares subject to put, till the put remains unexercised, non-controlling continues to be recognised including allocation of profit or loss, other comprehensive income and other changes in equity of the subsidiary. However, at each reporting date, the non-controlling interest is derecognised as if it were acquired at that date and a financial liability is recognised and measured at its fair value. The difference between these two amounts is recognised as an equity transaction and attributed to owners of the parent.

#### Investment in associates:

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decision of the investee, but its not control or joint control over those policies.

The subsidiaries considered in the consolidated financial statements.

S. No	Name of the Entity	Country of Incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest as at 31 March 2023
	Subsidiaries		
1	Edelweiss Comtrade Limited*	India	100.00%
2	Allium Finance Private Limited	India	73.76 %
3	Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited	India	55.23 %
4	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	India	100.00%
	Associates		
1	Edel Land Limited	India	37.59%

<sup>\*</sup>Edelweiss Comtrade Limited, a subsidiary of the Group has ceased its operation and does not have any business activity planned for future. Accordingly, the financial statements for the year have been prepared on a non-going concern basis

#### 1.3 Use of estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported revenue and expense during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from the estimates.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

#### 1.4 Revenue recognition

- Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is recognized when the Group satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service (i.e. an asset) to a customer. An asset is transferred when the customer obtains control of that asset. When a performance obligation is satisfied, the Group recognizes as revenue the amount of the transaction price (excluding estimates of variable consideration) that is allocated to that performance obligation. The Group applies the five-step approach for recognition of revenue:
  - (i) identification of contract(s) with customers;
  - (ii) (ii) Identification of the separate performance obligations in the contract;
  - (iii) Determination of transaction price;
  - (iv) Allocation of transaction price to the separate performance obligations; and
  - (v) Recognition of revenue when each performance obligation is satisfied
- Fee income including advisory fees is accounted over the period as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits, as the services are rendered.
- Business support services including web-based services are accounted on accrual basis in accordance with the terms and contracts entered into between the Group and the counterparty.
- Profit / loss on sale of investments is recognised on trade date basis.
- Commodities sales are accounted as per terms of agreement with the parties.
- Interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. The EIR is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR.
- Warehouse income is recognised on accrual basis by reference to the agreements entered with customers.
- Agency commission/procurement income is recorded in pursuant to the terms and conditions mentioned in scope of work /agreement.
- Insurance and other claims are recognized as revenue on certainty of realisation.
- Interests on delayed payments, warehousing charges and rental income are recognised on accrual basis by reference to the agreements entered.
- Profit / (loss) from share in partnership firm is accounted once the amount of the share of profit/ (loss) is ascertained and credited / debited to the Group's account in the books of the partnership firm.
- Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive payment
  of the dividend is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the
  dividend will flow to the entity, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
- Real estate advisory income is recognised basis the terms and conditions mentioned in the agreement.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

#### 1.5 Financial Instruments

#### Date of recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities, with the exception of borrowings are initially recognised on the trade date i.e. the date that the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades; purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place. The Group recognises borrowings when funds reach the Group.

#### Initial measurement of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Day 1 profit or loss

When the transaction price of the financial instrument differs from the fair value at origination and the fair value is based on a valuation technique using only inputs observable in market transactions, the Group recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value in net gain on fair value changes. In those cases where fair value is based on models for which some of the inputs are not observable, the difference between the transaction price and the fair value is deferred and is only recognised in statement of profit and loss when the inputs become observable, or when the instrument is derecognised.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

### Classification of financial instruments

The Group classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

- Amortised cost
- Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income ("FVTOCI")
- Fair Value through Profit or loss ("FVTPL")

The Group measures debt financial assets that meet the following conditions at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial
  assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Sales that occur for below reason are considered as consistent with business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.

- if those sales are infrequent (even if significant in value) or insignificant in value both individually and in aggregate (even if frequent).
- if such sales are made close to maturity of financial asset and proceeds from sale approximate the collection of the remaining contractual cashflow
- selling a financial asset because of significant increase in credit risk.

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

By default, all other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL.

#### Amortized cost and Effective interest rate (EIR)

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

For financial instruments other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition. For purchased or originated credit impaired financial assets, a credit-adjusted effective interest rate is calculated by discounting the estimated future cash flows, including expected credit losses, to the amortised cost of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. On the other hand, the gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

#### Financial assets held for trading

The Group classifies financial assets as held for trading when they have been purchased or issued primarily for short-term profit making through trading activities or form part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together, for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit taking. Held for trading assets and liabilities are recorded and measured in the balance sheet at fair value.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets in this category are those that are not held for trading and have been either designated by management upon initial recognition or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under Ind AS 109. These include debt securities, equity instruments, mutual fund units, nifty linked debentures etc.

### Disclosure requirement of Ind AS 107-Financial Instruments: Disclosure

#### Investment in equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments (other than subsidiaries, associates, and other group companies) at fair value through profit or loss, unless the management has elected to classify irrevocably some of its strategic equity investments to be measured at FVTOCI, when such instruments meet the definition of Equity under Ind AS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. Such classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Investments in subsidiaries and associates are carried at cost as permitted under Ind AS 27 (Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements). The investment in other group companies are carried at cost.

### Investment in mutual funds and preference Shares

The Group subsequently measures all investments in mutual fund and preference shares at fair value through profit or loss as these financial assets do not pass the contractual cash flow test as required by Ind AS- 109- Financial Instruments, for being designated at amortised cost or FVTOCI, hence classified at FVTPL.

#### Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost except loan commitments, financial guarantees, and derivative financial liabilities.

#### Debt securities and other borrowed funds

After initial measurement, debt issued and other borrowed funds are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on issue funds, and costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

The Group has issued certain non-convertible debentures, the return of which is linked to performance of specified indices over the period of the debenture. Such debentures have a component of an embedded derivative which is fair valued at a reporting date. The resultant 'net unrealised loss or gain' on the fair valuation of these embedded derivatives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. The debt component of such debentures is measured at amortised cost using yield to maturity basis.

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Group entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

Repurchase of the Group's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.

### Redeemable preference shares

Redeemable preference shares issued are classified as financial liabilities and are measured at fair value at inception and at amortised cost subsequently.

Where the transaction price for the preference shares issued differs from the fair value, the difference is recognized in profit or loss unless the difference is a deemed capital contribution from the Group, in which case, the said difference is recognized in equity.

In accounting for these preference shares at amortised cost subsequent to initial recognition, interest expense based on the effective interest rate is recognized in profit or loss. This effective interest rate is based on the initial measurement of the preference shares (fair value) and the maturity amount. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss unless the difference is due to a transaction with a related party, in which case, the same is recognized as a deemed distribution or return of deemed capital contribution, as the case may be.

#### Compulsory Convertible Instruments

Compulsory Convertible Debentures/ Preference shares are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of the contract. At the inception of the Compulsory Convertible Instruments, the following two elements will be separated:

- (a) a liability component arising from the interest payments; and
- (b) an equity component representing the delivery of fixed number of equity shares in future.

On issuance of the Compulsory Convertible Instrument, the fair value of the liability portion is determined using a market interest rate for an equivalent non convertible bonds. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortised cost basis until extinguished on conversion of the bonds. The remainder of the proceeds is attributable to the equity portion of the compound instrument since it meets Ind AS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation, criteria for fixed to fixed classification. The carrying amount of the equity component is not subsequently re-measured.

#### Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities

The Group does not reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Group acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line.

#### Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

A transfer only qualifies for derecognition if either:

- The Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- The Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

The Group considers control to be transferred if and only if, the transferee has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without imposing additional restrictions on the transfer.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing financial liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference at 8 Co.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group records allowance for expected credit losses for all loans, other debt financial assets not held at FVTPL, together with loan commitment and financial guarantee contracts, in this section all referred to as 'financial instruments'. Equity instruments are not subject to impairment.

The Group follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables and lease receivables. The application of simplified approach does not require the Group to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. The Group uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the receivables.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk (SICR) since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses (12m ECL). The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition instead of an evidence of a financial asset being credit-impaired at the reporting date or an actual default occurring.

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12m ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. As for the exposure at default (EAD), for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the Group's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

For financial assets, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

#### Collateral valuation

To mitigate its credit risks on financial assets, the Group seeks to use collateral, where possible. The collateral comes in various forms, such as cash, securities, letters of credit/guarantees, real estate, receivables, inventories, other non-financial assets and credit enhancements such as netting agreements. Collateral, unless repossessed, is not recorded on the balance sheet. However, the fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECLs. It is generally assessed, at a minimum, at inception and re-assessed on a periodical basis. However, some collateral, for example, cash or securities relating to margining requirements, is valued daily.

To the extent possible, the Group uses active market data for valuing financial assets held as collateral. Other financial assets which do not have readily determinable market values are collateral using models.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

#### Collateral repossessed

The Group's policy is to determine whether a repossessed asset can be best used for its internal operations or should be sold. Assets determined to be useful for the internal operations are transferred to their relevant asset category at the lower of their repossessed value or the carrying value of the original secured asset. Assets for which selling is determined to be a better option are transferred to assets held for sale at their fair value (if financial assets) and fair value less cost to sell for non-financial assets at the repossession date in line with the Group's policy.

#### Write off

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Group has no reasonable expectation of recovery.

#### Derivative financial instruments

### Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Group uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts, interest rate swaps and forward commodity contracts, to hedge its foreign currency risks, interest rate risks and commodity price risks, respectively. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

The purchase contracts that meet the definition of a derivative under Ind AS 109 are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Commodity contracts that are entered into and continue to be held for the purpose of the receipt or delivery of a non-financial item in accordance with the Group's expected purchase, sale or usage requirements are held at cost.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges, which is recognised in OCI and later reclassified to profit or loss when the hedge item affects profit or loss or treated as basis adjustment if a hedged forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or non-financial liability.

#### Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) and the business model test. The Group determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed.

#### Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both considerations), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

#### Determination of fair value

The Group measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques, as summarised below:

- Level 1 financial instruments —Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted quoted prices from active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group has access to at the measurement date. The Group considers markets as active only if there are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of the identical assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on the balance sheet date.
- Level 2 financial instruments—Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life.
- Level 3 financial instruments —Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole. For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period. The Group periodically reviews its valuation techniques including the adopted methodologies and model calibrations.

Therefore, the Group applies various techniques to estimate the credit risk associated with its financial instruments measured at fair value, which include a portfolio-based approach that estimates the expected net exposure per counterparty over the full lifetime of the individual assets, in order to reflect the credit risk of the individual counterparties for non-collateralised financial instruments.

The Group evaluates the levelling at each reporting period on an instrument-by-instrument basis and reclassifies instruments when necessary based on the facts at the end of the reporting period.

#### 1.6 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the year.

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all potential equity shares.

#### 1.7 Foreign currency transactions

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees which is also functional currency of the Group. Transactions in currencies other than Indian Rupees (i.e. foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

#### 1.8 Retirement and other employee benefit

#### Provident fund and national pension scheme

The Group contributes to a recognised provident fund and national pension scheme which is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions are accounted for on an accrual basis and recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

#### Gratuity

The Group's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Group's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods, that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any plan assets, if any, is deducted. The present value of the obligation under such benefit plan is determined based on independent actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur.

Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The eligible employees of the Group are permitted to carry forward certain number of their annual leave entitlement to subsequent years, subject to a ceiling. The Group recognises the charge in the statement of profit and loss and corresponding liability on such non-vesting accumulated leave entitlement based on a valuation by an independent actuary. The cost of providing annual leave benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method.

### 9 Share-based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees are granted by the ultimate parent Groves. These are measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

These includes Stock Appreciation Rights ("SAR"s) where the right to receive the difference between the SAR price and the market price of equity shares of the ultimate parent Group on the date of exercise, either by way of cash or issuance of equity shares of the ultimate parent Group, is at the discretion of the ultimate parent Group. These are classified as equity settled share-based transaction.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the 'ESOP reserve'. In cases where the share options granted vest in instalments over the vesting period, the Group treats each instalment as a separate grant, because each instalment has a different vesting period, and hence the fair value of each instalment differs.

#### 1.10 Property, plant and equipment

Property, Plant and Equipment is stated at cost excluding the costs of day—to—day servicing, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment in value. Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Subsequent costs incurred on an item of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the carrying amount thereof when those costs meet the recognition criteria as mentioned above. Repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Capital work in progress is stated at cost, net of accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives. Depreciation is provided on a written down value basis from the date the asset is ready for its intended use or put to use whichever is earlier. In respect of assets sold, depreciation is provided up to the date of disposal.

As per the requirement of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the Group has evaluated the useful lives of the respective fixed assets which are as per the provisions of Part C of the Schedule II for calculating the depreciation. The estimated useful lives of the fixed assets are as follows:





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Nature of assets	Estimated Useful Life
Building (Other than Factory Building)	60 years
Plant and equipments	15 years
Furniture and fittings	10 years
Vehicles	8 years
Office equipments	5 years
Computers - Servers and networks	6 years
Computers - End user devices, such as desktops, laptops, etc.	3 years
Solar Power Plant	15 years

Leasehold improvements are amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets or the period of lease, whichever is shorter.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The carrying amount of those components which have been separately recognised as assets is derecognised at the time of replacement thereof. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Land and buildings are subsequently shown at fair value based on periodic valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation for buildings. Valuations will be carried out on a regular basis, unless the management consider it appropriate to have an earlier revaluation, such that the carrying amount of property does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the end of the reporting period. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset, and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

### Subsequent measurement of land and building under revaluation model

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited to other comprehensive income and shown as a revaluation reserve in shareholders' equity. An exception is a gain on revaluation that reverses a revaluation decrease (impairment) on the same asset previously recognised as an expense. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged in other comprehensive income and debited against the revaluation reserve directly in equity; all other decreases are charged to profit or loss. Each year the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset charged to profit or loss and depreciation based on the asset's original cost is transferred from the revaluation reserve to retained earnings.

Right-of-use assets are presented together with property and equipment in the statement of financial position – refer to the accounting policy 1.16. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The carrying amount of those components which have been separately recognised as assets is derecognised at

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

the time of replacement thereof. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

#### Intangible fixed assets

Intangible assets are recorded at the consideration paid for the acquisition of such assets and are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any.

Intangibles such as software are amortised over a period of 3 years based on its estimated useful life.

Intangible assets under development are recorded at the consideration paid for the acquisition of such assets.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of cash generating unit which the asset belongs to is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of the depreciable historical cost.

#### 1.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### 1.12 Inventories

Inventories in the form of commodities are valued at weighted average cost or net realisable value, whichever is lower.

### 1.13 Provisions and other contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to net present value using an appropriate pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

A present obligation that arises from past events, where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only be



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. Claims against the Group, where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised.

#### 1.14 Income tax expenses

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets are also recognised with respect to carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

It is probable that taxable profit will be available against which a deductible temporary difference, unused tax loss or unused tax credit can be utilised when there are sufficient taxable temporary differences which are expected to reverse in the period of reversal of deductible temporary difference or in periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back. When this is not the case, deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent it is probable that:

- the entity will have sufficient taxable profit in the same period as reversal of deductible temporary difference or periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back; or
- tax planning opportunities are available that will create taxable profit in appropriate periods.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

#### Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) credit

MAT credit asset is recognized where there is convincing evidence that the asset can be realized in future. MAT credit assets are reviewed as at the balance sheet date and written down or written up to reflect the amount that is reasonably certain to be realised.

#### 1.15 Operating leases

#### Group as a lessee

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

#### Right of use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

#### Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

#### Group as a lessor

The Group's accounting policy under Ind AS 116 has not changed from the comparative period. As a lessor the Group classifies its lease as either operating or financing leases. A Lease is classified as finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset and classified as an operating lease if does not.

#### 1.16 Investment property

Properties, including those under construction, held to earn rentals and/or capital appreciation are classified as investment property and are measured and reported at cost, including transaction costs.



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

Depreciation is recognised using written down method so as to write off the cost of the investment property less their residual values over their useful lives specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or in the case of assets where the useful life was determined by technical evaluation, over the useful life so determined. Depreciation method is reviewed at each financial year end to reflect the expected pattern of consumption of the future benefits embodied in the investment property. The estimated useful life and residual values are also reviewed at each financial year end and the effect of any change in the estimates of useful life/residual value is accounted on prospective basis.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of property is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the same period.

#### 1.17 Receivables from Agency Business

The Group's business includes 'Agency Business' wherein acts as a procurement agent for its various principals, and renders other related end to end value additive services like procurement formalities including importing, receiving and storing of goods, insuring, maintenance of goods in proper condition, dispatch to designated parties, facilitating funding, etc. The Group procures goods and makes payment to the supplier on behalf of the principal. The payment made to supplier is shown as Trade receivables (current) and is secured by inventory held on behalf of principal marked as lien.

#### 1.18 Business Combination

The acquisition method of accounting is used for business combinations by the Group. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the aggregate of the consideration transferred measured at acquisition date fair value and the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree. At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their acquisition date fair values with certain limited exceptions. Goodwill is initially measured at cost, being the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the amount recognised for non-controlling interests, and any previous interest held, over the net identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed. After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

Common controlled business combination means a business combination involving entities or businesses in which all the combining entities or businesses are ultimately controlled by the same party or parties both before and after the business combination, and that control is not transitory. Business combinations involving entities or businesses under common control are accounted for using the pooling of interests method.





Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

#### 1.19 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the management has made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

#### Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) and the business model test. The Group determines the business model at a level that reflects how Group's of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance is measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Group monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost that are derecognised prior to their maturity to understand the quantum, the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Group's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

#### Significant increase in credit risk

ECL is measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the Group takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information.

#### Determining lease term for lease contracts with renewal and termination option

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain, whether or not, to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event described the commencement date.

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Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation of the leased asset).

#### 1.20 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, as described below. The Group based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

#### Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

The Group's expected credit loss (ECL) calculations are outputs of models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- Probability of default (PD) calculation includes historical data, assumptions and expectations of future conditions.
- The Group's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a life-time expected credit loss and the qualitative assessment.
- The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis
- Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs

Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

- Inputs, such as unemployment levels and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, Exposure at default (EAD) and loss given default (LGD)
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models

It is Group's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

#### Effective interest rate method

The Group's EIR methodology, as explained in Note 1.6, recognises interest income / expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given / taken and recognises the effect of characteristics of the product life cycle.

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments, as well expected changes fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument

#### Accounting for deferred taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised on unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

The Group has recognised deferred tax assets on carried forward tax losses with respect to certain subsidiaries where the Group believes that the said deferred tax assets shall be recoverable based on the estimated future taxable income which in turn is based on approved business plans and budgets. The losses are allowed to be carried forward to the years in which the Group expects that there will be sufficient taxable profits to offset these losses.

#### Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate ('IBR') to measure lease liabilities. Incremental borrowing rate is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

#### 1.21 Standards notified but not yet effective

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023 dated 31 March 2023 to to amend the following Ind AS which are effective from 01 April 2023.

#### (i) Amendment to Ind AS 8 - Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. It has also been clarified how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023 and apply to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur or after the start of that period.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Group's financial statements.

#### (ii) Amendment to Ind AS 1- Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

Consequential amendments have been made in Ind AS 107.

The Group is currently revisiting their accounting policy information disclosures to ensure consistency with the amended requirements.

#### (iii) Amendment to Ind AS 12 - Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under Ind AS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendments should be applied to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. In addition, at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, a deferred tax asset (provided that sufficient taxable profit is available) and a deferred tax liability should also be recognised for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations.

Consequential amendments have been made in Ind AS 101.

The amendments to Ind AS 12 are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023.

The Group is currently assessing the impact of the amendments.





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements {Continued} (Currency; Indian rupees in millions}

Property, Plant and Equipment 2{A}

		Gross	Gross Bjock		Acc	Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	ation and Impair	ment	Net Block
Description of Assets	As at 1 April 2022	Additions/ adjustments during the year	Deductions/ adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2023	As at 1 April 2022	Charge for the year	Deductions/ adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2023	As at 31 Mar 2023
Property, Plant and Equipment	,	,		ŀ		,	'	ı	•
*Land \$#	164.23			164.23	,		,	3	164.23
ROU -leasehold premises	339.91	33.34	8.10	365.15	225.47	30.98	0.39	256.06	109.09
* Building #	2,326.77	,	•	2,326.77	284.23	181.07	•	465.30	1,861.47
Leasehold Premises	18.73	2.12	90.0	20.80	13.12	3.39	0.05	16.46	4.34
Plant and Equipment	0.50	1	•	05'0	0.32	0.03		0.35	0.15
Furniture and Fixtures	78.25	1.37	0.83	78.80	45.03	7.91	0.54	52.40	26.40
Vehicles	2.82		0.94	1.88	1.04	1.29	0.54	1.79	0.08
Office equipment	69.32	3.72	23.25	49.80	54.75	6.73	22.13	39.35	10.44
Computers	158.18	10.16	86.65	81.69	130.12	10.63	80.87	59.88	21.81
Plant and Mathinery-Solar power	62.05		'	62.05	39.20	4.14	,	43.34	18.71
Total	3,220.78	50.71	119.82	3,151.67	793.28	246.17	104.52	934.93	2,216.73

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property*	
Investment	

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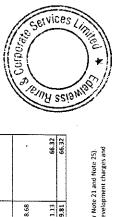
		Gross	Gross Block		Acci	Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	ation and Impair	rment	Net Block
Description of Assets	As at 1 April 2022	Additions/ (additions/ adjustments adjustments the year	Deductions/ adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2023	As at 1 April 2022	Charge for the year	Deductions/ adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2023	As at 31 Mar 2023
## pue)	137.43			137.43	٠		•		137.43
Flat and Building * #	4,577.60	44.06	438.74	4,182.93	1,176.02	111.74		1,287.75	2,895.17
Total	4,715.03		438.74	Ĭ		111.74	-	1,287.75	***

#### Other Intangible Assets 5(C)

		Gross	Gross Black		Acc	Accumulated Amortisation and Impairment	stion and impair	ment	Net B∮ock
Description of Assets	As at 1 April 2022	Additions/ adjustments during the year	Deductions/ adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2023	As at 1 April 2022	Charge for the year	Deductions/ adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2023	As at 31 Mar 2023
Goodwill	18.68	•		18.68	18.68	•		18.68	,
Other Intangible Assets Software	123.42	63.13	9.10	177.45	109.38	7.65	5,90	111.13	66.32
Total	142.10		9.10			7.65	5.90	129.81	66.32

- 1) \*These assets are piedged for issuance of Non-convertible debentures and Corporate Gaurantee issued to State bank of India against loan facilities obtained by Group CompanyInter Note 21 and Note 255.
  2) Revised plan for additional FSI have been submitted and awaiting approval from Municipal Corporation of Greater Murhai (MCGM). The company has already paid and capitalised development charges and

  - 3) There is no revaluation of assets during the year. FSI premium amounting to Rs. 391.58 million
- 4) There are no adjustments on account of borrowing costs.
  S. § B. Duriff V. 2021-22. The Company had paid additional Florifox Space Index (FSI) charges amounting to Rs. 391.58 million to Municipal Corporation of Greater Mumbai (MCGM) for floors owned by Company in S. § B. Duriff V. 2021-22. The Company was captained and depreciation amounting to Rs. 149.50 million, had been charged in P72021-32. Awaiting approval from MCGM, during the year ended March 31, 2023, the Company has recorded accelerated depreciation on the remaining book value of Rs. 227 million.





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (Continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

### Property, Plant and Equipment 2 (A)

		Gross Block	Stock		Acc	Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	ation and Impair	теп	Net Block
Description of Assets	As at 1 April 2021	Additions/ adjustments during the year	Deductions/ adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2022	As at 1 April 2021	Charge for the year	Deductions/ adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2022	As at 31 Mar 2022
Property, Plant and Equipment	,		•		•	'		,	•
*Land\$#	163.02		(1.21)	164.23	•	,	1		164.23
ROU -leasehold premises	300.44	51.96	12.49	339.91	195.80	30.60	0.93	225.47	114.44
*Building #	2,209.30	117.47	•	2,326.77	122.62	161.61	,	284.23	2,042.54
Leasehold Premises	18.22	2.63	2.12	18.73	10.70	4.41	1.99	13.12	5.62
Plant and Equipment	4.10	•	3.60	0.50	1.97	0.16	1.81	0.32	0.18
Furniture and Fixtures	88.12	0.78	10.64	78.26	42.96	10.96	8.89	45.03	33.23
Vehicles	6.86	1.35	5.39	2,82	4.71	0.71	4.38	1.04	1.77
Office equipment	100.13	0.72	31.53	69.32	71.98	11.35	28.58	54.75	14.57
Computers	202.11	8.92	52.84	158.19	162.26	16.27	48.40	130.12	28.06
Plant and Machinery-Solar power	62.05		,	62.05	33.87	5.05	(0.28)	39.20	22.85
Total	3,154.35	183.82	117.39	3,220.78	646.87	241.12	94.71	793.28	2,427.49

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		Gross Block	Slock		Acc	Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment	ation and Impair	ment	Net Block
Description of Assets	As at ad ad ad	Additions/ adjustments during the year	Deductions/ adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2022	As at 1 April 2021	Charge for the adjustments year during the year	Deductions/ adjustments during the year	As at 31, Mar 2022	As at 31 Mar 2022
Land * #	137.43	,	•	137.43	,	,	•	,	137.43
Flat and Building * #	4,896.47	510.98	829.85	4,577.60	1,045.91	145.62	15.51	1,176.02	3,401.58
Total	5,033.90	510.98	829.85	4,715.03	1,045.91	145.62	15.51	1,176.02	3,539.01

## Other Intangible Assets

			Gross Block	lock		Acc	Accumulated Amortisation and Impairment	ation and Impair	ment	Net Block
	Description of Assets	As at 1 April 2021	Additions/ adjustments during the year	Deductions/ adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2022	As at 1 April 2021	Charge for the year	Deductions/ adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2022	As at 31 Mar 2022
	Goodwill	18.68	,		18.68	18.68	•		18.68	•
	Other Intangible Assets Software	112.78	10.90	0.25	123.42	97.32	12.30	0.24	109.38	14.04
100	Total	131.46	10.90	0.26	142.10	116.00	12.30	0.24	128.05	14.04
MUMBAI	Notes    11 * These assets are pledged for issuance of Non-convertible debentures and Corporate Gaurantee issued to State bank of india against foan facilities obtained by Group Company(refer Note 21 and Note 25).   11 * These assets are pledged for issuance of Non-convertible debentures and Corporation of Greater Mumbai (MCGM). The company has already paid and capitalised development charges and FSI permum amounting to Rs. 391.58 million    12 * There is no revaluation of assets during the year.	Non-convertible de 1 submitted and av e year. orrowing costs.	ebentures and Corpor. maiting approval from	ate Gaurantee issue Municipal Corporat	d to State bank of ion of Greater Mu	India agamst foar Imbai (MCGM). Th	n facilities obtainer re company has al	d by Group Comp ready paid and ca	anyfrefer Note 21 a ipiralised developm	nd Note 25). ent charges and FSI
THE ACCOUNTS										

Services

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Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (Continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

# 2D Intangible Assets Under Development

		Gros	Gross Block	
Description of Assets	As at April 01,2022	Addition	Capitalisation	As at March 31, 2023
Capital WIP- Software	12.40	-	_	12.40
Fotal	12.40	1	_	12.40

Description of Assets As at April 01,2021	, , , ,		GIOSS DIOCK	
	1,202,1	Addition	Capitalisation	Capitalisation   As at March 31, 2022
Capital WIP- Software	13.13	4.22		17.35
Total	13.13	4.22		17.35

# Intangible Assets Under Development ageing schedule

## As at March 31, 2023

As at Ividicii 31, 2023					
proprietarios de la constanta della constanta de la constanta de la constanta de la constanta	Amount in Intangi	Amount in Intangible Assets Under Development for a period of March 31, 2023	opment for a pe	riod of March	31, 2023
Particulars				More than 3	
	Less than 1 year	1-2 Years	2-3 years	years	Total
Project in progress	12.40	•	ı	-	12.40
Total	12.40		1	•	12.40
NAME OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR					

## Se at March 31 2022

As at iviarch 31, 2022					
	Amount in Intang	Amount in Intangible Assets Under Development for a period of March 31, 2022	opment for a po	eriod of March	31, 2022
Particulars				More than 3	
	Less than 1 year 1.2 Years	1-2 Years	2-3 years	years	Total
Project in progress	13.13	4.22	•	-	17.35
Total	13.13	4.22		-	17.35

# There is no Intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.





	As at 31 Mar	th 2023	As at 31 M	Narch 2022	
	Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Amount	
Non-current investments					
Trade (Quoted)					
Investments in equity instruments					
Unquoted Investments					
Investments in equity instruments of other Edelweiss group companies (fully paid up)					
Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited *		-	5,181,837	110.3	
Investments in equity instruments of other companies (fully paid up)					
Inditrade Business Consultants Limited	10,000	0.10	10.000	0.1	
Agri Warehousing Service Providers (India) Association (AWSPA)	•	•	90,000	0.9	
Investments in debentures (fully paid up)					
10.25% ECL Finance Limited Perpetual Bonds		-	1,950	2,126.2	
Investment in Alternative Investment Fund					
Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund	•	-	853	199.7	
Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund		-	3,592	314.0	
India Credit Investment Fund II	261,179	2,611.79	158,897	1,598.1	
India Credit Investment Fund I	147,909	1,055.49	391,000	2,14	
Compulsorily convertible Debentures					
0.01% Edel Land Limited	•	•	6,600,000.00	6,600.8	
0.01% Edel Land Limited	1,000,000	1,000	1,000,000	1,00	
Associate Pick up	•	(418.22)	•	(360.8	
Security Receipts	-	2,553.02	-	2,359.7	
Mutual Fund	•	127.34	-	=	
Investment in Share Warrants Equity					
Team Geo Resources Limited		-	15,000,000	154.4	
Pass Through Certificates	•	485.26	-	-	
Less: Impairment Allowance***	•	(86.77)	•	(211.1	
		7,328.03	_	16,039.7	

<sup>\*</sup> Pledged with Catalyst trusteeship Limited as a security against issue of the Non convertible Debentures by Edelweiss Financial Services Limited of Rs3,500 million subsequent to the balance sheet date
\*\*\*\* Impairment allowances is taken basis the estimate of the fair value of the underlying assets.
Note: Disclosures as required by IND AS 107 have been separately provided in Note 54 and 57





		As at	As at
4	Loans- Non Current	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
		•	
	At fair value through profit and loss		
	Unsecured		
	Capital advances	1,603.22	2,357.87
	Amortised Cost		•
	Secured		
	Receivables from financing business*	583.34	2.621.60
	Provision for expected credit loss on loans	(532.82)	3,631.68
	Net	50.52	(1,328.46) <b>2,303.22</b>
	* Secured against securities	.50.32	2,303.22
	Unsecured		
	Loans and advances (including term loans)	140.69	3.974.76
	Provision for expected credit loss on loans	919.65	3,574.76 (2.62)
	,	1,060.34	3,972.14
	Secured **	2,000.24	3,372.14
	Term Loans		
	(i) Housing Loans	22,127.81	20,466.12
	(ii) Non Housing Loans		, 100.12
		22,127.81	20,466.12
	Unsecured	·	,
	(i) Non Housing Loans	3,329.66	2,867.16
	Gross	25,457.47	23,333.29
	Less: Impairment allowance	(1,437.60)	(405.88)
	Net	24,019.87	22,927.41
	Loan to employees		•
		26,733.94	31,560.64
	** Secured against tangible assets	The state of the s	
5	Other financial assets		
	Security Deposits	52.65	24.42
	Deposits placed with/ for exchange/ depositories	12.21	8.71
	Other deposits	939.21	318.54
		1,004.07	351.67
5	Other bank balances		
	Deposits with Banks	_	
	-Fixed deposit with banks (including interest accrued thereon)	427.85	350.07
		427.85	360.97
	(Refer note 44 on Encumbrances on fixed deposits)	427.83	360.97





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at	As at
Deferred tax assets (net)	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
and the assets file in		
Deferred tax assets		
Property, plant and equipment and intangibles		
Difference between book and tax depreciation (including intangibles)	9.72	12.06
Leases - Ind AS 116	34,57	31.16
Loans		31.10
Impairment on loans	641.89	1,129.65
Investments and other financial instruments		2,223.03
Provision for Diminution in value of current investments	1.98	10.28
Employee benefit obligations		
Provision for leave accumulation	5.64	2.17
Disallowances under section 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961	8.54	8.86
<u>Unused tax credit</u>		
MAT credit entitlement	640.50	581.92
<u>Unused tax losses</u>		
Accumulated Losses	767.50	566.38
Borrowings		223.00
Gratuity & other employee benefits	2.28	2.28
Others	0.08	0.08
		*******
	2,112.70	2,344.85
Deferred tax liabilities		
Property, plant and equipment and intangibles		
Difference between book and tax depreciation (including intangibles)	501.77	501.77
Investments and other financial instruments	301.77	301.77
Unrealised Gain On Derivatives		18.04
Fair valuation gain of investments and stock in trade	185.32	312.22
Accrued Interest on Stage 3 receivables	103.02	1.35
Borrowings		1.33
Effective interest rate on borrowings	247.02	123.87
Capitalised borrowing costs on building/ROU	57.65	57.91
Special Reserve u/s 36(1) (viii)	96.53	101.02
	1,088.29	1,116.18
	4.05.1.1	
	1,024,41	1,228.67

Note: Refer note 58 for disclosures on Deferred Tax.





		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
8	Income tax assets (net)		
	Advance income taxes( Net of provision for taxes)	1810.43	1476.03
		1810.43	1476.03
9	Other non-current assets		
	Other deposits	18.83	18.93
	Contribution to gratuity fund (net)	0.15	0.15
	Input tax credit	106.47	1.60
		125.44	20.68





Notes to the consolidated financial statements (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

#### 10 Stock in trade

	As at	As at
Particulras	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
At fair value through profit or loss		
(i) Mutual Fund	117.64	
(ii) Debt securities	2,305.25	2,253.53
(iii) Equity instruments	-	2,233.33
(iv) Nifty-linked debentures	123.76	4.28
Total	2,546.65	2,257.81
(i) Stock in trade held outside India		
(ii) Stock in trade held in India	2,546.65	2,257.81
Total	2,546.65	2,257.81





#### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		As at 31 M	arch 2023	As at 31 M	larch 2022
		Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Amount
11	Current investments		***************************************		*******
	Investment in others				
	Forefront Wealth Advisors LLP				0.42
	EMSFA LLP	-	3.16	-	3.23
	Pass Through Certificates		17.11	-	-
	Security receipts				
	EARC - SAF 1 -Trust	<u>=</u>	-	255,000	18.14
	EARC - SAF 2 -Trust		<u></u>	10,000	5.43
	Other	-	439.68	-	319.70
	Compulsorily convertible Debentures				
	0.01 % Edel Land limited	6,600,000	6,600.59	-	-
			7,060.54	•	346.92

Note: Disclosures as required by IND AS 107 have been separately provided in Note 54 and 57





	As at	As at
,	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Trade and other receivables		
Receivables considered good - Secured*	28.74	59.17
Receivables considered good - Unsecured	122.26	169.70
Receivables - Credit impaired	598.19	390.58
	749.19	619.45
Less : Allowance for expected credit losses	368.31	392.97
	380.88	226.48
	Receivables considered good - Secured* Receivables considered good - Unsecured Receivables - Credit impaired	Trade and other receivables  Receivables considered good - Secured* 28.74 Receivables considered good - Unsecured 122.26 Receivables - Credit impaired 598.19 Less : Allowance for expected credit losses 368.31

As at March 31, 2023	Outst	anding for follow	ving period:	from due	date of paymer	nt
Particulars	Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	T	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	381.44	-	-		· · · · ·	381.44
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - which Have	""		t		-	
significant increase in credit risk	-	-	6.52			6.52
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	-	4.86	12.31	344.06	361.23
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good	-	-	-		,	
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant	******		-	i		
increase in credit risk		-				
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	-			
Gross receivables	381.44		11.38	12.31	344.06	749.19
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	0.56	-	1			0.56
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which Bave						0.50
significant increase in credit risk	-		6.52		_	6.52
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	-	4.86	12.31	344.06	361.23
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good	-	-	-	-		
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant			<u> </u>			
increase in credit risk	-	-				
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<del></del>		_	
Total ECL Provision on receivables (B)	0.56	-	11.38	12.31	344.06	368.31
Total receivables (net of provision) = (A)-(B)	380.88	-	-	-	-0.00	380.88

As at March 31, 2022	Outsta	anding for follow	ving period:	from due	date of paymer	ıt
Particulars	Less than 6 Months	6 Months - 1 Year	r	2-3 years	More than 3	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	228.85	-	_	-	-	228.85
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which Bave		*****				********
significant increase in credit risk	- 1	-	3.76	0.04	_	3.80
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	5.02	12.30	25.02	344,42	386.80
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables—considered good	-	*			-	
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables - which have significant						
Increase in credit risk	-		_	_		
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-		-	-	-	_
Gross receivables	228.85	5.02	16.06	25.0 <del>6</del>	344.42	619.45
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	2.38		T	-		2.38
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which Bave				<b></b>		
significant increase in credit risk		-	3.76	0.04		3.80
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	-	5.02	12.30	25.02	344.47	386.76
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables— considered good	-	*	-	-		
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant						-
increase in credit risk	_		_			_
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-			_	- 1	-
Total ECL Provision on receivables (8)	2.38	5.02	16.06	25.06	344.42	392.97
Total receivables (net of provision) = (A)-(B)	226.47	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	226.48





		As at	As at
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
13	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cheques / drafts on hand	•	0.01
	Balances with banks	1,268.59	3,069.84
	- in current accounts	1,157.44	
	<ul> <li>in fixed deposits with original maturity less than 3 months</li> </ul>	111.15	-
	(Refer note 43 on Encumbrances on fixed deposits)		
		1,268.59	3,069.85
14	Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents		
	Fixed deposits	2,031.09	2,796,36
	(Refer note 43 on Encumbrances on fixed deposits)	_,	2,, 50.30
		2,031.09	2,796.36





		As at	As at
15	Loans - Current	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
13	Loans - Current		
	Secured *		
	Receivables from financing business	5,625.26	9,105.09
	- considered non performing assets	284.45	327.92
	Provision for expected credit loss on loans	(55.01)	(196.74)
		5,854.70	9,236.27
		3,634.70	5,230.27
	Unsecured		
	Term Loans (including capital advance)	616.00	4,44
	Loans and advances to related parties	854.01	1.711.92
	Loans and advances to employees	13.05	1.08
	Accrued interest on loans given related parties	3.28	441.16
	ECL provision (Ind AS)	(6.75)	(298.46)
		7,334.29	11,096.41
	*Secured by tangible assets		
16	Other financial assets		
	Receivable from exchange / clearing house (net)	0.67	0.62
	Margin placed with broker	1.39	7.98
	Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	435.02	7.96 393.73
	The second secon	437.09	402.33
		433.03	402.33
17	Current tax assets (net)		
	Advance income taxes (net of provision for tax)	9.71	232.43
		9.71	232.43
			***************************************
18	Other current assets		
	(Unsecured considered good, unless stated otherwise)		
	Contribution to gratuity Fund (net)	28.71	•
	input tax credit	222.91	272.88
	Advances to employees	3.74	3.91
	Prepaid expenses	46.69	55.87
	Vendor advances	47.82	79.47
	Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received		-
		349.88	412.13





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at	As a
w	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Share capital		7.000
Authorised:		
4,75,00,000 (Previous year: 4,75,00,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	475.00	475.0
6,70,00,000 (Previous year: 6,70,00,000) preference shares of Rs. 10 each	670.00	670.00
	070.00	670.00
	1,145.00	1,145.00
(a) Equity Shares		
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:		
4,65,35,367 (Previous year: 4,65,35,367) equity shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid up	465.35	465.35
(b) Instruments entirely equity in nature	465.35	465.3
(i) Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares ('CCPS')		
13,59,955 CCPS (Previous year Nil) - 0.01% Compulsory Convertible		
Preference Shares ("CCPS") of face value of Rs. 10/- along with premium of Rs. 357.66 per		
share	500.00	500.00
	300.00	300.00
(ii) Compulsorily Convertible Debentures ('CCDs')		
90,00,000 CCDs (Previous year 90,00,000) of the face value of Rs. 1,000/- each	9,000.00	9,000.00
	0.500.00	
	9,500.00	9,500.00

Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year:

	31 March 2	31 March 2023		2022
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid				
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	46,535,367	465.35	39,775,367	397.75
Issued during the year			6,760,000	67.60
Outstanding at the end of the year	46,535,367	465.35	46,535,367	465.35

Shares held by holding / ultimate holding company and / or their subsidiaries / associates:

	31 March	31 March 2023		rch 2022
		Percentage		
	Number of shares	Shareholding	Number of shares	Percentage Shareholding
Equity shares				
Edel Finance company Limited *	46,535,367	100.00%	46,535,367	100.00%

Details of shares in the Company held by each shareholder holding more than 5 percent shares:

The state of the s		31 March 2023		rch 2022
		Percentage	······	
	Number of shares	Shareholding	Number of shares	Percentage Shareholding
Equity shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up				
Edel Finance company Limited *	46,535,367	100.00%	46.535.367	100.00%

#### Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares:

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10 each. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the group, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

#### Terms of Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares ("CCPS")

Non-cumulative Dividend of 0.01% per annum on the face value of the CCPS shall be paid to the CCPS holders. The CCPS will be automatically convertible into equity shares at the end of 10 years from the date of allotment i.e. March 30,2021. One CCPS will be Converted into One Equity Share. 13,59,955 equity shares will be issued on conversion.

#### Terms of Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (the "Debenture"/"CCDs")

CCD carrying coupon of 0.01% on the face value of the CCDs shall be paid to the CCD holders. The CCDs will be convertible into equity shares within period not exceeding 10 years from the date of allotment i.e. March 26,2021. 1 CCD will be converted into 2.71 Equity Shares. i.e 24,390,000 equity shares will get issued on the date of conversion of CCD.

#### Note 1

The Company has neither alloted any shares pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash or as bouns shares nor has it bought back any share during the period of five years immediately preceding the balance sheet date.

\*Includes shares held by Nominee Shareholders





#### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		As at	As at
_	A60 5	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
20	Other Equity		
	Capital Reserve	(1,159.41)	(1,159.41)
	Reserve under section 29C of the National Housing Bank Act, 1987	607.55	575.42
	Special Reserve under Section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934	131.04	131.04
	Capital Redemption Reserve	30.00	30.00
	Securities Premium Account	5,078.11	5,078.11
	Revaluation Reserve through other comprehensive income	864.32	915.44
	Debenture redemption reserve	2,612.47	2,612.47
	ESOP Reserve	101.16	101 16
	Retained earnings	(15,248.90)	(13,326.44)
		(6,983.66)	(5,042.21)

#### Nature and purpose of reserves

#### Capital reserve

The Group recognises profit and loss on purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity

#### Reserve under section 29C of the National Housing Bank Act, 1987

Reserve created under section 29C of National Housing Bank Act, 1987 a sum not less than twenty per cent of its net profit every year as disclosed in the profit and loss account and before any dividend is declared

#### Special Reserve under Section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934

Reserve created under 45-IC(1) in The Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, a sum not less than twenty per cent of its net profit every year, as disclosed in the statement of profit and loss account and before any dividend is declared.

#### Capital redemption reserve

As per Companies Act, 2013, capital redemption reserve is created when Group purchases its own shares out of free reserves or securities premium. A sum equal to the nominal value of the shares so purchased is transferred to capital redemption reserve. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of section 69 of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Securities premium

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the previsions of section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Debenture redemption reserve

The Companies Act 2013 requires companies that issue debentures to create a debenture redemption reserve from annual profits until such debentures are redeemed, the Group is required to transfer a specified percentage (as provided in the Companies Act, 2013) of the outstanding redeemable debentures to debenture redemption reserve. The amounts credited to the debenture redemption reserve may not be utilised except to redeem debentures. On redemption of debentures, the amount may be transferred from debenture redemption reserve to retained earnings.

#### ESOP reserve

Certain of the Group's employees have been granted options to acquire equity shares of the ultimate holding Company (Edelweiss Financial Services Limited). This reserve represents the cost of these options based on their fair value at the grant dates as recognised over the vesting period of such options, to the extent that the ultimate holding Company has not recovered such cost from the Group.

#### **Revaluation Reserve**

The Group decided to move to revaluation model from cost model for accounting a class of asset (i.e. flats and building) as at 31st March 2020. The management approved revaluation of owned land and buildings classified under property plant and equipment after assessing the valuation made by duly appointed independent valuer. The difference between valuation amount and the carrying value of land and buildings is accounted under Revaluation Reserve through other comprehensive income.





		As at	As at
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
21	Long-term borrowings		
	Secured*		
	Non-convertible redeemable debentures	16,892.86	11,288.36
	Term loans from bank	4,835.74	6,945 67
	[Secured by charge on immovable property with bank]		
	Interest accrued on borrowings	396.87	398.36
	Unsecured		
	Loans and advances from related parties	3,719.21	18,762,31
	Preference Shares Capital - Other than related parties	500.00	500.00
	Privately Placed Non-convertible redeemable debentures	5,500.00	100
		6,000.00	500.00
		31,844.68	37,894.70
	*Secured by charge on immovable property and a pari passu charge on	the receivables and stock in t	rade to the
	extent equal to the principal and interest amount i.e. redemption value	of debentures.	
22	Other financial liabilities		
	Rental Deposits	67,96	142.00
	Other payables	9,711.46	6,916.62
		9,779.42	7,058.62
23	Long-term provisions		
	Gratuity	1.46	1.16
	Compensated leave absences	5.41	5.71
		6.87	6.87
24	Other non-current liabilities		
	Other Payable	1.75	1.82
	,	1.75	1.82





		As at	As at
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
25	Short-term borrowings		
	Secured		
	Bank overdraft	2	2,143.88
	[Secured by pari passu charge on inventory and corporate guarantee of ultimate holding company]		
	Privately Placed Non-convertible debentures*	453.90	3,719.54
	Sub-total (A)	453.90	5,863,42
	*Secured by charge on immovable property and a pari passu charge on the		-,
	receivables and stock in trade to the extent equal to the principal and interest		
	amount i.e. redemption value of debentures.		
	<u>Unsecured</u>		
	Loan from related parties	5,339.14	4,208.50
	[repayable on demand, at the rate of interest 9%]		
	Non-convertible debentures	2	5,500.00
	(repayable on demand, at variable rate of interest)		
	Commercial paper	2,320.00	5,370.00
	Less: Unamortised discount	(110.26)	(351.00)
		2,209.74	5,019.00
	Preference Shares Capital - Fellow Subsidiaries	426.68	2,214.87
	Preference Shares Capital - Other than related parties	29.05	28.27
	Short term loan from bank	5,131.22	6,276.21
	Sub-total (B)	13,135.83	14,829.85
	Interest accrued on borrowings (C)	65.70	492.13
	Total (A+B+C)	13,655.43	21,185.40





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		Acat	Avat
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
26	Trade Payables		
	Total outstanding dues of nucro enterprises and small enterprises	8.46	7.26
	Total outstanding dues to creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	179 14	310 87
	·	387,80	318.13

for trade payables, following ageing schedule shall be given:

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
at March 31, 2023	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
(i) MSME	8.46	101		- 1	8.46	
(ii) Others	373.79	2,55	0.74	2.26	379.34	
(iii)Disputed dues-MSME			10	33	-	
(iv)Disputed dues-Others	D1	727	1.5	47		
Total	382.25	2.55	0.74	2.26	387.80	

	Outstanding fo	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
As at March 31, 2022	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
(i) MSME	7 26	170		33	7.26	
(ii) Others	307.65	0.81	1:76	0.65	310.87	
(iii)Disputed dues-MSME	7.7	-	2%	25.		
(iv)Disputed dues-Other	20	(8)	225	52	*0	
Total	314,91	0.81	1.76	0,65	318.13	

#### 27 Other financial liabilities

	Book overdraft	177	44.18
	Accined salaries and benefits	221.58	128 16
	Retention money payable	1.29	1.29
	Other payables (including on account of securitisation, assignments)	18155	166.75
	Securitisation hability rincluding loan assigned under PCG* scheme:	1.9[9.0]	1,589.27
	Renta Deposits	92.82	
	Investor payable on assigned loans	52.83	342 99
	80	2,471.09	2,472,84
	*PCG- Partial Credit Guiantee Scheme		
211	Other current liabilities		
	Withholding taxes, Goods & service tax and other taxes payable	91.84	69.45
	Others	data tot	36x 77
		117.92	106.22
29	Short-term provisions		
	Provision for employee benefits		
	Citatinty	31.26	15 19
	Compensated absences	5.53	9 78
	Provision for expenses	11.70	0.11
		51.45	45.38
Su	Current tax liabilities (net)		
	Provision for favation (net of advance (av)	15.70	N 68
		15,29	5,68





		For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
		71 HAICH SUS.	34 3940 04 2022
31	Fee income		
	Income from commodates services		# 78
	Business support services income	770.46	691.11
	Advisory income (including referral and arranger fees)	150 08	594 50
		926.54	1,286,39
12	Interest income		
	Interest Income from loans	4,533 72	2,346.73
	Interest income on loans from others	275 19	4,276.80
	Interest income on fixed deposits	119.43	171.90
	Interest income on fixed deposits  Interest income on debt instrument	393.26	171 90 L685 14
	Interest income on margin with brokers	393.20	
	Interest Income - Others	33.92	0.16
	Income on direct assignment		289 48
	Interest income -Pass through Certificates	113 30 57 53	275 33
	interest meonic -rass mogn certificates	5,526,36	9,045.53
3	Other operating revenue		
	Warehouse income		54 6X
	Rental income	155.19	3(105
		355.39	367.72
4	Other income		
	Profit on sale of fixed assets (ret)		0.00
	Miscellaneous mentre	19 80	59.56
	Interest on Income tax refund	15.54	24.83
	Profit [ (loss) on sale of long term investment	189.15	1.121.74
		411'10	1,206.14
5	Net (Gain) (Loss on fair value changes		
	Loss on trading of securities (net)	8 57	665 31
	Profit (loss) on trading in equity derivative instruments (nel)	(50.17)	(31 73)
	Fair value gain (loss) on revaluation of real estate (unrealised)	(193.58)	(324.93)
	FV Security receipts	4.65	2.82
	Income distribution from Fund		(347.76)
	Loss on sale of long term investment	(41-14)	62.60
	Share of (profit) loss in partners up firm	0.01	(4.15)
	Fair value (gain) loss l'iquity	110 %	[87.9]
	Fair value gain - Debt Instruments	45 29	10.36
	(Profit) Loss on sale of mutual fund units (FV 1P1)	(70.46)	(19.14)
		14.16	197.79





		For the year ended	For the year ended
		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
36	Employee benefit expenses		
30	Salaries, wages and bonus	957.68	1.094 28
	Contribution to provident and other funds	53.62	53.59
	Expense on Employee Stock Option Scheme (ESOP) and Employee	7.23	
	Stock Purchase Plan (ESPP)	7.23	13.36
	Staff welfare expenses	73.61	43.86
		1,092.14	1,205.08
37	Finance costs		
	Interest on debentures	2,255.18	3,493,95
	Interest on term loan	1,015.94	1,594.80
	Interest on bank overdraft	13,86	21.45
	Interest on loan	2.07	3,107.83
	Interest on loan from group companies	1,686.71	-,
	Interest on loan from others	919.06	
	Interest - others	13.08	12
	Discount on commercial paper	410.75	420.01
	Financial and bank charges	18.90	36.46
	Interest on debt securities		90.82
	Interest on lease liabilities	12.58	13.19
	Interest on shortfall in payment of advance income tax		1.05
	Interest on subordinated debt	56.25	56.27
	Interest on working capital demand loan	47.87	111.01
	Interest on borrowings other than debt securities	37.83	23.36
	Finance cost - Preference Shares	192.60	179.27
	-	6,682.68	9,149.48
38	Impairment on financial instruments		
	Bad- debts on Loans and advances written off	269,65	80.28
	Loss on sale of loan assets sold to assets reconstruction company	74.64	347.14
	Diminution in value of investments	10.13	
	Provision for non-performing assets	(604,83)	153.61
	Provision for doubtful debts	(26,64)	(10.04)
	Provision for standard assets	0.32	(49.35)
		(276.73)	521.65





		For the year ended	For the year ender
		31 March 2023	31 March 202
9	Other expenses		
	Advertisement and business promotion	8.74	4.52
	Auditor's remuneration (refer note below)	15.09	17.80
	Commission and brokerage	10.93	16.59
	Communication expenses	27.07	23.94
	Computer expenses	126.80	125.89
	Computer software	109.80	90.03
	Clearing and custodian charges Contribution towards corporate social	3.34	1.93
	responsibilities	5.72	10.53
	Directors' sitting fees	1.02	1,58
	Electricity charges (net)	41-14	9.90
	Foreign exchange loss (net)	0.08	0.05
	Freight & Forwarding Expenses		0.03
	Insurance	2.44	9.5
	Legal and professional fees	651.05	656.39
	Loss on sale of fixed assets (net)	8.48	4.1
	Membership and subscriptions	39.70	0.39
	Office expenses	90.11	109.59
	Postage and courier	2.02	3.70
	Printing and stationery	5.33	10.20
	Rates and taxes	126.03	8.08
	Rating support fees	12.35	12.55
	Rent	5.57	82.58
	Repairs and maintenance - building	0.06	0.03
	Repairs and maintenance - others	13.99	10-26
	Security transaction tax	5.07	3.95
	Goods and service tax expenses	83.84	63.4
	Stamp duty	20.51	13.50
	Stock exchange expenses	1.06	14.57
	Transportation charges	0.02	5,73
	Travelling and conveyance	42.68	30.34
	Warehousing charges	0.42	55.00
	Loan origination costs amortised	70.00	112.69
	Miscellaneous expenses	29.19	23.35
		1,559.67	1,524.59
	Auditor's remuneration:		
	As auditors	14.91	17.70
	Reimbursement of expenses	0.18	0.10
		15.09	17.80





Notes to Conoslidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Currency | Indian rupees in millions)

#### 40 Segment reporting

#### **Primary Segment (Business segment)**

For management purpose, the Group's business is organised into business segments based in products and services and has five reportable segments as mentioned below:

Segment	Activities covered
Capital based business	Capital intensive business includes Lending, investing and investment property
Freasury management Interest income and trading in securities	
Business Support Services	Centralized support services in the nature of administration, compliance payroll, finance and
	accounts, Technical support etc. provided to group companies
Warehouse services	Warehouse services includes warehousing and collateral management services for agri commodities
Trading in commodities	Purchase and sale of agri commodities

Income for each segment has been specifically identified. Expenditure, assets and liabilities are either specifically identified with individual segments or have been allocated to segments on a systematic basis. Based on such allocations, segment disclosures relating to revenue, results, assets and liabilities have been prepared.

The Exceutive management committee is the Chief operating decision maker(CODM) and monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment.

#### Secondary Segment

Since the business operations of the Group are primarily concentrated in India, the Group is considered to operate only in the domestic segment and therefore there is no reportable geographic segment

The following table gives information in terms of provisions of Accounting Standard on Segment Reporting (Ind AS 108)

Parti	iculars	As at/ For the year ended	As at/ For the year ended
1	Segment Revenue	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
	a) Capital based business	7.623 62	10,908 82
	b) Treasury management	99.21	1,220 62
	c) Business Support Services	720.94	740 13
	d) Warehouse services		55.46
	e) Trading in commodities	4,729 50	4,584.77
	f) Unallocated	15 55	24.38
	Total Income	13,188.82	17,534.18
н	Segment Results		
	a) Capital based business	(2,144.86)	(1,482 30)
	b) Treasury management	(379.07)	(79.40)
	c) Business Support Services	272 39	88 78
	d) Warehouse services		(3 78)
	e) Trading in commodities	2.97	177
	f) Unallocated	13.85	24 40
	Loss before taxation	(2,234.72)	(1,450.58)
	Less Provision for Lixation	295.14	85 79
	Profit after taxation	(2,529.86)	(1,536.37)
111	Segment Assets		
	a) Capital based business	61,615.85	72,541.36
	b) Treasury management	678.17	2,745.64
	c) Business Support Services	170 07	106.69
	d) Warehouse services		
	e) Trading in commodities		
	I) Unallocated	2,883 68	2,647.29
	Total	65,347.77	78,040.98





#### Notes to Conoslidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

#### 40 Segment reporting (continued)

IV	Segment Liabilities	<u> </u>	
	a) Capital based business	58,222.59	66,992.90
1	b) Treasury management	156.96	2,256.87
1	c) Business Support Services		0.63
	d) Warehouse services	16.82	16.82
	e) Trading in commodities	Ω :	8
	f) Unallocated	69.57	
	Total	58,465.94	69,267.22

1. Non-cash expenditure aggregated to (Rs.266.98) million for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Previous Year Rs. 1,140.60 million)

2. No single customer represents 10% or more of the Company's total revenue for the year ended 31 March 2023 and 2022.





#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

#### Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 - "Related Party Disclosure":

#### List of Related Parties as at March 31,2023 is as under:

#### (A) Names of related parties by whom control is exercised

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, ultimate Holding Company

Edel Finance Company Limited , Holding Company

#### Entities which are controlled by the Company

Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)

Comtrade Commodities Services Limited **Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited Allium Finance Private Limited** 

#### (C) Fellow Subsidiaries with whom the Company has transactions

**ECL Finance Limited** 

**Edelcap Securities Limited** 

ECap Securities and Investments Limited (Formerly known as Ecap Equities Limited)

**Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited** 

Ecap Equities Limited (Formerly known as Edel Land Limited)

**Edel Investments Limited** 

**Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited** 

**Edelweiss Trusteeship Company Limited** 

**Edelweiss Asset Management Limited** 

**Edelgive Foundation** 

**Edelweiss International Singapore Pte Limited** 

Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte, Limited

**Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited** 

ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)

**Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited** 

Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited

Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited

Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LEP

Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund

India Credit Investment Fund II Sekura India Management Limited

Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Trust

Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund

Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP

EC Glöbal Limited

#### (D) Associate of Ultimate holding company (EFSL) with whom the Company has transactions (upto March 30,

2023)

Nuvaina Asset Management Limited (formerly known as ESL Securities Limited):

Nuvama Capital Services (MSC) Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities (MSC) Limited)

Novama Costodial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Capital Services Limited)

Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited) Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Fusance and Investments Limited)

Nuvaina Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)

Nuvaina Clearing Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Costodial Services Limited)

#### (E) Key Management Personnel

Mr. Ravindra Dhobale (Executive Director & Chief Financial Officer) (wielf Angest 2, 2022)

Mr. Chirag Dilipkumar Shah (Company Secretary) (wie f. May 27, 2022).

Ms. Shadly Kedia (Company Secretary) (Resigned w.e.f. April 8, 2022)

Marioj Sharma

#### (f) Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Nikhil Johan

Mr. Santosh Daillieech

Ms. Ananya Suneja

#### (G) Independent Directors

Dr. Vimod Juneja

Mr. Kunnasagaran Chumiah (upto August 31, 2022).

Mr. Bharat Bakshi (w.e.f. May 27, 2022).

#### (H) Trust Name:

LARC Trust SC 401

TARC Trust SC 417

FARC Trust SC 418 TARC Trust 50 447

LARC Trust St. 451







Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency Eindian rupees in millions)

Related Parties (Continued)

Particulars	Name of related parties	2022-23	2021-22
Feldiculars	realite of resisted parties	2022-23	2021-22
Capital account transactions during the year		1 1	
Equity shares Issued to	Edel Finance Company Limited		2,501.20
Non-Cumulative Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Share	issu Edel Finance Company Limited	20.00	
	779. 7		
Redemption of Preference Share Issued	Edel Finance Company Limited	10.00	
	Ecap Equities Limited	10.00	
	7787		
Loans taken from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	16,312,30	36,891.6
	ECL Finance Limited	1,590.00	
	Edel Finance Company Limited	2,639.55	45.0
	Edel Investments Limited	1,866.40	15,308.8
<u> </u>	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	250.00	11,780.00
<u>.</u>	Edelcap Securities Limited	1,079.80	4,963.7
	Ecap Equities Limited	6,133.35	32,313.66
Loans repaid to	Edalusius Espanisal Sarvens Lumited	10.000.00	20.140.41
Louins repaire to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  ECL Finance Limited	19,956.03	29,749.48
<del></del>	Edel Finance Company Limited	949.20	50.5
	Edel Investments Limited	2,551.40	14,762 21
·	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	2,351.40	0.4
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	3,720.00	8,310.00
	Edelcap Securities Limited	2,024.26	4,019.20
	Ecap Equities Limited	4,785.86	17,766.2
	teap equites cuinced	9,783.00	17,700.2
Loans given to	ECL Finance Limited	4,040.00	18,287.86
	Edel Finance Company Limited	8,603.80	7,312 11
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Edel Investments limited	54	5,609.50
	Edelcap Securities Limited	1,428.58	784.48
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	156.44	1,125 60
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited	1,000.00	900 00
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	778.50	5,009 17
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	220 00	330.00
	Ecap Equities Limited	10,481.57	99,303.79
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1,750.00	8,240.00
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited	L,800.00	
oans repaid by	ECL Finance Limited	4,820.00	18,507.86
7.1804C2 64	Edel Finance Company limited	11,006 40	9,679.51
	Edelcap Securities Limited	1,428 58	784 48
	Edel Investments I imited	277	5,609 50
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	225.88	2,100 06
	Edelweiss Retail Linance Limited	1,750.00	8,740.00
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited	1,000.00	900.00
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	2,322.76	3,489 19
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	330.00	1.19
	Ecap Equities Limited	10,280.75	95,376.00
	FCap Securities And Investments Limited	1,800.00	
Purchase of Security from	ECL Finance Limited		2,147.00
organic or accurity nom	183 Amange (Billing	-	7,147 00
nvestments in funds sold to	ECC Finance Limited	513.98	
The second secon	Edelwers Retail Coance Limited	1,671.49	1
	The state of the s	1,007.47	
nvestments in equity shares sold to	Edelweiss Emancial Services Limited		0.10
1000 0000 000 000 000 000	Edelweiss Securdies And Investments Private Limited	495.28	1,451.97





Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Related Parties (Continued)

Particulars	Name of related parties	2022-23	2021-22
in the state of th	English State Control		3 000 00
Investments in Compulsary Convertible debentures al	Ecap Equities limited		3,000.00
Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm	Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP	0.13	0.24
	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP		7.02
Investments in Other	India Credit Investment Fund II	2,172,71	238.33
	Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund	20.7	10.09
	Ensinesz Lukara Ednit A Lacu Louio		2.63
Investment in Security Receipt issued by	EARC Trust SC 417	7.	365.93
	EARC Trust SC 418	20	273.19
	EARC Trust SC 447	10	566.27
	EARC Trust SC 451	· ·	294.44
	EARC Trust SC 459		137 10
		779 63	
Principal Repayment from fund	India Credit Investment Fund II	77963	
Margin placed with	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited	1./21.28	1,452.52
	Edel Investments Limited	24 18	120.20
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	10	80.00
Margin withdrawn from	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited	1,726 8/	1,450.24
gin withdrawn from	Edel Investments Limited	24.22	125 67
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	10	86 00
Profit on trading of derivatives	Edel Investments Limited	42 03	
mount paid to broker for cash segment	Eifel Investments Umited		148 86
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	ii i	237.53
Amount received from broker for cash segment	i del Investments Limited	-	168.84
	Nuvama Wealth Management Emitted	4 (2	113.81
Sale of Security Receipts	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Trust	319 73	
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		1/8.65
Purchase of fixed assets from	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited	0.00	0 07
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		0 14
	ECL Finance Limited	0.17	0.50
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limiteil	0.15	0.33
	Ecap Equities Limited		0.03
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited	57	1 35
	Edel Investments Limited	0 14	
	Edelcap Securities Limited  LidelCive Foundation	0.78	0 03
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited		0.00
			4-4-
Sale of fixed assets to	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	0.00	0.01
The Will Laborate	Nuvaria Clearing Services Limited		0.00
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment United	0.03	0 0 /
	Edefcap Securities Limited  Edefweiss Einarcial Services Limited	- 11	0.05
	ECL Finance United		111
	ZUND General Insurance Conited (Generly known as Edelweiss		. L. 11
	General Insurance Company Limited)		
	Edelwerss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited		0.03
	Nuvaria Wealth Linance Limited		0.04
	Liap Equities Limited		0.07
	Edelwers Retail Emance Limited		0.02
	Lifelitive Foundation		0.01
	Lifelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Lifelweiss Asset Management Limited		0.00
	Edel investments Limited	0.00	0.01
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	0.01	0.01
	Nuvama Asset Management Limited		0.00
	Edelwers Global Wealth Management Limited		0.00
	Edelweis Financial Services United		0.00





Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

#### Related Parties (Continued)

Particulars	Name of related parties	2022-23	2021-22
Purchase/subscription of debentures from	Ecap Equities Limited	157.00	206106
Purchase/subscription of depending from	Nuvama Asset Management Limited	53.35	3,961.00
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	252.06	
	Edel Investments Limited	252.06	314.37
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ECL Finance Limited		150.72
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		0.20
Sale of Debentures to	ECL Finance Limited	1,889.04	100
	Edel Investments Limited	16	3,890.00
	Edel Finance Company Limited	1-1	19 17
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited	191	115.88
	Edelcap Securities Limited		
	Edel Finance Company Limited	2,130.43	- 22
	Ecop Equities Limited	171	312.92
Maturity of debt securities	Ecap Equities Limited	375.45	- 5
BCO lease redd as	FEI Florence Alexand		
NCD loan sold to	ECL Finance Limited	1,301 50	-
Issuance of debentures to	Ecap Equities Limited	5,500.00	0.5
Bodowskie of Johnston bodd b			
Redemption of depentures held in	Ecap Equities Limited	1,076.63	31
	ECL Finance Limited		1,200 00
	Ecap Equities Limited	(4)	5,159 28
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	352 89	191 63
Redemption of debentures he d by	Ecap Equities Limited	4,440.10	-
	Edelcap Securities Limited		- 2
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	8.30	
Can portfolio purchase under direct assignment	ECL Finance Limited	1 000 46	1,005 78
complete transportation and the constitution	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1,778 40	287.87
			7.01.01
Loan sold under Securitisation	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss		100 8 1
	General Insurance Company Limited)		
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	33	997 36
Non Convertible Debentures subscribed by	LCap Equities Limited		1,589 28
			1,307 E0
Security deposit received from	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited		7 33
Security of debentures to security of debentures held in security of debentures held in security of debentures held by security of debentures held by security of debentures held by security of debentures and defect assignment of an sold under Security of the security of	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited	- 27	84 44
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	0.04	(9)
Security deposit repaid to	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited		75.00
	Leap Equities Limited	1,301 50 5,500 00 1,076 63 352 89 4,440 10 355,56 8,30 1,998 46	100 00
	ECL Finance Limited		500 00
44. 400			
own sold to ARC trust	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited		1,975 70
Remuneration paid to	Santosh Dadheech		9.83
	Manoj Sharina		2 97
	Ananya Suneja		20 60
	Chtrag Shah	1 06	120
	Shally Kedia	0.06	
	Raviodra Obobale	6.45	197
	Nikhil Johan	15.75	
Near the Statement and	Promote and the second		
Director Sitting Fees	Kunnasagaran Chumah Bharat Bakshi	0.14	0.46
	annual triesten	0.00	





Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

#### Related Parties (Continued)

Particulars	Name of related parties	2022-23	2021-22
ncome			
Business support service charges from	ECL Finance Limited	68.31	72 3
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited	3.52	2.9
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	244.00	268.18
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.90	0.7
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited	0.14	0,2
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	35.09	28.2
	Edel Finance Company Limited	2.71	0.7
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	46,76	43.6
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	0.07	0.2
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	6.17	3.4
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss	53 88	43 9
	General Insurance Company Limited)		
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	4.89	3.8
	Edelcap Securities Limited	65.44	56.0
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited	0.71	0.8
	Edel Investments Limited	5.45	1.5
	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited	7.89	6.29
	Ecap Equities Limited	13 96	17.1
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	77 67	68.00
	EdelGive Foundation	8.15	5.53
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	44 79	43 0
	Edelweiss Trusteeship Company Limited	0.01	0.01
	Nuvaria Asset Management Limited	0.03	004
	Sekura India Management Limited	0.50	
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited	0.00	
Consider Con	res rational times at		4.01
Corporate Guarantee Commission Income	ECL Finance Limited  Edel Finance Company Limited	0.02 6.82	0 02 6 93
· · ·	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.00	0.00
	coeffeets regai ruginge familed	0.00	000
Advisory fires earned from	FCL Finance Limited	28 22	17.50
MINISORY MEC'S CAPACIA DIGIT	E delweiss Retail Linance Limited	29/	4 30
	True (West Charles Charles C	2 77	
Service fee received from	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	00/	0.20
	LCL Finance Limited	0 39	0.11
Service charges paid	Edelweiss Retail Emance Limited	0.81	1.50
-	ECL Finance Limited	1.08	1.44
	97.1877		
Corporate Guarantee support fee	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.19	
	Fcap Equities Limited	0.10	0.03
Professional fees paid to	FCL Finance Limited		0.55
Risk and reward sharing fee expense	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		1 94
Hermbursement of ARC management fee from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	11.39	89 0 !
Dahma farmana ki marakanana			
Rating Support Fees Income	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		0.09
	Nuvaina Wealth Management Limited	[11]	0.03
	Nuvaina Wealth Linance Limited FCL Emailie Limited		0 1 3 0 6 B
	Nuvaina Wealth and Investment Limited		0.07
	Nuvarna Clearing Services Emitted	10	0.01
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	17.	0.07
	Lidel Emance Company Limited		() OH
	Edelweiss Retail Enjance United		0.00
	Edelwers' Alternative Asset Advisors Limited		0.00
	Frap Equities Limited		0.02
nterest occure on debenfures (locluding CCD)	ECL Finance Limited	141.47	239 31
	Ldelweiss Befail Linairce Lumberl	1.62	1.64
	Edel Finance Company Limited	2.64	2 64
	Capiliputes Limited	52.14	78.61
		192.06	





Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

#### Related Parties (Continued)

	llions

			(Rs. in Millions)
Particulars	Name of related parties	2022-23	2021-22
Interest income on Nifty Linked Debentures	Care Carried Control	2000	020.20
interest income on Nirty Cinked Dependires	Ecap Equities Limited	269.59	838.39
Interest income on loan from	ECt Finance timited	52 50	265.07
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited	32 30	228.9
	Nuvarna Wealth and Investment Limited	11.36	16.5
	Edelcap Securities Limited	30.37	1 3
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	33.66	7.3
	Edel Investments Limited	2.0	10.3
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	10.40	111.37
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	2 25	24 1
	Ecap Equities Limited	151 51	1,196.3
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	70.69	65.7
	Edel Finance Company Limited	160.07	340.6
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited	23.64	
	47 200		
Interest income on margin placed with	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited		0.1
Inferest Income on security deposit to	ECap Equities Limited	£	9 30
Share of Profit in LLP	Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP	0.03	
3.65	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors (TP	50	4.1
Charle of loss from fund	Edd and the form of the last		
Share of loss from fund	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	0.05	
	Edelweiss Résolution Advisors LLP		0.0
Rental income from	ECL Finance Limited	17.04	
Remai income from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	17.04 28.68	11.7
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	12.57	12.9
	Nuvaria wealth and Investment Limited	1.01	0.2
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	/1./9	45 1
	Edelwerss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	64 31	44.7
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited	98,14 0.17	94.2
	Lidelcap Securities Limited	70.17	140
	Edel Investments Limited	18 72	25.2
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	138/	24.9
	Ecap Equities Limited	4.42	219
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	EdelGive Foundation	1.18	11.
	Nuvama Asset Management Limited	0.01	* * *
Investment management support service from	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited	8 20	1.69
Ost reimbursements recovered from	ECL Linance Limited	1:30	> ⊁
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.91	1.6
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	4.81	12.5
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited	0.06	7 8
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Emitted	2.85	1.74
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited	9 84	2 B
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Edelcap Securities Limited	1:14	47.
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited	0.01	0 %
	Edelwers Global Wealth Management Lumbed  Edel Investments Limited	2.01	0.0
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss	2.05	1.9.
	General Bisurance Company United)	′′′	0.5
	Edelweiss Edkio Life Insurance Company United		
	Frap Equities Limited	0.41	0.5
	EdelGive Foundation	0.05	0.08
	Edel Finance Company Finited	0.03	0.03
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.80	1.18
	I delwers Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	2.67	1.91
	Edelwess Retail Emance Lunted	0.00	D 33
	Nusama Asset Management Limited	0.01	0.04
	Nuvania Clearing Services Limited	0.01	0.05
	Fidelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	0.00	0.11





Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

Related Parties (Continued)

(f) Transaction and Balances with related parties for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Rs. in Millions)

		(8)	. in Millions)
Particulars	Name of related parties	2022-23	2021-22
Income distribution of ad	Andre Condete was a set of the		
Income distribution from Fund	India Credit Investment Fund II Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund		64.00
	coerweiss value and Growfa Fond	- 57	283.76
Expenses			
Clearing expenses to	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited	2.86	0.28
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	0.00	
			100
Contribution towards corporate social responsibilities	Edelgive Foundation	5.72	10.53
Cost reimbursement to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1.85	9.58
2001	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited	18.00	0.08
··	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	16.50	1.04
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	13.92	11.54
	Ecap Equities Limited	21.55	1.87
	Edelcap Securities Limited	3.01	0.01
	Novama Wealth Finance Limited	0 08	(4)
	ECL Finance Limited	46 75	132.37
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	25	0.00
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited	111	0.60
	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte Limited	40	0.01
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	2 87	9.15
	EdelGive Foundation	190	0.00
	Edel Investments Limited	1.67	
	Edel Finance Company Limited	0.12	
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.25	
Trade exposure charges paid to	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited		777
viant cappaint trianger paracto	province of the state of the st		,,,,,
Management fees paid to	ECL Finance Limited	360 /2	326.60
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	13.92	15.46
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	19 40	16 17
Brokerage and commission expenses	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	7 08	1 2 3
and the state of t	ECL Finance Limited	7.00	0.00
	Ecap Equities Limited		0.00
	Edel lovestments Limited	1.88	0.01
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited	9/40	0.03
	Cdelweiss Financial Services Limited	2 50	
Enterprise service charge paid to	FCL Finance Limited	(5)	20 12
FSOP cost reimbursement	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	3.55	4.40
Interest expenses on loans from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1,210.41	2,005 73
	Edel Finance Company Lunded	25 67	.1.11
	FCI Finance Limited	78 13	
•	Edelcap Securities Limited	35 14	47.36
	Edel Investments Limited	62.57	79.79
	Lcap Equities Limited	30 38	281.35
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited		0.02
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	145 97	19141
interest expense on Securitsion	ZUNO Géneral Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss		0.13
	General Insurance Company United)		
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited		0.70
Interest expenses on Security deposit	1CC Finance Limited	<del></del>	58 68
			per 1)13





Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Related Parties (Continued)

			s. in Millions)
Particulars	Name of related parties	2022-23	2021-22
Interest expenses on debentures	Edelcap Securities Limited	76.35	74.3
	Ecap Equities Limited	478 05	400 44
rest on CCD  rest / dividend on preference shares  rest Exps ICD  ances with related parties as on 31 March 2023 - (Assets)  rued interest income on loans given  rest receivable on debentures from  estment in Partnership Firm  estment in others  estment in others	Edel Investments Limited	0.44	166.01
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited		12.4
	ECL Finance Limited	0.49	8.6
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited	0.16	0.0
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.51	0.8
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	5.01	2.5
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss	0.82	
	General Insurance Company Limited)		
Interest on CCD	Edel Finance Company Limited	:1.71	0.90
Interest / dividend on emforance shares	ECL Finance Limited	81.64	74 9
microscy dissocial on preference states	Ecap Equities Limited	110 17	103.50
	and admires emitted	11017	103.30
Interest Exps - ICD	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	2./1	
Balances with related parties as on 31 March 2023 - (Assets)			
The second secon			
Accrued interest income on loans given	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	46	6.23
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	42	6.2
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited	90	5.50
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	11.43	7.31
	Ecap Equities Limited	8.56	130.81
	Edel Investments Limited	0.00	0.00
	Edel Finance Company Limited		41.82
	ECt Finance timited	5 11	159 38
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Emited	3.12	3.63
Interest receivable on debentures from	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.03	0.04
	Edel Finance Company Limited  Cap Equities Limited	1 /8	1 78
Investment in Partnership Firm	Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LEP	-	0.10
	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	- 8	0.05
Investments in equity shares in	Edelwess Asset Reconstruction Company Limited		110 35
investment in outers	Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund I delweiss Private Equity Tech Lund		314 09
		100	199 80
	India Credit Investment Eund II	2,611.79	1,507 03
Investment as delst instruments of	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	1,869 /9	1,301.86
MACSON IN SECON MISCHARICE TO SECOND	Leap Equities Limited	1,809,79	316 90
·	Etaly Editor / Etaly		310 90
Investment in NI Ds	Edel Finance Company Limited	381.77	- 8
Inpactment in Sectional Burnings period by	LARC Frust SC 401	445.45	11616 1 4
note that the set thank are reality to that the	LARC Trust SC 418	479 60	799.51 240.95
	LARC Trust SC 447		
	LARC Trust SC 451	495-07	553.31
	EARC Trust SC 459	226 79 111 24	282 02 137 10
		111.74	137 10
Partner's current account - receivable from	Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP	<del> </del>	0.12
	Edelwers Multi Strategy Fund Advisors TLP	111	3 18
Protocols a control or country rate may take former	Edelwers Multi-Strategy Fund Advisors LLP		
Partner's capital account - receivable from	PROFINE SYSTEM STREETS A FIRST SALARSOLZ LTL.	0.05	
loyestments in deheatings(linclading CCD)	FCL Finance Uninted		2,120.60
	Ecap Copation Limited	7,600.69	7,600-39





Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

### Related Parties (Continued)

### (I) Transaction and Balances with related parties for the year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	Name of related parties	2022-23	2021-22
Margin Payable to	Edel Investments Limited	0.50	0.5
Margin Receivable	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited	(9)	5.4
	Ecap Equities Limited		0.4
	Edel Investments Limited	0.49	
Trade receivables from	Edel Finance Company Limited	2.17	5.7
	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte Limited	3.38	1.7
	EdelGive Foundation	1.62	0.3
	Edelweiss Trusteeship Company Limited  Edel Investments Limited	0.00	0.0
	Ecap Equities Limited	2.30	1,8
		2.91	0.7
	Edelgap Securities Limited  Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	16.33	6.2
		25.11	6.0
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	3.45	2.8
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	18.10	6.7
	1000	21.20	30.0 8.5
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss	4 44	8.5
	General Insurance Company Limited)  Edelweirs Retail Finance Limited	0.04	3.0
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	0.94	3.9
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	8.60 10.54	5.3
	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	0.02	0.0
	ECL Finance Limited		
	Edelwess Global Wealth Management Limited	36.82	35.5
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited	0.00	
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited	0.00	0.0
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited		0.0
	Transactive Co. In reg. 5 - 1 value 5 consect to		0.0.
Other Receivable	ECL finance Limited	0.69	0.9
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss	0.00	0.1
	General Insurance Company Limited)		
	I delcap Securities Limited	0.58	
	Edel Investments Limited	0.09	
	Ecap Equities Limited	156.20	0.00
	Edel Finance Company United	0.02	0.0
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1 40	+
	EdelGive Foundation	0 64	0.5
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	(1)	0.0
	I delwess Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	704	0.0
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	0.00	
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.41	0.00
ecurity Deposit Placed (Rental)	LCap Equities Limited	13.68	
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	0 11	
	ECL Finance Limited	14 60	
oans and advances given to	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	220.00	330.00
	Fcap Equities Limited	600.00	399.18
	Edelwerss Securities And Investments Private Lumbed		1,544.70
	Edel Finance Company Limited	232 33	2,632.60
	LCL Cusance Limited		/HQ OC
	Lidelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	772	70.00
lock in trade/ Nifty Linked Debentures	Lcap Equates Limited		





Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency Indian rupees in millions)

Related Parties (Continued)

(I) Transaction and Balances with related parties for the year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	Name of related parties	2022-23	2021-22
Non convertible debentures	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	10.47	18.6
	Edel Finance Company Limited	24 94	28.0
	Ecap Equities Limited	5.4	555.97
Balances with related parties as on 31 March 2023 - (Liabilities)			
0.6	5115		
Subordinated Preference Shares	Edel Finance Company Limited	20.00	918.36
	Ecap Equities Limited	406.68	1,296.51
Accrued interest expense on loans taken from	ECL Finance Limited	0.87	0.24
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Edel Investments Limited	1.83	7.29
	Edel Finance Company Limited	7 92	7 43
····	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	7.92	22.86
·	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	83 29	244 11
	Ecap Equities Limited	4.74	122 89
	Edelcap Securities Limited	474	7.55
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		100000	
Interest Payable-CCD	Edel Finance Company Limited	0 90	E)
Management All Colors and All Colors	Edgl Investments London		
Non convertible debentures held by	Edel Investments Limited  Ecap Equities Limited	4 140 02	300 82
	Edelcap Securities Limited	4,148.83	4,064.34
		1,369.00	350.53
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited  Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited	55 80	225 80
	ECL Finance Limited		0.16
		4 14	8 3 3
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	1.80	7 47
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelwers	10 00	
	General Insurance Company Limited)		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0.01
Interest accrued but not due on Non convertible debentures held by			
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.13	0.57
	FCL Finance Limited	200	0.58
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	2,00	1.81
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweis)	0.08	
	General Insurance Company Limited)	450,000	
	ECap Equities Limited	1.56	
	Edel Investments Lunited		113,190
Interest Payable on Debenture			0.53
	Ecap Equities Limited  Edelcap Securities Emitted	113.18	70.66
	Constant Section (CS Edinter)	1763	4 62
Rental deposits received from	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	50 00	50 00
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	17.72	84
Trade payables to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.13	4.88
	EC Global Limited		0.02
	ECL Enjance Limited	80 64	102 46
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Timited		0.14
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.01	
	Edelcap Securities Firmited	0.21	
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	0.51	
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	0.00	1.74
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited	011	
	Edelwess Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	9.56	
	Edelwens Retail Ensure Limited	0.28	6.22
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	. [	0.22
·	Lcap Equities Funited	4 99	≥ 00
	Novama Wealth and Investment Emited		0.11





Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

### Related Parties (Continued)

### (I) Transaction and Balances with related parties for the year ended March 31, 2023

(Rs in Millions)

Particulars	Name of related parties	2022-23	2021-22
Other Payable	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1.47	1.44
	Edel Finance Company Limited	18.85	0.04
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	0.87	0.00
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.46	0.00
	EdelGive Foundation	0.24	19
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	12,11	7.5
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	0.87	
	Edel Investments Limited	0.75	
	ECL Finance Limited	0.01	
	Ecap Equities Limited	0.61	- 1
	Sekura India Management Limited	0.01	74.
	Edelcap Securities Limited	0.01	100
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	16	0.15
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited	0.15	0.10
Loans taken from	Edel Finance Company Limited	1,671.50	18
	Edel Investments Limited	(4)	685.00
	Edelwerss Financial Services Limited	5,689.90	9,339 23
	Edelcap Securities Limited	2.1	944.46
	Ecap Equities Limited	1,460.10	112 56
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	•	3,470.00
Off balance sheet Item			
Corporate guarantee given for	ECL Finance Limited	149.30	249.09
	Edel Finance Company Limited	701.80	726 55
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		32 49
Corporate guarantee taken from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	4,201 94	1,324 40
an parama gran an inchination contin	Ecap Equities Limited	1,612.64	280 22
Risk and Rewards sharing arrangement	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1,840 78	2,208 60
	I the second of the second	1,010 70	2,708 00

0.00 indicates amounts less than Rs. 0.01 millions





Notes to Conoslidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

### 42 Contingent liabilities, commitments and leasing arrangements:

### 42.1 Contingent liabilities and commitments

- a) Taxation matters in respect of which appeal is pending Rs. 257-15 million (Previous year: Rs. 418.52 million).
- Corporate guarantee given by the Group to bank for Rs. 917 05 million (Previous year: Rs. 1,324.42 million) for availing Fund based Banking facilities by its subsidiary Company Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited).
- The Group has given composite corporate guarantee to bank for Rs. 585.50 million (Previous year: Rs. 569.98 million) for availing fund based Banking facilities by its subsidiary/fellow Subsidiary Companies i.e. Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited), ECL Finance Limited and Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited.

  With reference Deed of Guarantee agreement between the Company and the Lender, the liability of the Company is lower of value of immovable properties of the Company or outstanding respective facilities of the respective Group Companies. The charge created on immovable properties of the Company amounting to Rs. 585.50 million as at March 31, 2023 (Previous Year: Rs. 569.98 million)
- d) The Group has given guarantee of Rs. 701.80 million (Previous year: Rs. 726.55 million) on behalf of Edel Finance Company Limited ('EFCL'), a holding company, which has sold certain financial assets to Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited ('EARC'), another group company. The terms of sale required any Edelweiss group company to provide EARC with unconditional and irrevocable guarantee for securing the guaranteed obligation of EFCL.
- e) The Company has provided Corporate Guarantee to VISTRA ITCL (India) Limited for borrowings from BPEA Credit India Fund III ('Barings') amounting to Rs. 3,290.60 million (Previous year: Rs. Nil million) on behalf of its wholly owned subsidiary Edelweiss Investment Advisors Ltd (EIAL) in respect of credit facilities obtained by EIAL.
- f) Undrawn Commitments for AIF funds Rs. 384 95 million (Previous Year; Rs. 4,743.14 million)
- g) During the year ended 31 March 2023, certain assets amounting to Rs. Nil million (Previous year: Rs. 1284.40 million) were sold to alternative assets funds by the fellow subsidiary NBFCs. The Group has, vide a put agreement dated 31 July 2021, has guaranteed / undertaken to purchase these financial assets amounting to Rs. 1284.40 million on occurrence of certain trigger event as per the agreement
- h) Litigation pending against Group amounts to Rs. 177.90 million as at 31 March 2023 (Previous Year: Rs. 177.90 million) on account of ammended value proposed by regulation authority in the case of IDBI Trusteeship Ltd v/s. Ornate Spaces Ltd.
- The Group operates in a regulatory and legal environment that, by nature, has a heightened element of litigation risk inherent in it's operation. As a result, the company is involved in various litigation, arbitration and regulatory proceedings in the ordinary course of it's business. The company has formal controls and policies for managing legal claims. Based on professional legal advise, the company had several unresolved legal claims however individually any of the claim is not material. The aggregate value of claim against the company is Rs. Nil million (Previous Year Rs. 2.54 million)
- j) Undrawn Committed credit lines subject to meeting of conditions, Rs. 336 00 million (Previous Year: Rs. 287 95 million) as at the balance sheet date
- Capital Commitments Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for Rs. 1.95 million (Previous Year: Rs. 10.52 million)
- I) The Group has has provided bank gurantess amouting to Rs. 319.23 Million (Previous Year: Rs. 319.23 million)
- m). The group has Loan sanctioned and pending disbursements of Rs. 1, 399.92 million (Previous Year, Rs. 871.90 million)

The Group's pending litigations mainly comprise of claims against Group pertaining to proceedings pending with Income Tax, Excise, Custom, Sales/VAT tax / GST and other authorities. The Group has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in the financial statements The amount of provisions / contingent liabilities is based on management's estimate, and no significant liability is expected to arise out of the same.

The Group has received demand notices from tax authorities on account of disallowance of expenditure for earning exempt income under Section 14A of Income Tax Act 1961 read with Rule 8D of the Income Tax Rules, 1962. The Group has filed appeal/s and is defending its position. Based on the favourable outcome in Appellate proceedings in the past and as advised by the tax advisors, Group is reasonably certain about sustaining its position in the pending cases, hence the possibility of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits on this ground is remote.





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

### 43 Reconciliation of impairment allowance on trade receivables:

Particulars	Amount
Impairment allowance as on 01-Apr-21	437.84
Add/ (less): asset originated or acquired (net)	(44.87)
Impairment allowance as on 31-Mar-22	392.97
Add/ (less): asset originated or acquired (net)	(24-65)
Impairment allowance as on 31-Mar-23	368.32

### 44 Encumbrances on fixed deposits held by the Group:

- a) Fixed deposits aggregating to Rs. 59.24 millions (Previous year: Rs. 57.15 millions) have been pledged with banks for obtaining the bank guarantee provided to VAT authorities for meeting statutory requirements.
- b) Fixed deposits aggregating to Rs. 6.60 millions (Previous year: Rs. 16.50 millions) have been pledged with bank for obtaining the bank guarantee provided to Customs authorities for meeting statutory requirements.
- c) Fixed deposits aggregating to Rs. 13.09 millions (Previous year: Rs. 14.31 millions) have been pledged with bank for obtaining the bank guarantee provided to various mandis for margin and license requirements.
- d) Fixed deposits aggregating to Rs. 322.53 millions (Previous year: Rs. 322.83 millions) have been pledged with banks for securing bank Guarantee.
- e) Fixed deposits aggregating to Rs. 1180.12 millions (Previous year: Rs. 910.76 millions) have been pledged with banks for letter of credit and secretisation.
- f) Fixed deposits aggregating to Rs. Nil millions (Previous year: Rs. 1,117.00 millions) have been pledged with banks for securing Bank Overdraft.
- g) Bank Balance aggregating to Rs. 28.73 million (Previous year: Rs. 665.48 million) have been held in Escrow account is charged against debt securities
- h) Bank Balance aggregating to Rs. 4 million (Previous year: Rs. 4 million) have been pledged with exchanges for meeting base capital requirement





Notes to Conoslidated Financial Statements (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

### 45 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic earnings per share (EPS) is calculated by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to equity holders (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares and interest on the convertible bond, in each case, net of tax) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on the conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

In accordance with Indian Accounting Standard 33 – "Earnings Per Share" prescribed by Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2015, the computation of earnings per share is set out below:

	2022-23	2021-22
Profit /(loss) for the year	(2,529.86)	(1,536.37)
Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating basic EPS		
Number of shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	72,285,322	39,775,367
Number of Shares issued during the year		6,760,000
Compulsory Convertible Debenture and Preference share		25,749,955
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	72,285,322	72,285,32.2
Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating Basic EPS	72,285,322	65,562,363
Number of dilutive potential equity shares		50.
Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating diluted EPS	72,285,327	65,562,363
Earnings per share (EPS) (Face value Re.1 each)		
Basic earnings share (in Rs)	(35.00)	(23.43)
Dilutive earning per share (in 8s)	(35 00)	(23.43)

The weighted average number of shares takes into account 25,749.955 equity shares to be converted on issuance of compulsorily convertible debentures ("CCD") & compulsorily convertible preference shares ("CCPS")





Notes to Conoslidated Financial Statements (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

### 46 Leases:-

1) This note provides information for Right of use assets where the Group is a lessee. Group has not given any property on lease

Carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognised and the movements	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Opening balance as at	114,44	104,64
Addition / disposal during year		45.71
Lease pre-closure	(7.71)	(5.31)
Depriciation/Amortisation for the year	(30.97)	(30.60)
Closing balance as at	75.76	114.44

2) This note provides information for leases where the Group is a lessee.

Carrying amounts of lease liabilities and the movements	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Opening balance as at	142.39	139.95
Addition / disposal during year	31.15	35.84
Accretion of interest	12.58	13.19
Lease pre-closure	(14.45)	(9.71)
Lease payment for the year	(37.43)	(36.88)
Closing balance as at	134.24	142.39

3) The statement of profit or loss shows the following amounts relating to leases

Particulars	Mar-23	Mar-22
Depreciation on ROU of assets	30.97	30.60
Reversal of lease pre-closure	(6.74)	(4.40)
Interest cost	12.58	13.19
Expenses related to short term lease		
Total amount recognised in statement of profit and loss	36.81	39.39

4) This note provides information for Total cash Outflow for Leases

Particulars	Mar-23	Mar-22
Cash outflow of long term leases	37.69	37.28
Cash outflow of short term leases	1.95	0.55
Total	39.64	37.83

5) This note provide details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities, on an undiscounted basis.

Particular	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Less than 1 year	38.36	40.03
1-3 years	66.29	70.42
3-5 years	28.96	54,14
More than 5 years	2.63	5.77
Total	136.24	170.31





Notes to Conosildated Financial Statements (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

### 47 Retirement benefit plan

### A) Defined contribution plan (Provident fund and National Pension Scheme):

Amount of Rs.47.93 million (Previous year Rs. 46.17 million) is recognised as expenses and included in "Employee benefit expense" in the statement of profit and loss

### B) Defined benefit plan (Gratuity):

The following tables summarise the components of the net benefit expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss and the funded and infunded status, and amount recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity benefit plan

### Statement of profit and loss

Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

	2022-23	2021-22
Current service cost	12.23	10 97
Interest on defined benefit obligation	0 35	(0.26)
Expected return on plan asset		
Past service cost		
Acturial (gain) or loss recognized in the year		
Exchange rate adjustment	, ,	4
Total included in 'Employee benefits expense'	12.58	10.71

	In Dahas	Comprehensive	
Movement	In Other	Lomprenensive	income:

	2022-23	2021-22
Balance at start of year (Loss)/ Gain	(34 30)	(6.57)
a Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in financial assumptions	4.71	2 46
b. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from experience over the past year	(1.40)	(2.89)
c Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in demographic assumptions	1 14	(3.40)
Return on plan assets excluding amount included in net interest on the net		
defined benefit liability/ (asset)	(2 60)	2.64
Changes in the effect of limiting a net defined benefit asset to the asset ceiling		
excluding amount included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability/		
(asset)	(3.25)	(26 54)
Balance at end of year (Loss)/ Gain	(35.70)	(34 30)

### **Balance sheet**

Reconciliation of defined benefit obligation (OBO):

	2022-23	2021-22
Present value of DBO at the beginning of the year	14 46	92 24
Acquisition/ (Divestiture)		5.18
Transfer in / (Out)	(1 82)	(5.27)
Interest cost	4.27	4 ()4
Current service cost	12.23	10 97
Benefits paid	(12.83)	(25 44)
Past service cost		
Actuanal (gain)/loss	(4.45)	3 84
Exchange Rate Adjustment		
Present value of DBO at the end of the year	71.86	74.46

	2022-23	2021 22
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	105.76	107.80
Acquisition / (Divestiture)		(9.58)
Contributions by Employer	12 83	19.59
Benefits paid	[12.8 1]	[19.55]
Interest income	6.22	4.50
Return on plan asset excluding amount included in net interest anothernet		
defined benefit liability/ (asset)	(2.60)	2 64
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	109.38	105,76





Notes to Conoslidated Financial Statements (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

### 47 Retirement benefit plan (Continued)

### B) Defined benefit plan (Gratuity) (Continued):

Net asset / (liability) recognised in the balance sheet:

	2022-23	2021-22
Present value of Defined Benfelit Obligation	71.86	74.46
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the		
year	109.38	105.76
Net Liability	(37.52)	(31.30)
Less: Effect of limiting net assets to asset	4/2	<del></del>
ceiling	44.65	39.11
Liability recognised in the balance sheet	7.14	7.81

### Experience adjustments:

	2022-23	2021-22
On plan liabilities: loss / (gain)	1.40	23.29
On plan assets: gain / (loss)		0
Estimated contribution for next year		

### Principal actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date:

	2022-23	2021-22
Discount rate	5.90%	5.90%
Salary escalation	7%	7%
Employees attrition rate	16%	16%
Expected return on plan asset	5.00%	5.00%
Mortality Rate	IALM 2012-14 (Ultimate)	(ALM 2012-14 (Ultimate)

Percentage Break-down of Total Plan Assets	2022-23	2021-22
Investment Funds with Insurance Company and Cash	96 00%	
Cash and cash equivalents	4.00%	4.00%
Total	100.00%	100%

### Sensitivity Analysis for 2022

DBO increases / (decreases) by	2022-23	2021-22
Increase of 1% in Salary Growth Rate	2.62	3.82
Decrease of 1% in Salary Growth Rate	{2 53}	(3,51)
Increase of 1% in Discount Rate	(2.51)	(3.52)
Decrease of 1% in Discount Rate	2.64	3.83
Increase of 1% in Attrition Rate	0.01	(0.19)
Decrease of 1% in Attrition Rate	(0.01)	0.20
Mortality (Increase in expected lifetime by 1		
year)		4
Mortality (Increase in expected lifetime by 3		_
years)		

### 48 Employee Stock Option Plans

The Holding Company (Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ("EFSL")) has Employee Stock Option Plans and Stock Appreciation Rights Plans (SAR) in force. Based on such ESOP/SAR schemes, parent entity has granted an ESOP/SAR option to acquire equity shares of EFSL that would vest in a granted manner to Company's employees. Based on group policy / arrangement, EFSL has charged the fair value of such stock options, Company has accepted such cross charge and recognised the same under the employee cost. Current year charge of Rs #23 millions (previous year release of Rs 13.36 millions)





### Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

### 49 Cost sharing and other recoveries

### Cost Sharing:

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, being the Ultimate Holding Company along with fellow subsidiaries incurs expenditure like common senior management compensation cost, Group Mediclaim, etc., which is for the common benefit of itself and its certain subsidiaries including the Group. This cost so expensed is reimbursed by the Group on the basis of number of employees, time spent by employees of other companies, actual identifications etc. On the same lines, costs like rent, electricity charges incurred by the Group for the benefit of fellow subsidiaries and associate companies are recovered as reimbursement by the Company from the subsidiaries and associate companies on similar basis. Accordingly, and as identified by the management, the expenditure heads in note 36 and 39 include reimbursements paid and are net of the reimbursements received based on the management's best estimate.

As per the master service agreement, The Group provides necessary support for activities relating to information technology, human resource, administrative, finance and operations related services to holding company, subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries and associate companies. The income in note 31 as Business support services income relates to amount recovered from these entities for the said services.

### Other recoveries:

The income in note 33 relates to amount recovered from the ultimate holding Company, subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, for occupying office premises in the Group's building.





Notes to Conoslidated Financial Statements (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

### 50 Details of dues to micro enterprise and small enterprise:

Trade Payables includes Rs.8.46 million (Previous year: Rs. 7.26 million) payable to "Suppliers" registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. No interest has been paid / is payable by the Group during the year to "Suppliers" registered under this act. The afore mentioned is based on the responses received by the Group to its inquiries with suppliers with regard to applicability under the said act.

### Details of dues to micro and small enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act ,2006

	As at March 31,	As at March 31
	2023	2022
The principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at end of accounting		
year		
Principal amount due to micro and small enterprises	8.46	7.26
Interest due on above	1.	34.00
Total	8.46	7.26
The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act 2006 along with amounts		
of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year	16	
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid		
but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED.	75	
Act 2006		
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year	50	- 17
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date	<u> </u>	
when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as	43	13
a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act 2006		

### 51 Corporate social responsibility (CSR):

As per the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013:

- i) Gross amount required to be spent by the Group during the year was Rs. 5.72 millions (Financial Year 21-22 Rs. 10.53 millions)
- ii) Amount spent during the year on

Particulars	în cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total
Constructions / acquisition of any assets	131	530	- 1
On purpose other than (i) above	5./2	Link	5.72

- iii) Shorfall at the end of the year was Rs. Nil million (Previous Year Nil million)
- iv) Total of previous years shorfall was Rs. Nil million (Previous Year Nil million)





### Notes to Conoslidated Financial Statements (continued) (Currency Indian rupees in millions)

### 52 Risk Management framework

### A) Governance framework

The primary objective of the Group's risk and linancial management framework is to protect the Group's shareholder) from events that hinder the sustainable achievement of financial performance of have g efficient and effective lisk management systems in place.

### B) Approach to capital management

Group's objectives when managing capital, are to (a) maximise shareholde, value and provide bunefits to other takeholders and maintain are optimal capital, are to (a) maximise shareholder value and provide bunefits to other takeholders and maintain are optimal capital, are to

For the purposes of the Groups's (apital management), apital includes issued capital, thare premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity includes

Figure monitors capital using dight agosts sales which is total dight devided by total agosts.

Particular As at 31st March 2023		As at 31st March 2022
Total Debt	45,500.10	
Equity	2 981 69	4,923 14
Net Debt to Equity	15 26	12 00

### C) Credit Risk

Credit risk arises when a customer or counterparty does not meet its obligations under a justomer contract in financial instrument, leading to a financial lass. The Group is expected to credit risk from its operating activities primarily trade receivables and financial instruments.

The Girrup's management policy is to closely monitor i reditworthine of counterparties by reviewing their redit rating, financial statement in regular basis

The Group stimancial assets subject to the expected credit loss mode within Ind AS 100 are short term trade and other receivable, and financial instruments. Group applies the expected credit loss nice elso receivables a computed based in a provincial matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience.

Group is exposed to tredit isk in mutual fund investment, however there investments are not subjected to ild AS 109 impairment is unit in the same measured at EVTPL. The carrying value of these investments is identified by represents the group's maximum exposure to tredit risk in financial instruments not subject to the In-AS 109 impairment requirements in the respective reporting dates.

The expected i redit lists it a product of exposure at default, probability of default, and loss given default. The Group has devised an internal minled to evaluate the probability of default, and loss given default based on the parameters set out in Ind AS. Accordingly, the financial instruments are classified into various stages as follow:

Internal rating grade	Internal grading description	Stages
Performing		
High grade	0 dpd and 1 to 30 dpd	Stage #
Standard grade	31 to 90 dpd	Stage
Non-performing		
Individually impaired	90+ dpd	Stage

<sup>\*</sup> dod indicates days past due

Credit loss is the difference between all contricted cash flows that are inner to an entire macroniance with the contract and all the cash flow, that the citity expects to include cash shortfalls), discounted at the original ER.

### Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

transplanments a financial instrument defaulted, classified as Stage 4 (credit anguined) for ELL calculations, in all cases, when the financial instrument becomes 90 days past due. Classification of asyety forestage 2 has been carried out based on 50.0 criterion. Accounts which are more than 10 days past due have been inheritabled as incounts where lighticant increase in credit risk has been inherited. Been classified as Stage 2 arrests. As a part of a quantitative assessment of whether a contourner is in default, the Group also considers a variety of instance that may indicate uniformly pay. When such events occur, the Group catefully considers whether the event should reserve as treating the customer as default of and therefore a sessed as Stage 3 (c) of calculations in whether Stage 2 in composite.

### Probability of Default

Historical DPD data is used to calculate historic default rates for each portfolio. His is done by using transition quatror which are calculated by accessing the transition from the use DPD date to the default DPD date 12 months from the colour date.

### Loss Given Delauit (LGD)

The LGB represents expected lowers on the LAB grounds expected in the count of the base value of money. The trust Ground Edding and the base value of money. The trust Ground Eddin (1900) has been computed with accident methodology. We have tital is writened to be the most leader, to expected and logical approach to build an Edd conserved. Along with a trust recoveries, value of the amendang and the trust recoveries, while a first method has been fortened in the system of the conserver, a build conserved. We have taken money a first an expected at a prevention of takens on the adolog at the trust of the last of the weakens pieces; or a particular hady, as a prevention of takens on the adolog at the trust of the last o

### Exposure at Default (FAD)

The asserted with the burrower will nee to the profiles at the trace of default is defined as Lephson at Default (IAB). While the dissumment have relief to the capital expression for the capital expression and the capital expression at the capital expression and t

(All - thayeofreds less + (restat Conversion) actor ! Undragen (secht) me

Wheter

thaspet rold tree - terrent outstanding amount

Leads Conversion Castor (CEE). Expected Biture throwbown as a proportion of units we would be warm could be up. Difference between the best discount which the group has contrastical and during or tit free Wilde the drawn expressor and bests for the ensurer are available, the anodeling of til 1 is required for compating the Late.





Notes to Conosidated Financial Statements (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

- 53 Risk Management framework (Continued)
- A) Collateral held and other credit enhancements
- The tables on the following pages show the maximum exposure to credit risk by class of financial asset

Maximum exposure to credit risk as at	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	Principal type of collatera
Financial assets			
Loans:			
Retail Loans and Wholesale Loans	31,849.01	39,295 25	Property, book Receivables Diversified pool of Real Estate Projects, Land, Bank balance
Trade receivables	380.88	226.48	
Debt instruments and other investment at amortised cost	7,688.47	9,510 46	No Collateral
Other Financial Assets	1,441 16	754 10	No Collateral
Total financial assets at amortised cost	41,359.52	49,786.29	
Derivative financial instruments	- 1	17_16	
Loans at FVTPL	2,219.22	3,361 82	No Collateral
Financial assets at FVTPL	6,522.09	6,876 19	No Collateral
Financial assets at FVTPL Stock in trade	2,546.66	2,257.81	No Collateral
Total financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	11,287.97	12,512.98	
Debt instruments at fair value through OCI	•		
Total debt instruments at fair value through OCI		-	
Total Financial assets	52,647.48	62,299.27	
Loan commitments	1,399 92	871 90	Property book Receivables
Financial guarantee contracts	386.99	2,620,95	No Collateral
Other commitments (max exposure)	1,786.91	3,492.85	
Total	54,434,39	65,792.12	

II Financial assets that are stage 3 and related collateral held in order to mitigate potential losses are given below:

31-Mar-23	Maximum exposure to credit risk (carrying amount before ECL)	Associated ECL	Carrying amount	Fair value of collateral
Financial assets				
Loans	8,186 10	7,675 32	510.78	805.57
Total financial assets at amortised cost	8,186.10	7,675.32	510.78	805.52
Financial guarantee contracts	386 99	11	386 99	386.99
Total	8,573.09	7,675.32	897.77	1,192,51

31-Mar-22	Maximum exposure to credit risk (carrying amount before ECL)	Associated ECL	Carrying amount	Fair value of collateral
Financial assets				
Loans	3,728.42	2,676.23	1,052-20	3,006 12
Total financial assets at amortised cost	3,728.42	2,676.23	1,052.20	3,006.12
Financial guarantee contracts	2,620.95	0.09	2,620 86	2,620 %
Total	6,349.37	2,676.31	3,673.06	5,626,98





Notes to Conoslidated Financial Statements (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

### 53 Risk Management framework (Continued)

### B) Analysis of risk concentration

The Group's concentration of risk are managed by client/counterparty and sector. The following tabke shows the risk concentrated by industry for the components of the balance sheet.

Industry analysis - Risk concentration for 31 March 2023

Particulars	Financial services	Retail and wholesale	Total
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalent			
and other bank balances	3,727_54	_	3,727.54
Derivative financial			
instruments	-	_	
Investment	14,388.57		14,388.57
Stock in trade	2,546 66	-	2,546 66
Trade and other			
receivables	380 88	-	380.88
Loans	3,695 15	30,373,09	34,068.24
Other Financial Assets	1,249 08	192 07	1,441 15
Total	25,987.88	30,565.16	56,553.04
Other Commitments	386 99	1,399.92	1,786 91
Total	26,374.87	31,965.08	58,339.95

Industry analysis - Risk concentration for 31 March 2022

Particulars	Financial services	Retail and wholesale	Total
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	6,227 17		6,227 17
Derivative financial instruments	17.16		17.16
Investment	16,386.64		16,386.64
Stock in trade	2,257 81		2,257.81
Trade and other receivables	226 48		226.48
Loans	9,720 22	32,937.18	42,657.40
Other Financial Assets	618.52	135.54	754.06
Total	35,454.00	33,072.72	68,526.72
Other Commitments	4,743 17	871.91	5,615.08
Total	40,197.17	33,944.63	74,141.80





### Notes to Conosidated Financial Statements (continued)

[Currency | Indian rupees in millions]

### Risk Management framework (Continued)

### Liquidity risk and funding management

liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting abligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial associated with financial liabilities. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of.

I]Possibility that the Group could be required to pay its trade payable relief than expected

II)Mismatch in maturity profile of assets and liabilities

III)Delay = receipt of receivables including agency receivables

The Group policy is to satisfy redemption requests by the following means (in decreasing order of priority).

I)Withdramal of cash deposits
II)Disposal of highly liquid assets (i.e. short-term, low-risk debt investments, inventory)

III)Either disposal of other assets or increase of leverage

The Group also has undrawn borrowing facilities amounting to Av. 500 millions as on 31 March 2023 (as on 31 March 2022 - Rs. 70 millions)

### 53.D.1. Analysis of financial assets and financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity around of the undiscounted cash flows of the Group's non-derivatives financial liabilities Repayment, which are subject to notice are treated as if notice were to be given immediately. However, the Group expects that the counserparties will not request repayment on the earliest date it could be required to pay

### Analysis of non-derivative financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities

### As at 31-Mar-23

Non-derivative financial liabilities	Upto 3 months	S to 6 months	Belween 6 months to 1 year	letween 1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Trade payables	387 79					187 79
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	2,116.44	4,508 14	4,636 74	7,566 99	1 533 78	20,362 09
Debt securities	1,957 10	387 00	1 119 68	12 08 7 50	13,047.43	2H,600 /1
Subordinated financial liabilities		427.10	56.25	6 1 1 50	-	1,115 85
Other fin ancial habilities	1,785.87	477.53	1,020.06	3,361.75	5.739.58	12,384.79
Total und scounted non-derivative financial liabilities	6,247.20	5,799.77	6,832.73	23,650 74	20,320.79	62,851.23

### Analysis of non-derivative financial assets by remaining contractual maturities

Non-derivative financial assets	Upto 3 months	Belween 3 to 6 months	Helween 5 months to 1 year	L year to 3 years	Viore than 3 years	(plai
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank habities	2,229 48	2121	1,042 96	85 87	341.97	1,727.55
Stock in trace	7,151.01	1 30	37.33	26 72	2/27	2 546 66
Trade receivables	18084					180 84
toans	2,845-21	1 976 78	4,294.68	16,405 11	21,300.02	48,771.54
Investments	6,722 5 1	115 Sh	222 44	1,501.44	1.826-61	14_188 58
Other financial assets	41657	19 00	502	193.43	80 / 16	1,441 18
Total und acounted non-derivative financial assets	15,048.69	2,089.41	5,602.43	20,212.79	28,303.03	71,256.15

Non-derivative financial liabilities	Upto	Between	Between 6	Between	More than 3 years	Total
	3 months	3 to 6 months	months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years		
Trade payables	220 91	97.20				318 13
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	4,688 21	1 591 31	8,855-35	16,158 50	561.13	11,854.57
Debt securities	9,155 50	394 06	5,077 76	1,045 12	13,019 05	28,691.49
Subordinated Imamical habilities			2,290.75	112.50	612.50	3,015.75
Other financial liabilities	1,342 72	362.03	80 1 08	2,564 94	4,600-18	9,673.85
Total undiscounted non-derivative financial liabilities	15,407.38	2,444.60	17,027.84	19,881.06	18,792.86	73,553.74

### Analysis of non-derivative financial assets by remaining contractual maturities

Non-derivative financial assets	Upto 1	Between I to	Between 6	Between	More than	Total
	months	6 months	months to 1 year	1 year to 3 years	3 years	
Lish and cash equivalent and other bank balances	4,851.94	15.78	977.72	115 06	24.68	6,227.18
Strick su-trade	1,632.83	4.29	7 86	556.23	56-60	2,257.81
frade receivables	3H -2H	106-69	81 71			776 48
liains	2,614.24	2,005-26	7.475 09	22,070 74	27,068 54	61,181.87
logestments	\$ \$ 7 N-1		5.43	11,024.40	5,018.98	16, 196 65
titler financial assets	401 19		12 92	21.75	116.41	254.29
lotal undiscounted non-derivative financial assets	9,878.62	2,152.02	8,510.23	34,010.18	32,485.23	87,036.28

based on the stress rests considering various scenarius, management believes that the Company will be able to pay its obligations as and when these herome due in the next one year. Management assessments of sice a stress restore, as bided recoveries from sale of its investments, scheduled recovery from group company receivables, expected horowing and future cash flows that will be governed from operations. The belong company represents that it will continue to provide operating and financial support to the Company. The Board of Directors have approved the business plan the liquidity, asset failuling management of the Company and that the Company will be able to replay its debts.

### Analysis of derivative financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities

_				
۸,	al	31	Mer-23	

Derivative Financial assets	lighte amonths	Between 1 to 6. Between 6 months to	Between Lyeur St. 1	More than 1	lo1al
Net settled denyatives entered into for trading purposes					
total					

٠.	-1	ai.	Mar	,,	
77	•••	•	44101	•••	

1		Heddingers & bards	the tax reports markly, to	Between Levy to 1	Mary Blue 1	1
Delivative Financial assais	Optio Estimativo	menth	Typie	grain	904	Letal
April settled designifices instead adulta trading programs.	(1), (4))					(12.00)
fedal	112:00					(12.01)





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (Continued) (Currency Indian rupees in millions)

### 53 Risk Management framework (Continued)

### E Market risk

Market risk is the risk which can affect the Group's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments due to adverse movements in market prices. Of instrument due to interest rates, equity prices, foreign exchange rates and credit spreads. The objective of the Group's market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters.

Market the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to change in market valuables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. Group classifies exposures to market risk into either trading or non-trading portfolios and manages each of those portfolios separately.

### (i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future ash flows or the fair values of financial instruments. The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk as it does not trade in Interest Rate Derivatives and does not have any loans having variable interest rates.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates (all other variables being constant) of the Group's statement of profit and loss and equity

Currency of borrowing /			2022-23			
advances	Increase in basis points	Effect on profit before	Effect on Equity	Decrease in basis	Effect on profit	Effect on Equity
	500	tax		points	before tax	L
INR Loans	0.25	30.71		0.25	(30.71)	
INR Borrowing	0.25	(51.85)		0.25	51.85	

Currency of borrowing /			2021-22			
advances	Increase in basis points	Effect on profit before	Effect on Equity	Decrease in basis	Effect on profit	Effect on Equity
auvantes		tax		points	before tax	
INR Loans	0.25	30 92		0.25	(30.92)	
INR Borrowing	0.25	(15 01)	_	0.25	15 01	

### (iii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arise majorly on account of foreign currency borrowings.

The table below indicates the currencies to which the Group had significant exposure at the end of the reported periods. The analysis calculates the effect of a reasonably possible movement of the currency rate against the INR (all other variables being constant) on the statement of profit and loss [due to the fair value of currency sensitive non-trading monetary assets and liabilities] and equity (due to the change in fair value of currency swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts used as cash flow hedges)

			2022-23			
Currency	Increase in currency rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in currency rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
USD	5	4.50		5	(4.50)	

	1		2021-22			
Currency	Increase in currency rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in currency rate (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
USD	5			5		

### (iii) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flow, of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of individual investment in equity share prices.

			2022-	23		
Impact on	increase in equity price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in equity price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
Derivatives	5			5		
Motual Funds	- 5	5.88		- 4	(5.88)	

			2021 2	2		
mpact on	Increase in equity price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in equity price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
Derivatives	5	(0 (4)		5	0.60	
Mutual Lunds	160			9		





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (Continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

### 53 Risk Management framework (Continued)

### E Market risk (continued)

### (iv) Index price risk

Index price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of equity indices.

			2022-23			
Impact on	Increase in index price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity		Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
Derivatives	5	(4		5	1.77	
Security held for trading	5	5.88		5	-5.88	

			2021-22			
Impact on	Uncrease in Index price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity		Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
Derivatives	5	0.5		5	- 50	
Security held for trading	5	(0.60)		5	0.60	

### (iv) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of market prices other than equity and index prices.

475			2022-23			
Impact on	Increase in price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
Loans Clssified at FVTPL	5	110.96	5%	5	(110.96)	
Security held for trading	5	112.55		5	(112.55)	

			2021-22			
Impact on	Increase in price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity
Loans Clssified at EVTPL	5	168.09		5	(168.09)	***
Security held for trading	5	121,18	-70-	5	(121.18)	453





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (Continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

# 53 Risk Management framework (Continued)

Below Table shows Group's exposure to market risk into Traded Risk and Non-Traded Risk

		21-Mor-12			21 44 22	
D		7			77-1816-16	
rariculars	Carrying amount	Traded risk	Non-traded risk	Carrying amount	Traded risk	Non-traded risk
Assets						
Cash and eash equivalent and other bank balances	3,727,54		3.727.54	6.227.18	,	6.227.18
Denvative financial instruments		,		17.16	17	•
Investment at FVTPL	5.953.58		5.953.58	4.173.21	,	4.173.21
Financial assets at FVTPL	746.58	746.58		3,361.81		3.361.82
Stock-in-trade	2,546.66	2,546,66		2.257.81	2,257.81	
Loans	34.068.23	-	34,068.23	39,295.26		39,295.25
Trade receivables	380.88	•	380 88	226.48		226.48
Financial investments—Amortised cost	7.688.41	-	7.688.41	12.213.44		12,213,44
Other assets	1.441.16	1.31	1,439,85	754.00	5.90	748.10
Total	56.553.04	3,294.55	53.258.49	68,526.35	2,280.87	66.245.48
Liability						:
Borrowings (other than Debt Securities)	33,707,79		33,707,79	29.531.02		29.531.02
Derivative financial instruments				29.17	29.17	
Financial liability designated at						
tair value through profit and loss		•	•			1
Debt secunites	11.283.68		11.283.68	26,805,93		26.805.93
Superdinated Liabilities	508.63		508.63	2,743,15		2,743.15
Trade payables	387.80	•	387.80	318.13		318.13
Other liabilities	12,384,75	•	12,384,75	9.673.85		9,673.85
Total	\$8,272.65	•	58,272.65	69,101.25	29.17	69,072.08





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

### 54 Fair Value Measurement

### A) Valuation Principles :

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or

### B) Assets and liabilities by fair value hierarchy

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments measured at fair value at the reporting date, by the level in the fair

Particulars		31-Mar	-23	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Derivative financial instruments (assets)				
Exchange traded derivatives				
OTC derivatives		1/5	(*)	
Embedded derivatives in market-linked debentures issue				
Total derivative financial instruments (assets)			*	
Stock-in-trade				
Government Securities		-		
securities held for trading	(4)		34	
Debt Securities	171.88	381.22	1,869.79	2,422.8
Mutual Fund		0.74	4	
Equity Instruments				
Nifty Linked Debentures	4	8	123.76	123.70
Preference Shares				- 4
Stock-in-trade	171.88	381.22	1,993.55	2,546.6
Investments				
Government securities	1.8	-		
Debt securities	4.1	100		
Mutual fund units	127.34			127.34
Units of AIF				
Warrants	100		211	
Equity instruments			100	1.00
Investments in Funds	-			
Security receipts			2,245,67	2,245.67
Investment in Tech fund				-
India Credit Investment Fund			2,611,79	2,611,79
India Credit Investment Fund I			1,055.49	1,055.49
Total investments measured at fair value	127.34		5,913.95	6,041.29
Loans and other financial assets measured at fair value	+		2,645.10	2,645.10
Property Plant and equipment			-	
Land and Building			2,024.51	2,024.51
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recur	299.22	381.22	12,577.11	13,257.55





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Particulars		31-Mar	-22	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Derivative financial instruments (assets)				
Exchange-traded derivatives	17.16	-	-	17.16
OTC derivatives	to the			
Embedded derivatives in market-linked debentures issur	-		-	-
Total derivative financial instruments (assets)	17.16	-	-	17.16
Stock-in-trade				
Government Securities	41	4	3)	- 2
securities held for trading		330.96	1,301.86	1,632.82
Debt Securities	620.70			620.70
Mutual Fund	1.0	A	40	
Equity Instruments		-	- 40	
Nifty Linked Debentures			4.29	4.29
Preference Shares		47.454		
Stock-in-trade	620.70	330.96	1,306.15	2,257.81
Investments				
Government securities	-	2	1	
Debt securities	0+0			1
Mutual fund units	(2)		+	-
Units of AIF	-			
Warrants				
Equity instruments		7	1.00	1.00
Investments in Funds	-	-	314.09	314.09
Security receipts	0	-	2,702.98	2,702.98
Investment in Tech fund			199.80	199.80
India Credit Investment Fund II			1,511.33	1,511.33
India Credit Investment Fund I	*	-50	2,147,00	2,147.00
Total investments measured at fair value			6,876.19	6,876.19
Loans and other financial assets measured at fair value			3,361.82	3,361.82
Property Plant and equipment				
Land and Building			2,205.58	2,205.58
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recur	637.86	330.96	13,749.73	14,718.55





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Assets and liabilities by fair value hierarchy (Continued)

Particulars		31-Ma	ir-23	
_	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Derivative financial instruments (liabilities):	-			
Exchange-traded derivatives	4			-
OTC derivatives	4.	4		
Embedded derivative liabilities in market-linked debentu	-	-	-	-
Non convertible debentures issued	91			
Short sales		9		
Total financial liabilities measured at fair value on a re-	-			

Assets and liabilities by fair value hierarchy (Continued)

Particulars		31-Ma	r-22	
_	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Derivative financial instruments (liabilities):				
Exchange traded derivatives	29.17			29.17
OTC derivatives	4	-	1	
Embedded derivative liabilities in market-linked debenti	141	-	*	
Non convertible debentures issued	1	4	16.1	8
Short sales			161	3
Total financial liabilities measured at fair value on a re-	29.17	-	*	29.17





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (Continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

### 54 Fair Value Measurement (continued)

### c) Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The following table sets out the fair values of financial instruments not measured at fair value and analysing them by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which each fair value measurement is categorised. The information given below is with respect to financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost for which the fair value is different than the carrying amount. Carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade and other payables as on 31 March 2023 approximate the fair value because of their short-term nature. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of bank deposits, other financials assets and other financial liabilities is not significant in each of the years presented.

			31 March 2023		
Particulars	Total Carrying Amount	Total fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets:					
Loans	31,423 13	31,862 75	-	-1	31,862 75
Investments at amortised cost	91				t
Other financial assets		-	-	-	ir)
Total	31,423.13	31,862.75	-	•	31,862.75
Financial liabilities					
Borrowings	36,431.13	37,210.31	-		37,210.31
Trade Payables	387.80	387.80			387.80
Other financial liabilities	12,250,51	12,250,51		Ì	12,250.51
Lease Liabilities	134.24	134.24			134.24
Total	49,203.67	49,982.85	-	-	49,982.85
Off-balance sheet items					
Loan commitments	1,399.90	699,95	_		699.95

			31 March 2022		
Particulars	Total Carrying Amount	Total fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets:					
Loans	39,295 25	40,414.74			40,414.74
Investments at amortised cost	9,510.46	11,827 03		-	11,827.03
Other financial assets				-	
Total	48,805.71	52,241.77			52,241.77
Financial liabilities					
Borrowings	59,080 10	59,080.10	- 3	59,080 10	
Trade Payables	318,13	318.13		318.13	
Other financial liabilities	9,531.46	9,531 46	-	9,531.46	
Lease Liabilities	142,39	142,39		142,39	
Total	69,072.08	69,072.08		69,072.08	
Off-balance sheet items	111111111111111111111111111111111111111				
Loan commitments	871.91	435.96			435.96





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (Continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

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S4 Fair Value Measurement (continued)

D) Movement in level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value

The 'cllowing table shows a reconciliation of the opening balances and the closing balances for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

			Financi	Financial assets				
Particulars	Stock-in-trade	Investments in security receipts	investments in units of AIF	Investments in unquoted equity Other investments shares categorised classified as FVTPL at Level 3	Investments in unquoted equity Other investments hares categorised classified as FVTPL at Level 3	Loans FVTPL	Nifty Linked Debentures	Total
At 1 April 2022	*3	2,716.21	4,398.35	1.00	1,273 97	3,361.82	3 00	11,754.35
Purchase	2,453,55	110.33	2,788.27	*0	1000	426.27	5,835.68	11,614.10
Sales	(353.34)	(576.21)	(3,203.42)	3	(1,273.97)	(1,343.27)	(5,961.33)	(12,711.54)
Gains / (losses) for the period (2022-23)								
recognised in profit or loss	(230.42)	(4 66)	(315.92)	•	•	200.28	246.41	(104.31)
At 31 March 2023	1,869.79	2,245.67	3,667.28	1.00		2,645.10	123.76	10,552.60
Unrealised gains / llosses related to balances	(230.42)	(37.63)	(315.92)	•	•	24.57	(0.33)	(559.73)

			Financi	Financial assets				
Particulars	Stock-in-trade	Investments in security receipts	Investments in units of AIF	Investments in unquoted equity shares categorised at Level 3	Investments in unquoted equity Other investments shares categorised classified as FVTPL at Level 3	Loans FVTPL	Nifty Linked Debentures	Total
At 1 April 2021	20.	1,787.46	2,299.53	112.94		2,089.30	1,731.67	8,020.90
Purchase	35	1,650.15	2,401.26		1,592.80	٠	5,047,39	10,691.59
Sales	85	(718.59)	(302.44)	(111.94)	(746.52)	3	(5,965.50)	(7,844.99)
Gains / (losses) for the period (2021-22) recognised in profit or loss	200	(2.81)			427.69	1,272.52	(810.55)	886.85
At 31 March 2022		2,716.21	4,398.35	1.00	1,273.97	3,361.82	3.00	11,754.35
Unrealised gains / (losses) related to balances neid at the end of the period	23	(13.22)	(226.14)	¢	27,88		1.29	(210.19)





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (Continued) (Currency Indian rupees in millions)

- 54 Fair Value Measurement (continued)
- E) Unobservable inputs used in measuring fair value categorised within Level 3

following tables set an eformation about significant unobservable mosts and at trips time following tables were dates in measuring to an interpretate an expected as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy

Type of Financial Instruments	Fair value of asset as on \$1 March 2023	Valuation Techniques	Significant Unobservable input	Increase in the unobservable Input (% or as the case may be)	Change in fair value	Decrease in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)	Change in fair value
Stock in trade	1,80179	Cash flow	Lapected future cash	55	93.19	5%	[23 49]
Nifty littled debentures	121 76	hair value using Black schiller Model or Monte Carlo approach based on the embedded derivative	Market order come	39	HA	51,	-61*
Investment is Security receipts	2 245 67	Discounted cash those the present value of expected future economic berists to be denoing from the ownership of the underlying investment of the trust.	Expected futurificash flows first adjusted	24	úi)	\$96	117 28
Investments in units of Atl	3.667 28	Net Assets Approach	Fair valuit of underlying incestments	5%	ABE 4	59,	(185 M)
Investments in inquoted equity shares categoried at Level 3	1.00	Comparable transaction and P <sub>2</sub> E and discointed cash flow	Fair value per Share	>%	905	5%	{0 05}
Lossen JVFPs	<b>∤</b> 645 L0	Comparable (ransaction shift Pi) and discounted cash flow	Fair value per Utare		A 1% paint change in the discounting rate used in the flar valuation of level 3 asset does not have a significant impact on 4 value.		A 1% point change in the discounting case used in the for valuations of level 4 ascent discounting in the di
fetal	10.552 60				395.37		(395.37)

Fype of Financial Instruments	Falc value of asset as on 31 March 2022	Valuation Techniques	Significant Unobservable input	increase in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)	Change in fair value	Decrease in the unobservable input (% or as the case may be)	Change in fair value
Nolty ferfinal deboretures	Litter (S.	Fair value using 61a trycholes Model or Monte Carlo approach based on the embedded	Market index some		10-31.	39.	10.41
		detailse	Risk - Adjusted discovered calls 16 SN - 37 Sn	0 - 1 to	(4.45)	ü 1 15	6.17
Sovertinent in heisens recently	7.707.98	Discounted with flow the percent value of experted baseline economic best to be deliced from the american of the start of the start.	Experimentation of arth Boxes that integrated characters to the	Ta tittle for 2% 14 in increase en nich enpoying the month	0889	0.5 in liverease in book industed also purificate	0.5
(nyestments in units of Aff	4.177.71	Nel Assets Approach	fan value of underlying myestments	/4	217.95	59,	(217.95
shares categorised at fevel 1	100	Comparable transaction and P/1 and discounted cash flow	Fair value per share	5%	U uS	16	[0.05]
fision TABA	s. Yest let	Edingutable transactions and Pytaerd discounted cash flow	4.10 value per dan e	14	A 1.6 paint change its the discounting rate used in the har vibilities if level Carset does not have a significant inearly its its vibile.	14.	A 1% paint charge in the distributing take used in the fair valuations of fixed 1 asset does true have a significant interact on ally value.
( deal	11,540 15				259 69		(259 59)





Notes to the Consolidated financial statements (Continued) (Currency : Inclan rupees in millions)

### 55 Derivative financial instruments

The table below shows the fair values of derivative financial instruments recorded as assets or liabilities together with their notional amounts.

			31 Mai	31 March 2023		
	Notiona	onal	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Notional	onal	
Particulars	Unit	Notional amount	rair value of asset	Unit	Notional amount	Fair value of liability
Cumency derivatives						
	Number of currency			Number of currency		
-Currency futures	units	1,093,000	78 68	units		
Less: Amount offset refer note 56 - offsetting	note 56 - offsetting Number of currency			Number of currency		
disc osure	units	•	16 68	units		
Total Derivative Financial Instruments						
			31 Mai	31 March 2022		
	Notional	onal	7	Notional		
Particulars	Unit	Notional amount	rair value or asset	Cnit	Notional amount	Fair value of liability
(ii) Index linked derivatives						
ingex Futures	Number of currency	330,750	17.16	Number of currency	177,050	29.17
		24	3	Cours.		2000
Less: Amount offset (refer note 56 - offsetting	note 56 - offsetting Number of currency	1930 7501	100 000	Number of currency	1000	
	units	(ncr'nce)	(QT / T)	units	(UCU,//I)	(73.17)
Total Derivative Financial Instruments		- 8				





### Edebareas Pural & Corporate Services Limited (formerly crown as Edebaress Commodities Services Limited)

Notes to the financial statements (Continued) Currency Indian Lupers of Millions)

### Offsecone

Lend to be not a send and france in the test are tabled to master netting arragements, whereby in the case of insolvency, derivative francial assets and financial states and whether offset is achieved in the balance sheet.

Telace or telace or telace in pages to that a associate lab lab subject to offering, enforceable master netting and similar agreements, as well as in annual for attentioned to misgate credit exposures for these financial assets, and affect of the control of the

### Financial assets subject to offsetting, netting arrangements

After consideration of netting potential Maximum exposure to risk Recognised in the balance Total assets sheet Assets not subject to nerting arrangements
Assets recognised
on the balance sheet Assets after consideration of netting potential Netting potential not recognised in balance sheet Collaterals received ('C) Financial recognised in balance sheet Net asset Offsetting recognised in balance sheet 1.5 % Amount offset\* Gross asset before offset なな Terrative Tence and At 31 March 2023 Particulars

## Financial Sabilities subject to offsetting, netting arrangements

2: 2023 Offsettan Gross Eablitry	s balance sheet	Metting po	Vetting potential not recognised in balance sheet	hadron of the san			
Gross Fabrity				Deserve Sheet	Subject to netting	Total liabilities	Maximum exposure to risk
Gross Essent					arrangements		
	Net liability		) pro- special and	Liabilities after	tiabilities		
Partodans Amount offset	Amount offset* necognised in Financial assets	Financial assets	Complete and page /	consideration of	recognised on the	e Dalance	After consideration of netting potential
	balance sheet		(n) besolved	netting potential balance sheet	balance sheet	Sheet	
Defigine Marca aboth		1001	100			,	

### Financial assets subject to offsetting, netting amangements

Metting p	Offsetting recognised in t	salance sheet	A design of						
Gross asset Amount other! recognised in labilities			The same	potential not recognised in	balance sheet	to netting	Total assets	Maximum exposure to risk	
Gross asser Gross asser Amount offset* recognised in labelines						amangements			_
before offset Amount offset* recognised in habdines	2000	Net asset	-		Assets after	Assets recognised			1
and the second second	Service officer Amount officer	recognised in		Collaterals received ('C) consideration of	consideration of	on the balance	ecognise	After consideration of netting potential	-
Damy Ce Paer		balance sheet	CACHE CO.		netting potential	sheet	2005	;	
2. 25 17.16		17.16			17.16		17.16	17.16	Tue
									,

### Fevencial Epidities subject to offsetting, netting arrangements

							Lubilities not			
At 31 Ward-2022	Offsettang	Offsetting recognised in balance sheet	nce sheet	Metture b	Netting potential not recognised in balance sheet	balance sheet	subject to netting	Total liabilities	Maximum exposure to risk	
							arrangements			
	Genes Exhibition		Net habeinty		The standard	Labdries after	Labilities			
Particulars	perfore office	Amount offset* recognised in   Smancial assets	recognised in	Smancial assets	oledesed [7]	consideration of	recognised on the	Mecognised in the balance	After consideration of netting potential	
THE RESERVE TO SERVE A SERVE OF THE RESERVE OF THE RESER			balance sheet		'n nathaud	netting potential	balance sheet	7		
Service france, abouted	一門者		1.1 45.	1800	2	29.17	-	29.17	29.17	





Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

### 57 Investments

			At fair value				
Particulars	At Amortised cost	Through OCI (2)	Through P&L (3)	Designated at fair value through Profit or loss (4)	Subtotal 5 = (2+3+4)	At cost {subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures} {6}	Total (7)= {1+5+6}
(i) Debt securities	101	67	- 3	120	1.9		
(ii) Equity instruments	170	1,50	0 10	Co.	0.10	243	0.10
(iii) Subsidiaries	3%	14.5	19		27	19	
a) Equity	- 0)	- 6			100	1.1	-
b) Debt securities	100		1.5	0%	23		
c) Preference shares	100		1	12.0	107	7.5	
(iv) Other Edelweiss group companies	90		1.0	20	- 19	71	
a) Equity	100		- 1	14	134	70.	
b) Debt securities	-			-		100	
c) Preference shares				77.0	- 12	11.	
(v) Preference shares	- 0.5	- 71	19,	- 2	- 1	- 77	
(vi) Security Receipt	7.0	111	2,245 67	746 52	2,992.19	4	2,992.19
(vii) Others - Investments in Partnership firm Group	67.	13.1	380	2-7	= 4	3 16	3.16
(viii) Pass Through Certificates	502.37			***			502.37
(ix) Others - Investments in Funds	-		3,/94 62		3,794.62		3,794.62
(x) Others - Umts of Tech Funds					-	140	
(xi) Others - Units of India Credit Investment Fund II	70)	7.4	10	23	7.2	Tail	
(xii) Others - Units of India Credit Investment Fund I							
(x) investment in CCDS	1,000.10	• 1				6,152.80	7,182.90
TOTAL - Grass (A)	1,502,47	-	6,040.39	746.52	6,786,91	6,185.96	14,475,34
(i) Investments outside India	-	S2					14,473.34
(ii) Investment in India	1,502.47		6,040.39	746.52	6,786.91	6,185.96	14,475,34
Total (B)	1,502.47		6,040.39	746.52	6,786.91	6,185.96	14,475.34
Luss: Allowance for Impairment (C)			86.81	- 1	86.81	-0.04	86.77
Total Net (A-C)	1,502.47		5,953.58	746.52	6.700.10	6,186,00	14,388.57

			At fair value			At cost	
Particulars	At Amortised cost	Through OCI (2)	Through P&L (3)	Designated at fair value through Profit or loss (4)	Subtotal 5 = (2+3+4)	(subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures) (6)	Total (7)= (1+5+6)
(i) Debt securities	2,126 26						2,126.26
(ii) Equity instruments	4	,	1.00	100	L00		1.00
(iii) Subsidiaries					177		
a) Equity						3,889.14	3,889.14
b) Debt securities		,	300			4	
c) Preference shares		,	,		11	849.75	839.75
(iv) Other Edelweiss group companies				1	-	13.33 A. 1	
a) Equity		11.		-		110.85	110.35
b) Debt securities			1	1			
c) Preference shares				i i			1000
(v) Proference shares							
(vi) Security Receipt			2,702.99		2,702.99		2,702.99
(vii) Others — Investments in Partnership from Group				i i		8.6%	3.65
(viii) Share warrants	_		1	1	-		3.03
(nr) Others - Investments in Funds			4,259.01		4,259.01		4,259.01
(x) investment in CCOS			1.0 000,1	1	1,000 03	2,570.05	3,570.08
TOTAL - Gross (A)	2,126.26		7,963.07		7,961.02	7.412.91	17,502.22
(i) Investments outside India							,302.22
(ii) Investment in India	2,126.26		7,963.02		7,961.02	7,417.93	17,502,22
Total (B)	2,126.76		7,963 02		7,963-02	7,412.91	17,502.22
Less: Allowance for impairment (C)	5.67		86 81		86-81	1,023.09	1,115.57
Total Net (A-C)	2,120 60		7,876.21		7,876.21	6.489.84	16,386.65





Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

### 58 Income tax

The components of income tax expense recognised in profit or loss for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 are

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Current tax	84.58	105.53
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of prior years	5.55	(11.74)
Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	205.02	(8.00)
	4-0.00	(0.00)
Deferred tax relating to unused tax losses and unused tax credits (including write-downs) (r		(8.00)
Deferred tax relating to unused tax losses and unused tax credits (including write-downs) (r Total tax expense		85.79
	net)	

### Reconciliation of the total tax expense

The tax expense shown in the statement of profit and loss differs from the tax expense that would apply if all profits had been charged at India corporate tax rate. A reconciliation between the tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 are follows:

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Profit / (Loss) before tax	(2,177.32)	(1,089.76)
Tax rate	34.94%	34.94%
Income tax expense calculated based on above tax rate	(839.32)	(361.09)
Adjustment in respect of income tax of prior years	5.55	(12.01)
Others -share of partnership firm / Dividend Income	-	0.00
Tax break deduction u/s 36(1)(viii) of Income tax act,1961		2.33
Deduction u/s 35D of Income tax act,1961	(0.08)	(0.08)
Effect of non-deductible expenses	(20.28)	23.08
Penalties	0.00	0.00
Standard Deduction and Property Tax on HP Income		0.00
Effect of utilisation of tax losses or deferred tax assets on losses earlier recognised now		-
considered not recoverable		0.00
Write down / reversal of write down of deferred tax assets on unused tax credits and unused		
tax losses (net)	215.46	(65.67)
Effect of non-recognition of deferred tax asset on current period losses	907.54	497.62
Others	26.27	1.60
Tax expense recognised in profit or loss	295-14	85.79





Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency Indian rupees in millions)

### 59 A Components of deferred tax

The following table shows deferred tax resorded in the Balance sheet and changes recorded in the income tax expense

	Moveme	nt for the seriod	(2022 21)			
13-Mar-21	Opening deterred	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised In other comprehens	Others	Total Movement	Closing deferred tax asset/(liability)
Deferred taxes in relation to:		C- L				
Property, Print and Equipment revolution	(487.71)	175	1.			[19t, s6]
Stock in States & Importments	(101-4)	1,004				(289.29)
Implayer benefits ubliquitions	11.0	(E. (Re	164-6			11.91
First Alle Herbrid Strandings	/19 04)	110 8%				28 901
Bein moving.	16759/3	Miles				57 781
bort Living	1178 40	190.50				9/1/19
Proposition for respect test in paint for:		73/9/1	- 1			23 4 7
Minord tin leven terrialing but not benead to Decrease insure, and sortion deportunities.	546 35					761 18
Unused the could produce gifter and materials.  Minused Alterrate Fire could.	641 92					151 )2
Cup set set surrowing costs on building	11/18	791				P\6 90)
Effection inferred little on hours, disposes		16.2%				26
Shape & Victoria Terragoniani.		9-35				1 36
lefered question avegeneed transaction		531				36.74
Effortive artifest cate on house or Rahyton		1.46				2 16
Ottor	huv.oc	m 14		0.10		100 101
Special Herotaet of a 16(1) (and	-	17.64	all a second			0.61
Right of use Asset (RDA)		U /L				E-26
Yotal	1 228 67	(205.02)	0.66	0.10		1,024-41

	Mavame	nt for the period	(2021-22)			
31 Mar 12	Opening deferred tax asset/(Hability)	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensi we tecome	Others	Total Movement	Closing deferred tax asset/(liability)
Defenced taxes in relation to:						
Property Plant intelligipment description	1554 6/1	1216			58.00	110171
Mack in Provide & Internitrients	1/0.699	01/96			5.	1001.518
Englished English of the About	97.05	214-14	197		(#4 44)	3111
Life Administra of Decisions	/4 ti-	297 pd	7		(94.50)	Chelle
Bustowings	11/17/21	10 (4)			19164)	(127.8/9
how faces	996.17	115/2/14			95733	11/6 %
l-dW-col	-087	<i>≡ 91</i> 1				
Payers to New Poper Levil, 1986 1820	120.67	(trans			1166950	
One on the perfect of the strange load of the period to the more present a period bedieve producted.	58676					
they and the studies much may be a real employ a-	380.00	ny ke	1	-	15 M	56. 10
Eliteritaris Allerin the For special	447.07	57.46			\$1400	- 19 N
Meyerphish the respons	-65-30	(88-70)			1994-980	-
Liji hak wid intervening conforms building	[34-72)	(21)26			(4) 800	15/314
Effective attend rate in forgrandings.	9.9	Paris.			1990	
Mage Attenderies og Majon	11.40	FAL	-		134	
interest quest or a against transmiss-	(806.90)	100-17			198.97	
LHC to cartie entreate are financial foliabilities.	1(17.16)	17.50			10.10	
(illia)	278.1%	457		00-154	A31	(6/1 /49
Tirtal	1,711.11	# DC	9.69	10 151	1754	1,728 67





Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

# 59 B Deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits on which deferred tax asset is not recognised in balance sheet

Financial Year to which the loss relates to	ductible te	Deductible temporary differences			Š	Unused tax losses			
_			Onabso	Unabsorbed business losses	Unabsorb	Unabsorbed Long term capital tosses	ا ا	Unabsorbed depreciation	Total
Amount		Expiry Year - Financial Year	Amount	Expiry Year - Financial Year	Amount	Expiry Year - Financial Year Amount	Amount	Expiry Year - Financial Year	Amount
FY 2022-23 856	856.00	Not applicable	2,636 34	F.Y. 2030-31			2.27	No expiry	2,638.61
FY 2021-22	140.55	Not applicable	1,811,74	F.Y. 2029-30		7)	154.19	No expiry	1,965.93
FY 2020-21 9.937	9.937.35	Not applicable	2,462,50	F.Y. 2028-29	936.18	F.Y. 2028-29	1.90	No expiry	3,400.58
FY 2019-20	1,693 36	Not applicable	1.394 23	F.Y. 2027.28	î	£	3.07	No expiry	1.397.30
FY 2018-19	9		74.50	F.Y. 2026-27	[.		0.71	No expiry	75.21
FY 2017-18	(1)		72.25	F.Y. 2025-26		,	0.82	No expiry	73.07
FY 2016-17	38		222.29	F Y 2024-25			0.12	No expiry	222.41
FY 2015-16	i i		430.98	F Y 2023-24			3.13	No expiry	434.11
12,627.26	527.26		9,104.83		936.18		166.21		10,207.22

As at 31 March 2022	Deductib	Deductible temporary differences			Oni	Unused tax losses			
Financial Vear to which the loss selates to		-	Unabs	Unabsorbed business losses	Unabsorb	Unabsorbed Long term capital losses	5	Unabsorbed depreciation	Total
	Amount	Expiry Year - Financial Year	Amount	Expiry Year - Financial Year	Amount	Expiry Year - Financial Year   Amount		Expiry Year - Financial Year	Amount
FY 2021-22	149 55	No: applicable	2,168.01	F.Y. 2029-30	ā	,	0.32	No expiry	2,168.33
FY 2020-21	9.937.35	No: applicable	2,464 59	F Y 2028 29	936.18	F.Y. 2028-29	1.90	No expiry	3,402.67
FY 2019-20	1.693 36	Not applicable	1,392.94	F Y 2027-28			3.07	No expiry	1,396.01
FY 2018-19	(i)		49.29	F.Y. 2026-27	è		0.71	No expiry	50.00
FY 2017-18			66.02	F.Y. 2025-26		,	0.82	No expiry	66.84
FY 2016-17			222,31	F.Y. 2024-25		5	0.87	No expiry	223.18
FY 2015-16	4		397,97	F Y 2023-24	30		4.11	No expiry	402 08
no-page	11,771.26		6,761.13		936.18		11.80		7,709.11





Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency - Indian rupees in milbons)

### 60 Credit Quality

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Company internal grading and year end stage classification. The amounts presented are gross of impairment allowances. Details of the compnay internal grading system are explained in Note 52 and policies on whether EQ allowances are calculated on an individual or collective basis are set out in Note 52.

### Gross carrying amount of Ioan assets allocated to Stage 1, Stage 2, Stage 3

### Loans at amortised cost

Particulars		31-MJ	r-23			31-Ma	1.55	
	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	TOIJI	Stage	Stage II	Stage III	Total
Performing								
High grade	27,293 04			27,293.04	35697.61			35.692 61
Standard grade		3,420.74		3,420.74		1025 13		3,025 13
Substandard grade								
Non-performing								
Impured			3,208 11	3,208.11			2 39 07	2.536.07
Total	27,293.04	3,420.74	3,208.11	33,921.89	35,692.61	3,025.13	2.536.07	41.253.B1

Reconciliation of changes in gross carrying amount and allowances for expected credit loss

Particulars		Non-crede	Limpaired		Credit ii	пранед	To	tal
	Sta	ge I	Sta	țe II	Stag	je III		
	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for FCL	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for ECL
Balance at 1 April 2022	34,958-47	ú9 -17	4,141.94	106 98	3 137 94	2,530.22	42 433 35	3.007-2
Transfer								
Transfer, to 1.2 Month LCF [Stage 1]	730.07	54.19	(561.24)	1/8 1/1	(16 d & f)	126-42;		
Transfers to liteture ECL (Stage 2)	(820.79)	45 (45)	90 to 11	18 %	PF- 60.	[13,240		
Transfer to Meture FCL Cridit unpaired (Stage)								
5)	(112.16)	( 60)	(388.07)	130 107	707.70	41.7		
Net re-mass rement of ECL arrang from transfer.								
at day.		(50.39)		KI = -		52.61		L/HACE
Net new and further lending/fr_mayments)								
(to kaling write off)	(12,311-01)		(872.93)	1720 64	5.035.57	1743.894	(8 Fat 1/4)	11/8/12 (
Amount: writien off	[0.98]	(0.08)	(5 Ea	13-17	1/481	(9.31)	6,19.90%	447 900
to an indicativety excounted than company?					(410 09,	(/8.56)	(410.09)	(13 Sept
Balance at 11 March 2021	22,234.43	66.84	3,420.72	174.23	R, 197.86	1,754 30	33,848.01	1,995.37

Particulars		Non-rredi	impaired		Credit ii	mparred	fo	Total	
	Stage I		Stage II		Stage III				
	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying	Allowance for ECt	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for ECL	
Balance it L'April 20.1	47,677.87	15.45	4.14249	/63.77	L7/01/07	1565.85	1/4 (6/15/14)	J: 80: 48.	
Transfers									
Transfers to 12 Month ECL (Stage 1)	1,350.73	91.18	TI 27 E 1945	(#5.17)	41.09 (04)	116 919			
Transfers to lifetone ECL (Stage 2)	(1,607.84)	(7.46)	1,014%	12.10	144.67	71.900			
Transfer, to lifetime CCL Tredit Impaired (Stage 3)	Ph 85 26 3	(1.46)	(981 44)	(50.059	1,417.27	54 14			
frethe measurement of ECL arising from the idea.									
erf stage		[27][4]		12 / 1		16954		36:00	
Net new aed to thei lending/fre jayments)									
(recluding water (41)	(12,618.44)	(11.13).	1,199.14	220 1	(0.21)	(1011)	03355.03	207.85	
Amounts westers of	[8 09]	(U NO)	(0.52)	10:103	(79.50)	11.7 11.66	(87.7%)	(3.167)	
From sold to assets inscreating the company's					11 84/ 4.0	81292 1986	11 942 418	1027 (84)	
Balancia, C. March 2022	34,458.47	69 17	4,141.94	406 5R	1,137.94	2,530.77	47,134,35	3,567.72	





Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

### 61 Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

Below table shows changes in in liabilities arising from financing activities during the reporting period

### For the year ended 31 March 2023

		Cash	Finance costs during		
Particulars	1-Apr-22	flows	the year	Others	31-Mar-23
Debt securities	25,019.09	(2,908.81)	1,534.71	206.58	23,851,57
Borrowings other than debt securities	31,288.63	(13,164.65)	1,397.65	1,141.93	20,663.56
Subordinated liabilities	2,772.38	(1,980.01)	192.60	¥0	984.97
Total liabilities from financing activities	59,080.10	(18,053.47)	3,124.96	1,348.51	45,500.10

### For the year ended 31 March 2022

		Cash	Finance costs during		
Particulars	1-Apr-21	flows	the year	Others	31-Mar-22
Debt securities	45,686.46	(24,112,65)	3,584.77	(139.49)	25,019.09
Borrowings other than debt securities	28,127.71	(2,327.34)	5,550.46	(62.20)	
Subordinated liabilities	2,556.43	707	186.65	29.30	2,772.38
Total liabilities from financing activities	76,370.60	(26,439.99)	9,321.88	(172.39)	59,080.10





Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

### 62 Revenue from contract with customers

Below is the disaggregation of the revenue from contracts with customers and its reconciliation to amounts reported in statement of profit and loss:

For the year ended 31 March 2023

Particulars	Nature	Case and some 1. 1.
rai (iculars	Mature	Fees and commission
		income
Service transferred at a point in time	Agri Shared Services (ASC), Real Estate Advisory Practice (REAP) and	305.53
	Others	205.57
Service transferred over time	Enterprise cost sharing	776.46
Total revenue from contract with customers		982.03

For the year ended 31 March 2022

To the fear chieca 22 march 2022					
Particulars	Nature	Fees and commission			
		income			
Service transferred at a point in time	Agri Shared Services (ASC), Real Estate Advisory Practice (REAP) and Others	594.02			
Service transferred over time	Enterprise cost sharing	692,37			
Total revenue from contract with customers		1,286.39			

"Nowama Clearing Services Limited ("NCSL") (Formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited), an erstwhile associate of the Edelweiss Financial Services Company Limited (EFSL) challenged an order, by an investigating agency, marking lien on its clearing account, before the 47th Additional Chief Metropolitan Magistrate Court, Mumbai ("ACMM"). Since the investigation against Anugrah Stock and Broking Pvt. Ltd. ("trading member"), for which NCSL was a clearing member, is still under process, the said Court contended that it had no objection to setting aside the lien order, upon NCSL providing an undertaking to keep sufficient assets unencumbered. The above case which is pending for hearing before ACMM, has now been transferred to the City Civil & Sessions Court under Maharashtra Protection of Interest of Depositors (In Financial Establishments) Act, 1999 (MPID). During the year ended March 2023, hearing has happened with Securities Appellate Tribunal with respect to NSCL's application made to SAT for challenging NCL's perverse order against NCSL; and the said hearing has been concluded and for which no order or further directions from SAT have yet been received. The matter is sub judice and has been listed for further hearing and there is no further update on this matter during the year

On behalf of NCSL, the group has provided the undertaking to keep sufficient unencumbered assets amounting to Rs. 920.00 million belonging to the Company and the said lien has been set aside. During the year ended March 31, 2023 the Company had transferred, such perpetual bond that was given as undertaking to investigating agencies, amounting to Rs.1,950 million to Edel Finance Company Limited in accordance with undertaking submitted to investigating agency that total given undertaking will remain with Edelweiss Group. The Company has been represented by NCSL that it has acted in accordance with the agreement entered with the trading member and in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Accordingly, there is no adjustment required in the financial results for the year ended March 31, 2023.





Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

### 64 Composition of the Group

Sr.	Name of the Entity	Note	Place of Incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest as at March 31, 2023	Proportion of ownership interest as at March 31, 2022
	Subsidiaries:		•		-
1	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)		India	\$5.23%	55 23%
2	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited		India	100.00%	100.00%
3	Comtrade Commodities Services Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Comtrade Limited)		India	100.00%	100 00%
4	Allium Finance Private Limited	a	India	73.76%	70.97%
	Associate				
1	Ecap equities Limited ( Formerly known as Edel Land Limited )		India	37.59%	37,59%

### Notes

a. With effect from 12 October 2022, Group increased its stake in Allium Finance Private Limited, one of its subsidiary from 70.97% to 73.76% and same has be consolidated accordingly.





Notes to the linenclas statements (Continued) (Currenty - Indian rupees in millions)

65 Additional information as required under schedule III of companies Act 2013 enterprises consolidated as subsidiaroes

Sr No.	Name of the Entity	Net Assets I.e. Total Total Liab		Share in Profit	or toss	Share in Other Con	oprehensive	Share in Total Com	prehensive
	FOI FY 2022-23	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount (in Million)	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount (in Million)	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income	Amount (in Million)	As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Armount (in Million)
Pare	nt								
	Edelweiss Bural & Corporate Services Limited	62 85%	4,325.56	77 81%	(1.968.56)	-258 38%	(2.73)	27 95%	(1,971 29)
Subs	idiaries								
	Indian								
1	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)	E15-44%	7.944 68	6.35%	160-63	2/3 36%	7 36	6 45%	162 99
7	Edelweiss Investment Adviser 1 imited	-61 01%	(4.198 94)	46 1/%	(1,173.70)	-16 09%	(0.17)	46 40%	[1,1/3 3/
3	Edelweiss Comtrade Limited	0 10%	7.04	0 18%	(4 64)	18 83%	[0.70]	0.19%	[4 84]
4	Allium Finance Private Limited	19 01%	1 308 34	1.45%	36 71	0.00%		1 45%	36.71
	Non-Controlling Interests	56 67%	3,900 14	3 25 K	82 21	100 00%	1 06	3 /9%	83 76
	Adjustments arising out of consolidation	92 24%	(6,3-17-59)	15 59 %	394.40	32H 33"s	3.42	15.73%	397.87
	Associate (Investment as per the equity method) - Indian								
	Edel Land Limited	9180	(57.40)	2.73%	(57.40)	-25H 181	(2.71)	2 38%	(60 13)
Tota		100%	6,881.83	100%	(2,529.86)	100%	1.06	100%	(2,528 81)
Sr,	Name of the Entity	Net Assets  ,e, T <sub>0</sub> t <sub>1</sub>	il Assets minus	Share in Profit		Share in Other Con		Share in Total Com	(2,528 81)
			il Assets minus						
Sr,	Name of the Entity For FY 2021-72	Net Assets I.e. Total Liab As % of Contolidated	Assets minus	Share in Profit  As % of consolidated	or Lass	Share in Other Com income As % of consolidated other comprehensive	prehensive Amount	Share in Total Com Income As % of consolidated total comprehensive	prehensive Amount
Sr. No	Name of the Entity For FY 2021-72	Net Assets I.e. Total Liab As % of Contolidated	Assets minus	Share in Profit  As % of consolidated	or Lass	Share in Other Com income As % of consolidated other comprehensive	prehensive Amount	Share in Total Com Income As % of consolidated total comprehensive	pretiensive Amount (in Million)
Sr. No	Name of the Entity For FY 2021-22	Net Assets J.e. Total Liab As % of Consolidated net assets	il Assets minus illines Amount (In Millon)	Share in Profit As % of consolidated profit or loss	ar Lass Amount (In Million)	Share in Other Com Income As % of consolidated other comprehensive Income	Amount (in Million)	Share in Total Com- Income As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	pretiensive Amount (in Million)
Sr. No	Name of the Entity  For FY 2021-22  IL  Edelwess Rotal & Corporate Services Limited	Net Assets J.e. Total Liab As % of Consolidated net assets	il Assets minus illines Amount (In Millon)	Share in Profit As % of consolidated profit or loss	ar Lass Amount (In Million)	Share in Other Com Income As % of consolidated other comprehensive Income	Amount (in Million)	Share in Total Com- Income As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	pretiensive Amount (in Million)
Sr. No	Name of the Entity  For FY 2023-22  SI  Edelwess that all & Corporate Services London  diaries  Indian  Note Home 5 mance London (Formerly Anown as Edelwess)	Net Assets J.e. Total Liab As % of Consolidated net assets	il Assets minus illines Amount (In Millon)	Share in Profit As % of consolidated profit or loss	ar Lass Amount (In Million)	Share in Other Com Income As % of consolidated other comprehensive Income	Amount (in Million)	Share in Total Com- Income As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	pretiensive Amount (in Million)
Sr. No	Name of the Entity  For FY 2021-22  IL  Edelmons Rotal & Corporate Services Limited  distries  Indian	Net Assets   e   Total Liab As % of Consolidated net assets	il Assets minus lifities Amount [In Million]	Share in Profit As % of consolidated profit or loss	or Loss Amount (In Million)	Share in Other Con  Income.  As % of consolidated other comprehensive lincome.  1,001.12*	Amount (in Millian)	Share in Total Com Income As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount (in Million)
Sr. No	Name of the Entity  For FY 2021-22  St  Eddinents But at & Corporate Services Eurosted  diaries  Indian  House funder Limited (Formerly Known as Edelwess  House of Stratage Limited)	Net Assets   e. Total Liab Total Liab As % of Consolidated net assets	il Assets minus ilinies Amount (In Million)  6,292 58	Share in Profit As % of consolidated profit or loss 5 \$ \#0 K	Amount (In Million)	Share in Other Con Income. As % of of consolidated other comprehensive income.	Amount (In Million)	Share in Total Com Income As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	### Amount (In Million)
Sr. No	Name of the Entity  For FY 2021-22  NI Edelmoss Ratal & Corporate Services Limited  diaries Indian Ndg Hyme Finance Limited [Furmenty Anown as Edelmoss Housing Finance Limited]  Edelmoss investment Advisor Limited	Net Assets   e   Total Liab As % of Constributed Act assets	il Assets minus litites Amount (in Million) G.292.58	Share in Profit As % of consolidated profit or loss  5 1 40% 5 1 10%	Or Loss Amount (In Million)  (H20 18)  201 82  (R13 41)	Share in Other Con  Income. As % of controllated other comprehensive income.  1981-32%  O 10%	Amount (to Million)	Share in Total Com- Income. As % of consolidated total comprehensive income. 39 16-%	### Amount (In Million)
Subsi	Name of the Entity  For FY 2021-22  IL  Edelwess Statal & Corporate Services Emitted  diaries Indian  Mode Name Enamie Limited [Eurinerly Angum as Edelwess  Mouseig Enamie Limited]  Edelwess Investment Adviser Limited  Edelwess Investment Adviser Limited  Edelwess Control of Limited	Net Assets   e   Total Liab Total Liab A 1% of Consolidated net assets 127 May 157 Plus 61 46% 62 446	Assets minus	Share in Profit As % of consolidated profit or loss  5 \$ 4005  11 145  54 175  0.295	201 87 (813 41) (4-40)	Share in Other Con Income As % of consolidated other comprehensive income  1981-12**  O 10** O 10** O 10** O 10**	Amount (to Million)  (18 10)  (2 14)  (3 14)	Share in Total Communication (Income As % of consolidated total completes (Income 40 total completes (	### Pre-Pre-Pre-Pre-Pre-Pre-Pre-Pre-Pre-Pre-
Subsi	Name of the Entity  For FY 2023-22  IL  Edelwess Ratal & Corporate Services Limited  diaries  Indian  Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly Known as Edelwess  Housing Intake Limited (Formerly Known as Edelwess)  Edelwess Invarient Adviser Limited  Edelwess Servicement Adviser Limited  Adviser Limited  Adviser Limited  Adviser Limited  Adviser Limited	Net Assets Le. Total Liab Ansk of Consolidated net assets 127 Min. 157 Min. 61 45% 6 24% 75 8 58	Assets minus	Share in Profit As % of consolidated profit or loss  5 \$ #80%  1.1 L4% 5.4 2/5% 0.29% 22.16%	Or Loss Amount (In Million)  (H20 TH)  201 B2  (H3 3 41) (4 40) (49 44	Share in Other Com Income As % of consolidated other comprehensive Insome  1981-12**  O Ors  O Pur  O 189  O 189	Amount (In Million)  418 10]  Unit (O 14)  O 07	Share in Total Com Income A's % of consolidated total (comp sheasive income 19 16% 8 87% 14 20% 0 28% 16 77%	Prehensive Amount (in Million)  (761 11)  1 18 %  (842 42) (4 47) 252.86
Subsi	Name of the Entity  For FY 2023-22  IL  Edelwess Shald & Corporate Services Emitted  diaries Indian  Majo Hymne Emance Lumited (Eurmenty Angum as Edelwess)  Housing Emance Emitted)  Edelwess Investment Adviser United  Edelwess Controlling Landing  Non-Controlling Interests	Net Assets I.e. Total Liab A 1% of Consolidated net assets 127 May 01 46% 0 24% 25 81%	Assets minus	\$hare in Profit As % of consolidated profit or loss  5 \$ 400 \$  1.1 14 \$  5.4 15 \$  0.29 \$  22 16 \$  10 86 \$	701 87 (819 41) (440) (40) (40) (40)	Share in Other Con Income As % of consolidated other comprehensive income  1981-12**  O 10**  O 10**  O 10**  O 10**  O 10**  O 10**  O 10**	Amount (In Million)	Share in Total Com- Income As So of consolidated total (ampliables) (income 1991) (inc	Amount

4,923.14

100% (1,536.17)



Total



100% (18 04)

100% (1,554.41)

Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency: Indian rupees In millions)

### 66 Discloure of interest in other company

Sr No	Name of Subsidiary	Place of Incorporation	Proportion of ownership held by non controlling Interest	Profit (foss) a	llocated to non
			EGZ.	31-Mar-23	31 - Mar-22
1	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)	India	44 77%	71 91	61.85
2	Allum Finance Private Limited	India	26 24%	10 29	73.41

Summaried financial information in respect of each of the Group subsidiaries that have material non-controlling interests is set out below. The summaried financial information below represents amounts before intra group eliminations.

### Summaried Financial Information

Sr No	Particulars	known as Edelwe	ce Limited (Formerly elss Housing Finance nited)
		31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
1	Non-Current Assets	27,374 56	25,827.29
2	Current Assets	10,445 34	13,739 30
3	Non current Liabilities	21,921 57	19,060 47
4	Current Liabilities	7,953 66	12,729 80
5	Equity attributable to owners of the company	4,387.85	4,294 86
6	Non controlling Interest	3,556 B3	3,481.46
Sr No	Particulars	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22
1	Revenue from operations	4,365 92	5,120 16
2	Total Income	32 23	5,139 10
3	Total Expense	4,190.08	4,917.28
4	Profit/(toss) before tax	708.07	201 82
5	Lax expense	4/44	(63.75)
6	Profit/(Loss) after tax	160 63	138.07
7	Other Comprehensive income	2 36	0.09
8	Total Comprehensive income	162 99	138 16
9	Total Profit/(Loss) attributable to owners of Parent	8010	L40 01
10	Total Profit/(Loss) attributable to Non-controlling interest	71.91	61 81
11	Cash flow (used)/generated from operating activities	(511-63)	2112 62
12	Cash flow (used)/generated from Investing activities	(49.18)	(17.47)
13	Cash flow (used)/generated from financing agrivities	(1,341.17)	(9,281.40)
14	Net Cash Inflow/(outflow)	[1,976-18]	(6,526.24)





Notes to the financial statements (Continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

# 67 Details of Ratio:

Particular	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Debt-equity Ratio (Refer note 1)	6.83	6.73
Interest Service Coverage Ratio (Refer note 2)	0.64	0.84
Earnings Per Share - Basic (Face Value of Rs10/- each)	(35.00)	
Earnings Per Share - Dilutive(Face Value of Rs10/- each)	(35.00)	
Total Debts/ Total Assets (Refer note 3)	0.71	0.76

#### Notes:

1101	ico.
1	Debt-equity Ratio = Total Borrowing (Non Current Borrowing + Current Borrowings ) / Net worth
	Interest Service Coverage Ratio = Profits before interest and tax / Interest expenses
3	Total debt to Total assets = Total Borrowing (Non Current Borrowing + Current Borrowings ) / Total assets.
4	Current ratio, Long Term Debts to Working capital, Bad Debts to Accounts Receivables Ratio, Current Liability Ratio, Debtors turnover, Inventory turnover and Operating Margin (%), Net Profit Margin (%) are not applicable owing to the business model of the company.





#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency Indian rupees in millions

Title deeds of immovable Properties not held in name of the Company
There is no immovable properly/other than properlies where the Group is feature and the lease agreements are disk execution inflavour of the lesseet, held by the Group, where title deeds are not held in name of Group

59 Details of Benami Property held
The Group does not have any benami property, where any print redsing has been initiated or periding against the company for holding ang Benami property.

#### 70 Wilful Defaulter

The Group has flot, been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or linarists Histidusion or other lender

71 Registration of charges or satisfaction of charges with Registrar of Companies (ROC)
The Group does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with IIOC beyond the statutory privade.

Relationship with Struck off Companies
 framacliein with companies struck off under section 248 of the companies Act. 3018 or Section 560 of Companies Act. 3958.

For March 31, 2023	<u></u>		
	Nature of transactions with struck off Company	Balance outstanding	Relationship with the struck
Anahat Organisation	Professional fines	Nil	Vendor
Development Consultancy Pvi		1	AGUNOL
Ltd			
	Receivables	0.59	Client
Glossy Creation Private Limited		15.2	
Shams Cuble Network	Office expense	Nil	Vendor
Kamal Enterprises	AlisceRaneous	Né	Vendor
MA D ENTERPRISES	Repairs & Maintenance	Nill	Vendor

For March 31, 2022	7,000	T	
Name of struck of Company	Nature of transactions with struck off Company	Balance outstanding	Relationship with the struck off Company
Resiters India Private Limited	Rest expenses	Nel	Vendor
Glossy Creation Private Limited	Restourables	0 66	Chen1
NMCI Inspections and Survey Company Private Limited	Sale of Secap	N#	Clent

#### 73 Undisclosed Income

The Group has not surrendered or absolved any transaction, previously injectanded in the book of account in the Cas assumed under the Institute Tax Act. 1961 as in time during the year

The Circup has not traded or invested in Cispto currency or Virtual Currency during the current learness year and any of the givening financial years.

75 The froigh has granted learn or advances in the nature of loans, without specifying period of equipment of principal to companies. However, during the year the future has executed supplementary agreement with such immediates in stipulate the whedule for repayment of principal Of these fullowing are the delate of the aggregate amount of loans or advances in the nature of fains granted to promoters or related parties as defined in clause [76] of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013.

	Type of Borrower		h 31, 2023	For March	31, 2022
		Amount of loan or advance in the	Percentage to the total Loans and	Amount of lean or advance in	Percentage to the total
l		nature of loan outstanding	Advances in the nature of loans	the nature of loan outstanding	
ı					nature of leans
ı	Promotors	R4	NA	Na	NA.
ı	Directors	N4	- NA	N4	NA.
ı	KRAPs	N4	NA NA	N4	NA NA
ł	Relateri Parties	N4	NA NA	11,633,40	5.5% to 5.5%

# 16 A) Disping the year, the (soup has not advanced or loaned or invested lunds (in any other gerson(s) or entityles), including lunguage entities (intermediates) with the indicate siding that the intermediaty

(c) detectly or induse the lend or overst in other persons of entities identified in any manner what snever by or on behalf of the company (Differate Recodurances) in provide any gustantee, recurby, or the kie to be on behalf of the Ultimate Benefit acres.

(II) floring libe year, the Group has not received any lived from any person(s) or entitylers), including foreign entities (surating Party) with the understanding lame their received in note (El Dekey).

(i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons at entities identified in any manner whatsiver by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Benefit amon) in [ii] provide any guarantee, security, or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Benefit arises.

Note (1)
Guing the year, the troug has taken loans from its helding company and given boar to its subsidiaries/fellow subsidiary companies in the indicate consists of linearies, which are at Ansi's length and the same is approved by Brand Audit Committee of the Group. The Group contour that the below it most from are in accordance with relevant provisions of the Foreign Contour Act, 1991 (42 of 1999) and Companies Act, 2013 and the such transactions are not in sociation of the Prevention of Brown Landering Act, 2013 (15 of 2021).





store a to test uniquestest startation	ares trensments.
(Currency : Indian rupees in mi	illions)

Name of Lender	Nature	Date	AS. IN MINOR	which investment done by the Company	n Nature	Date	Rs. In million	s Remarks
Ecap Equities Limit (Formerty known as Edel La Limited)(HTL)	ed Loan Taken nd	Various Dates	!	IT Edelwess Roral : Corporate Service Lumited		of 28 Mar 23 of	780-00	HELL or insocrate of ERCSL
			370 1	о иси и	lovestment Aif Units	m 27 Mar 24	370 10	B-LLL is associate of ERCSL and ICII is follow subsidiary of ERCSL
			2200	Assel Advisor Lemited (EAAA)	`	28 Mar 23	270 00	1) Ecap Equilies Limited is associate I RCSL and I AAA is fellow subsidially ERCSL
			1,0-18 1			Various Dates	1,048 [q	1) ELL is associate of ERCSL and EIAL subsidiary of LACSI
			I 190-0	Company Limited	foru geven	Various Dates	1 (90-6)	I) ELL is associate of ERCSI
ECL Finance Limited (ECLF)	Loan Taken	Various dates	\$90 O	[IFCL]  Edel Insect Company Service (EFCL)	Loan Guen	Various Dates	590 00	1) ECL Finance is fellow subsidiary ERCSL and EECL is holding company ERCSL 2) ERCSL has repaid in horrowing from ECLP, EECL has repaid its burrowing to ERCSL.
			196 16	Econ Equites Emited (Farmerly, known a) Edel Emil Emited((ELL)				I) ECL Finance is Jellow subsidiary. LRCSL and LLL is an associate of ERCSL 2) ERCSL has regard its burrowing fro ECLF and EEL has regard its borrowin to ERCSL.
Edel Finance Company Limite (EFCL)	d Loan Taken	Various Dates	450 00	Edekap Securities Limited (Edekap)	Join Geres	Virious Dittes	150 (0)	TECL is bothling company of ERCS and Edekap is subsidiary of ERCSL, and Edekap has repaid its borrowing froit LRCSL.
			200 m	Edeliverss Securities & Investments Pst (10) (ESPL)				I) EFCE is hulding company of ERCS and ESIPE is fellow subsidiary of ERCS ESIPE has repuid its bortowing from
Edel investments (muted (EII)	Resert Talkert	Various Dates	750 oii	Nuvaria Wealth and Intestment - Lindon (EBL)	LUSIN GENERA			The EE is hellow subsidiary of ERCSL in EBL is associate of EESL 2) Borrowing from ER has been repaid by ERCSL EBL has repaid its borrowing to ERCSL
			<i>[5</i> 0.00	(EFCL)		Waterus Dales		THER is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL in LLCC is holding company of ERCSL 23FRCSL has rejoid its horrowing fruit IB
tdefcap Securities Limitei Lidefcap)	d Bosan Tahen	7 Apr 32	\2m00	Nusarra Wealth and Investment - funded (FBL)	Luger Guern	Valuusis Dates		3) Estellap is fellow subsubary of ERLS and CBL in associate of LESL 2 Burriwings from Edekap has tose regard by TBCSL TRL has regard at borrowing to ERCSL
deliverss Emançial Service inideal (EEST)	s toan taken	78 Dec 77	9+7 (9)		Investment or A)F Umils	JH 16-s. 27		I) LESE is often ite holding company is RCSL and RTE II is fellow subsidiary is RCSL
	toin laken	Various Dates	2.120.00	Edel Justine Company Consted (CFC)	Іцан Груец	24 Jun 21		IEEES is altorate bulding company of IEES and LEE is histogregary of RCSL JEECC has report as RCSL JEECC has report as
	Luan Taken	Various Dates		Edelweiss Retail Emuse lainted [FREL]	Isari Sawerer	He Dec 21	t t	(1175) is ultimate linkling (interany of RCSL and TREE is fellow subsolicity in RCSL 4 REE feas ceptant of s biosonomy rom 4 RESC
	Lum faken	Various Dates		trip Equites Trinded   (Formerly - known - as Edel - Cand Londer]](CE)	DAN Seyeti	Various Dates	ļ.	) 1851 is influente holding company of BCSL and 311 is assurate of 1805) Is has emodely borrowing to 1805(
delwerss Betail Jocanse ented (ERLL)	kran fakes	1 hon 22			enger lynyeriq	lic Jun #1	ľ	E-1891 is beling subsidiary of FRESE of ELECC is building company of ERCSE RCSE has report its horrowing frace RCSE bias report its horrowing RCSE ELECTRIC has report by horrowing our ERCSE
Nofer House Forarco Limbo( ourneely Grown as Edelwess Rouseeg Forance Unided[[ NOUT]	Loors Labers	Various (Pales	ł	Frap Equilies Finised ( Priceety France as Diel Cred Emissiff(11)	esiti Geyeti	V inness tribes	d d	DRIPLES Subsiding of ERCSL and CLE associate of ERCSL 18CSL has repaid a fluorising from NREEL LLE has spaid to biocowing from ERCSL
	foas Laben	1 face 22		idet forance li company function (FICE)	nári Sieveri	le tus 24	is 6.	MIRC is subsidiary of the SC and Let Tuelding (company of the SC 116 SC is report if shoreoung from RICL 2) CE has report its foreowing from RSL





Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

Name of Lender	Nature	Date		Name of Company in which investment done by the Company		Date	Rs in millions	
Edelweiss Financial Service	MAIN Taken	Valious dates	\$ 114	Mariss Investment Marisea Exhited (LIAL)	Loan Coven	Various datir∃		HSL is Folder Company of ERCSL and HML is Modifiowned subsidiary of ECSL
Edebwess Emansial Service     Limeted (EESL)	/ n= I sken	Matthys dates		der   mante   c = mn   timated   d = mante)	loan (sven	Various Jate		1)845 in ultimate holding 1 impany is RRSC and Eurl Finance 4 include company in RCS1 12 (del finance has repaid R 1 4,952 4) imm in Spack to 1 RCS1 and RCS1 has also repaid the same inside to EfS1.
Edelseens Ferançial Service     Irmited (8 PSL)	Lode faken	V = u s d. = s	g, au	(C) fusince Lunded	Luan Gryen	Various date		18 EFSL - uthoriste holding - umpan pie HSSC Lind LC - Finance is libisidiary of EF 1 and is fell to sub-lidary of ERCS 23 LCE house has repaid if 7, 2/0 mi back to ECRSL and ERCSL his all repaid the same back to U.S.
Edelizenss Estançai Service') Limited (EFSL)	Trian Grien	Q <sup>1</sup> -Jun-22	Fain	Fit)	Lozer fayers	₩ Jun J		If PAM is withinstee holding. Impain you BKSL and Lifel Land. With the conventional background of the Cambridge of the Cambri

Note (1)

Based on the legal openin ordered by the offunction of a company (ESS), the terminal sundertaken by NRIC CIC of horowing/fending/

Based on the legal openin ordered by the observious (ESS), the terminal sundertaken by NRIC CIC of horowing/fending/

Based on the legal openin ordered by the legal opening for the legal opening for the legal opening for the company of the legal opening for the legal opening f

- 77 The Group is in compliance with number of Layers of millioneus, is prescribed under classes (ES) of section 2 of the Actional with the Companies (Residual Companies (Action Companies (Actio
- The Group has already responded to and notices on their contemptor or expect of \$1905.5 polices or earlier years. There are no further collecting to the compact of the contemptor of the contem
- 79 At amounts disclosed in the little scale state ments and little been counted all to the relative million as per the requirements of schedule. It clusters is find
- The forming has prices wherebythe mode ally all long fellocurfly at feet hiding demants of the "selection of the account of the selection of t
- The immore La Authorites ("the Department") but industed a sear Displayer section [37] the become Is, Act. Display the presence of the conducty during Monte (2012) the company for the presence of the require detay, which were sought by the moune tax authorites during the consequences the durant which yet a resolvent source on a 11 (As) also as a media, Act. Displayer and the conference of the conduction which the Company is at the process of responding. The company is extended to the present season of the present season of the process of the conduction of the conduction of the process of the conduction of the process of the process of the conduction of the process of the process of the conduction of the process of the process of the conduction of the present season of the conduction of the conduction of the conduction of the present season of the
- 82 The instant far lasting the applicant the in-Section view, 2011 which returned the Provinces Lind and the tradesty As and not executed. The granters of Likeway and Indianated the far and the section of Likeway and excitate the farty and excitate the
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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023, its profit including other comprehensive income its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

# Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the standalone financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying standalone financial statements.

Key audit matters

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Impairment of financial instruments (expected credit losses) (as described in Note 52(C) of the standalone financial statements)



Chartered Accountants

#### Key audit matters

Ind AS 109 requires the Company to provide for impairment of its financial assets as at the reporting date using the expected credit loss (ECL) approach. ECL involves an estimation of probability-weighted loss on financial instruments over their life, considering reasonable and supportable information about past events, current conditions, and forecasts of future economic conditions which could impact the credit quality of the Company's financial assets (loan portfolio).

In the process, a significant degree of judgement has been applied by the management for:

- Staging of financial assets (i.e. classification in 'significant increase in credit risk' ("SICR") and 'default' categories);
- Assigning internal rating grades to customers for which external rating is not available;
- Calibrating external ratings-linked probability of default to align with past default rates;
- Estimation of management overlay for macro-economic factors bearing a correlation with the credit quality of the Company's loan portfolio.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our audit procedures included but were not limited to:

- Read and assessed the Company's accounting policy for impairment of financial assets and its compliance with Ind AS 109
- Tested the design and operating effectiveness of the controls for staging of loans based on their past-due status. Tested samples of performing (stage 1) loans to assess whether any loss indicators were present requiring them to be classified under stage 2 or 3.
- We performed procedures to test the inputs used in the ECL computation, on a sample basis.
- Tested assumptions used by the management in determining the overlay for macro-economic factors.
- Tested the arithmetical accuracy of computation of ECL provision performed by the Company in spreadsheets.

In view of the high degree of management's judgement involved in estimation of ECL it is a key audit matter.

# Information technology (IT) systems and controls

The reliability and security of IT systems play a key role in the business operations, financial accounting and reporting process of the Company. Since large volume of transactions are processed daily, the IT controls are required to ensure that applications process data as expected and that changes are made in an appropriate manner. Any gaps in the IT control environment could result in a material misstatement of the financial accounting and reporting records.

Therefore, due to the pervasive nature and complexity of the IT environment, the assessment of the general IT controls and the application controls specific to the accounting and preparation of the financial information is considered to be a key audit matter.

We performed the following procedures for testing IT general controls and for assessing the reliability of electronic data processing, assisted by specialized IT auditors:

- The aspects covered in the IT General Control audit were (i) User Access Management (ii) Program Change Management (iii) Other related ITGCs – to understand the design and test the operating effectiveness of such controls;
- Assessed the changes that were made to the key systems during the audit period and assessing changes that have impact on financial reporting;
- Tested the periodic review of access rights. We inspected requests of changes to systems for appropriate approval and authorization.
- Performed tests of controls (including other compensatory controls wherever applicable) on the IT application controls and IT dependent manual controls in the system.





Key audit matters	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
	<ul> <li>Tested the design and operating effectiveness of compensating controls, where deficiencies were identified and, where necessary, extended the scope of our substantive audit procedures.</li> </ul>

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon, which we obtained prior to the date of this auditors report.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:



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- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible
  for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with
  reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2023 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

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- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure 1" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;

- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act:
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these standalone financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
- (g) In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2023 has been paid / provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act;
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements - (Refer Note 41 to the standalone financial statements);
  - The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
  - There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company;
  - iv. a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the note 72 to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
    - b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the note 72 to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
    - c) Based on such audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.
- V. No dividend has been declared or paid during the year by the Company.



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vi. As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable for the Company only w.e.f. April 1, 2023, reporting under this clause is not applicable.

For S.R. Batliboi & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

per Shrawan Jalan

Partner

Membership Number: 102102

UDIN: 23102102BGXJEA2883

Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: May 22, 2023



Chartered Accountants

ANNEXURE 1 REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH 1 UNDER THE HEADING "REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIRMENTS" OF OUR REPORT OF EVEN DATE Re: Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ("the Company")

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that:

- (i) (a)(A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
  - (a)(B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangibles assets.
  - (b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its property, plant and equipment and are verified by the management according to a phased programme designed to cover all the items over a period of three years. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. In accordance with the policy, the Company has physically verified certain property, plant and equipment during the year and no discrepancies were noticed in respect of assets verified during the year.
  - (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) are held in the name of the Company.
  - (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of use assets) or intangible assets during the year ended March 31, 2023.
  - (e) There are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The Company's business does not require maintenance of inventories and, accordingly the requirement to report on clause 3(ii)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) The Company had not been sanctioned any new working capital limit during the year. In respect of in the overdraft facility outstanding last year, pursuant to confirmation received from the said bank, there were no requirement to file any return/statement with the bank.
- (iii) (a) During the year the Company has provided loans, advances in the nature of loans, stood guarantee and provided security to companies or any other parties as follows:

7 E 1 7 E 1 7 E 1	The state of the state of		A	mounts in Rs. i	millions
Particulars	Guarantees	Security	Loans	Advances in nature of loans	Put Options
Aggregate amount granted/ provided during the year					
Holding Company		1.0-1.1	4,786.80		2,41
Subsidiaries	3,650.00	H TOTAL	5,619.98		TTA:
Fellow Subsidiaries	C-0-	+-0.	12,215.09		
Others	15 15	•	794.10	-	988.02
Balance outstanding as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases					



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Holding Company	701.80		- 4	1
Subsidiaries	4,643.85	Nil (Net of provision of Rs. 5,889.73)		-
Fellow Subsidiaries	149,30	 220.00	-	2
Others		Rs. 63.45 (Net of provision of Rs. 1,602.5)	-	-

<sup>\*</sup>As disclosed in note 41.1 (b) to the standalone financial statements, charge created on immovable properties of the Company amounting to Rs. 585.50 million.

- (b) During the year the investments made, guarantees provided, security given and the terms and conditions of the grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans, investments and guarantees to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties are not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- In respect of a loans granted to group companies, schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayment or receipts are regular. In respect of loans granted to companies other than related parties, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated and the repayment or receipts are regular except in the following cases:

Name of the Entity	Amounts in Rs. Million	Due date	Extent of delay	Remarks, if any
Various parties	Rs. 4,073.5	Various	>90 days	Rs. 1,653.0 million outstanding as on 31 March 2023.
				Provision made in earlier years amounting to Rs. 1,602.5 million

(d) The following amounts are overdue for more than ninety days from companies or any other parties to whom loan has been granted, and reasonable steps have been taken by the Company for recovery of the overdue amount of principal and interest.

Name of the Entity	Amounts in Rs. Million	Due date	Extent of delay	Remarks, if any
Various parties	Rs. 4,073.5	Various	>90 days	Rs. 1,653.0 million outstanding as on 31 March 2023.  Provision made in earlier years amounting to Rs. 1,602.5 million

There were no loans or advance in the nature of loan granted to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties which was fallen due during the year, that have been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties.

(f) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment to [companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties]. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause and a Costilion (f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

# S.R. BATLIBOI & CO. LLP Chartered Accountants

- (iv) The Company has not advanced loans to directors / to a Company in which the director is interested to which provisions of section 185 of the Companies Act 2013 apply and hence not commented upon. The Company has made investments/ given loans /guarantees which is in compliance to the provisions of section 186 of the Companies Act 2013.
- (v) The Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor accepted any amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of Sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, to the extent applicable. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) The Central Government has not specified the maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, for the products/services of the Company.
- (vii) (a) The Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, cess, value added tax and other statutory dues applicable to it though there has been a slight delay in a few cases. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on audit procedures performed by us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of these statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable. The provisions relating to custom, duty of excise, and sales tax are not applicable to Company.
  - (b) The dues of goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, cess, and other statutory dues have not been deposited on account of any dispute, are as follows:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount (Rs. In million)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	9.97 (demand paid under protest Rs.1.99)	A.Y. 2015- 16	The Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	0.79 (demand paid under protest Rs. 0.16)	A.Y. 2017- 18	The Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	6.09 (demand paid under protest Rs. 0.01)	A.Y. 2018- 19	The Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)
Rajasthan Value Added Tax	Value Added Tax	26.63 (demand paid under protest Rs. 13.50)	F.Y 2010- 11	Tax Board
Madhya Pradesh Value Added Tax	Value Added Tax	2.74 (demand paid under protest Rs. 0.59)	F.Y 2012- 13	Assistant Commissioner
Uttar Pradesh Value Added Tax	Value Added Tax	55.16 (demand paid under protest Rs. 11.03)	F.Y 2015- 16	Commercial Tax Tribunal
Gujarat Value Added Tax	Value Added Tax	29.39 (demand paid under protest Rs. nil)	F.Y 2014- 15	Joint Commissioner (Appeals)
Gujarat Value Added Tax	Value Added Tax	53.68 (demand paid under protest Rs. 6.3)	F.Y 2016- 17	Joint Commissioner (Appeals)

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Gujarat Value Added Tax	Value Added Tax	7.04 (demand paid under protest Rs. 0.75)	F.Y 2017- 18	Deputy Commissioner
Gujarat (GST)	GST	24.41 (demand paid under protest Rs. 1.82)	F.Y. 2018- 19	Commissioner of Appeals
Gujarat (GST)	GST	27.46 (demand paid under protest Rs. 2.12)	F.Y. 2019- 20	Commissioner of Appeals
Maharashtra (GST)	GST	1.68 (demand paid under protest Rs. 0.08)	F.Y. 2018- 19	Commissioner of Appeals
Rajasthan (GST)	GST	5.06 (demand paid under protest Rs. Nil)	F.Y. 2017- 18	Assistant Commissioner of Appeals
Rajasthan Value Added Tax	Value Added Tax	19.99 (demand paid under protest Rs. Nil)	F.Y 2015- 16	Commissioner of Appeals

- (viii) The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (ix) (a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
  - (b) The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
  - (c) The Company did not have any term loans outstanding during the year hence, the requirement to report on clause (ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has used funds raised on short-term basis aggregating to Rs.5,087 million for long-term purposes.
  - (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has taken funds from following entities and persons on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures as per details below:

Nature Of fund taken	Name of lender	Amount involved	Name of the subsidiary,	Relation	Nature of transaction for which funds utilized
Group Company Ioan	Various group companies	Rs. 4,427.7 million	Edelweiss Investment Advisor Limited	Subsidiary	Amount utilised for lending to the subsidiary of the Company to repay its existing liabilities
Group Company Ioan	Various group companies	Rs. 2,321.7 million	Ecap Equities Limited	Associate	Amount utilised for lending to the associate of the Company to repay its existing liabilities

The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies. Hence, the requirement to report on clause (ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

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- (x) (a) The Company has not raised any money during the year by way of initial public offer / further public offer (including debt instruments) hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares /fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year under audit and hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xi) (a) No fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
  - (b) During the year, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 has been filed by secretarial auditor or by us in Form ADT - 4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
  - (c) As represented to us by the management, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a nidhi Company as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. Therefore, the requirement to report on clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) Transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) The Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
  - (b) The internal audit reports of the Company issued till the date of the audit report, for the period under audit have been considered by us.
- (xv) The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and hence requirement to report on clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) The provisions of section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 are not applicable to the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause (xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without obtaining a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
  - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(xvi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (d) The Group has one Core Investment Company as part of the Group.
- (xvii) The Company has incurred cash losses amounting to Rs. 1090.4 million and amounting to Rs. 290.8 million in the immediately preceding financial year respectively.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and accordingly requirement to report on Clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

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(xix)

On the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in note 62 to the financial statements, the ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of. Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions and considering the Company's current liabilities exceeds the current assets by INR 761.1 million, the Company has obtained the letter of financial support from the Holding Company, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities, existing at the date of balance sheet, as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date.

We, further state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company and our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

- (a) There are no unspent amounts that are required to be transferred to a fund specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act (the Act), in compliance with second proviso to sub section 5 of section 135 of the Act. This matter has been disclosed in note 51 to the financial statements.
  - (b) There are no unspent amounts that are required to be transferred to a special account in compliance of provision of sub section (6) of section 135 of Companies Act. This matter has been disclosed in note 51 to the financial statements.

For S.R. Batliboi & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

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per Shrawan Jalan

Partner

Membership Number: 102102

UDIN: 23102102BGXJEA2883

Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: May 22, 2023



Annexure 2 to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Standalone Financial Statements of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

# Auditor's Responsibility

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Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to these standalone financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to these standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statement included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to these standalone financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these standalone financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to these Standalone Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of

Chartered Accountants

management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Standalone Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of Internal financial controls with reference to these standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

For S.R. Batliboi & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

per Shrawan Jalan

Partner

Membership Number: 102102

UDIN: 23102102BGXJEA2883

Place of Signature: Mumbai

Date: May 22, 2023

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#### Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	Note	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
ASSETS	2007		
Von-current assets			
a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2	2,094.32	2,298.90
b) investment property	2	1.677.69	1,926.05
c) Other Intangible assets	2	9.52	8.93
d) Intangible assets under development	2		
e) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	3	12,586.26	22,460.78
(ii) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	4	378.39	340.36
(iii) Loans	5	61.33	8,051.19
(iv) Other financial assets	6	33.47	32.46
f) Deferred tax assets (net)	7	887.25	1,101.16
g) Income tax assets (net)	8	1,559.07	1,546.13
h) Other non-current assets	9	18.78	18.83
otal Non-current assets		19,306.08	37,784.79
Current assets			
a) Financial Assets			
(i) Stock-in-trade	10	178.00	624.98
(ii) Investments	11	6,603.75	3.65
(iii) Trade & Other receivables	12	352.40	187.90
(iv) Cash and cash equivalents	13	75.92	117.79
(v) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	14	47.30	67.49
(vi) Loans	15	236.33	2,884.32
(vii) Other financial assets	16	2.12	4.29
b) Other current assets	17	217.66	231.56
Total Current Assets		7,713.48	4,121.98
TOTAL ASSETS	-	27,019.56	41,906.77
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	-	27,013.30	41,900.77
Equity			
a) Equity share capital	18	465.35	465.35
b) Instruments entirely equity in nature	18	9,500.00	9,500.00
c) Other equity	19	(5,639.79)	(3,672.77
Total Equity		4,325.56	6,292.58
Non-current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities (i) Borrowings	20	14,144,97	15,700.65
(ii) Other financial liabilities	21	67.96	142.00
(iii)Lease liabilities	45	1.14	3.07
b) Provisions	22	5.29	5.37
Total Non-current liabilities	-	14,219.36	15,851.04
		24,223.30	23,032.0
Current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities		Q22777	0.000
(i) Borrowings	23	7,954.14	19,386.4
(ii) Trade payables	24		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises			2.0
Total outstanding dues to creditors other than micro enterprises and		220.04	or a
small enterprises		220.84	95.17
(iii) Other financial liabilities	25	266.15	239.67
(b) Other current liabilities	26	28.75	38.49
c) Provisions	27	4.76	1.39
Total Current liabilities		8,474.64	19,763.1
Total Liabilities		22,694.00	35,614.19
TOTAL POLITY AND HARMITIES	_		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	_	27,019.56	41,906.77

Significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

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As per our report of even date attached.

For S.R. Batliboi & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

per Shrawan Jalan Partner

MU. Membership No: 102102

Mumbai May 22, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Ravindra Dhobale Executive Director & CFO DIN No.:05147051

Mumbai May 22, 2023

Company Secretary

DIN No.:07297081



#### Statement of Profit and loss for the year ended 31 March 2023

(Currency:	Indian	runner	in millionel

	Note	For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
Revenue from operations			
Fee and commission income	28	783.34	754.23
Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes	29	(43.85)	(589.05)
Interest income	30	1,778.59	4,537,67
Sale of commodities		4,729,50	4,584.77
Other operating revenue	31	355.42	367.72
Total Revenue from operations		7,603.00	9,655.34
Other income	32	409.17	1,185.97
Total Revenue		8,012.17	10,841.31
Expenses			
Purchases of commodities		4,726,53	4,583.05
Impairment on financial instruments	33	198.83	120.65
Employee benefits expense	34	431.67	537.04
Finance costs	35	3,254.23	5,399,90
Depreciation and amortisation	2	463.60	408.72
Other expenses	36	690.39	612.43
Total expenses	=	9,765,25	11,661.79
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(1,753.08)	(820.48)
Tax expenses			
(1) Current tax			
(2) Deferred tax (net)		215.46	(74.47)
Profit / (Loss) after tax for the year	_	(1,968.54)	(746.01)
Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss)			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement gain / (loss) on defined benefit plans		(4.19)	(27.82)
Deferred Tax Benefit on above	_	1.46	9.72
Total Other Comprehensive Income / (Loss)	1	(2.73)	(18.10)
Total Comprehensive Income / (Loss)		(1,971.27)	(764.11)
Earnings per equity share (Face value of Rs. 10 each):			
(1) Basic	43	(27.23)	(11.38
(2) Diluted		(27.23)	(11.38

Significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements As per our report of even date attached.

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For S.R. Batliboi & Co LLP

Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

per Shrawan Jalan Membership No: 102102

Mumbai May 22, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Ravindra Dhobale Executive Director & CFO DIN No.:05147051

Chirag Shah Company Secretary

Mumbai May 22, 2023 Director DN No.:07297081



Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended 31 March 2023 (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

(Cui	rrency : Indian rupees in millions)		
		For the year ended	For the year ended
2		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
A	Cash flow from operating activities	A service	AND ON
	Loss before tax	(1,753.08)	(820.48)
	Adjustments for	Contract Con	
	Impairment on financial instruments (net)	(49.15)	120,65
	Depreciation and amortisation expense	463,60	408.72
	Profit / (loss) on sale of fixed assets (net)	8,47	(4.24)
	Provision for employee benefits	3.38	29.17
	Profit / (Loss) on sale of current and non-current investments.	(111.69)	(1,059,15)
	Fair valuation of non-current investments	356.25	235.39
	Share of profit from partnership firm	(0.04)	(4.15)
	Finance costs	3,248,02	5,316.63
	Operating cash flow before working capital changes	2,165.76	4,222,54
	Changes in working capital		
	(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivables	394.79	32.77
	(Increase) / Decrease in stock-in-trade	446.99	1,068.94
	(Increase) / Decrease in loans and advances	10,637.85	10,217.53
	(Increase) / Decrease in other assets	(8.54)	439.03
	Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payable	120.26	(349.53)
	Increase / (Decrease) in liabilities and provisions	(51.02)	(825.44)
	Cash (used in) / generated from operations	13,706.09	14,805.84
	Taxes refund/ (paid) (net)	(14.49)	31.11
	Net cash generated from operating activities - A	13,691.60	14,836.95
В	Cash flow from investing activities		
	Purchase of property, plants and equipment	(20.69)	(409.44)
	Proceeds from sale of property, plants and equipment	0.98	176.40
	Net addition of capital work in Progress	-	2.06
	Purchase current and non-current investments	(568.92)	(10,364.56)
	Sale current and non-current investments	3,092.93	1,803.46
	Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities - B	2,504.30	(8,792.08)
			(0), 52, 45)
С	Cash flow from financing activities		
	(Repayment of) / Proceeds from loans (net) (Refer note 1)	(8,140.35)	(3,384.80)
	Proceeds from / (Redemption of ) subordinated liabilities	(1,787.40)	15
	Issue of Equity share capital		2,501.20
	Proceeds from issuance of commercial paper		250.00
	Redemption of commercial paper	(2,809.25)	25000
	Principal repayment of leases (Ind AS 116)	(1.89)	(24.54)
	Interest paid	(3,498.88)	(5,592.54)
	Net cash (used in) / generated from financing activities - C	(16,237.77)	(6,250.68)
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(41.87)	(205.81)
	The moreover in cost and cost equivalents (ATOTE)	(41.87)	(205.81)
	Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year	117.79	323.60
	Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year	75.92	117.79





Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

#### Note:

- Bank receipt and Bank payments for transaction with group companies in which turnover is quick, the amount are large, and the maturities are short are presented on net basis in accordance with Ind A5-7 Statement of Cash Flow.
- Above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under "Indirect Method" as set out in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 7 "Statement of Cash Flows" specified under Section 133 of Companies Act, 2013 read with Paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

	As at 31 March 2023	'31 March 2022
Note:		
3 Component of cash and cash equivalents		
Balances with banks		
in current accounts	75.92	108.24
in fixed deposits with original maturity less than 3 months		9.55
	75.92	117.79

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This is the Cash Flow Satement referred to in our report of even date

For S.R. Batliboi & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

per Shrawan Jalan

Partner

Membership No: 102102

Ravindra Dhobale Executive Director & CFO DIN No.:05147051 Ananya Suneja Director DI No.:07297081

Chirag Shah Company Secretary

> Mumbai May 22, 2023

Mumbai May 22, 2023



(Currency : Indian rupees in millions) Statement of changes in Equity

Equity share capital Balance as at 01 April 2022	Share Capital due to	the beginning of the	Changes in equity share capital during the current year	Balance at the end of the reporting period (31 March 2023)
	1.0.05.00.00.00	period		CT CALLES
465.35		465.35		455.35

	Share Capital due to	Restated balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period	Changes in equity share capital	Balance at the end of the reporting period (31 March 2022)
397.75		397.75	67.60	465.35

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\*CHERAL ACCOUNT

Refer Note 18 for other details

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	Reserves and Surplus					Other Comprehensive Income	Total	
	Capital Reserve	Capital Redemption Reserve	Securities Premium Account	ESOP reserve	Debenture redemption reserve	Retained earnings	Revaluation Reserve	
Balance as at 01 April 2021	402.85	30,00	2,644.51	62.41	2,356.22	(11,816.86)	960.84	(5,360.03)
Profit or loss	- 80			77	8 ]	(746:01)		(746.01)
Other comprehensive income		190	1			(18.10)		(18.10)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		- ×				(764.11)		(764.11)
Reversal of ESOP/SAR on cancellation /lapses post vesting			- ci		11 12 29	17,77	-11	17,77
Transactions with shareholders in their capacity as such - on issuance of equity shares	*1	1 = Y	2,433.60			4		2,433.60
Transfers to / from retained earnings					-1,154.17	1,154.17		-
Reversal to retain earning				- 40	4.7	45.40	(45.40)	8
Balance at 31 March 2022	402,85	30,00	5,078.11	62.41	1,202.05	(11,363.63)	915.44	(3,672.77)
Profit or (loss)						(1,968.54)		(1.968.54)
Other comprehensive income						(2.73)		(2.73)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	*					(1,971.27)		(1,971.27)
Reversal of ESOP/SAR on cancellation /lapses post vesting						4.27		4.27
Reversal to retain earning						45.40	(45.40)	
Balance at 31 March 2023	402.85	30,00	5,078.11	62.41	1,202.05	(13,285.25)	870.04	(5,639.79)

Refer Note 19 for other details

For S.R. Batilboi & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration Number: 301003E/F300005 Dhrow 5

per Shrawan Jalan Partner Membership No. 102102

Mumbai May 22, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Ravindra Dhobale Executive Director & CFO DIN No.:05147051

Mumbar May 22, 2023



### Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023

#### 1. Significant accounting policies

#### 1.1 Background

Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ('the Company') was incorporated on October 17, 2006 in the State of Maharashtra. It is a part of Edelweiss Group and is a ultimate subsidiary of the listed holding company Edelweiss Financial Services Limited. The Company provides loans to group companies and makes investments within the group. It also holds the technology shared service centre which provides service to group companies. Further, the company owns property which earns regular rental income.

#### 1.2 Basis of preparation and presentation of financial statements

The Company's financial statements has been prepared and presented in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time) and in compliance with the Division II of the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

The Company's financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments such as financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI) instruments, derivative financial instruments, and other financial assets held for trading, which have been measured at fair value. The Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) in millions.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current and non-current as per the company's normal operating cycle. Based on the nature of services rendered to customers and time elapsed between deployment of resources and the realisation in cash and cash equivalents of the consideration for such services rendered, the Company has considered an operating cycle of 12 months.

# 1.3 Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements and the reported revenue and expense during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from the estimates.





## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

#### 1.4 Revenue recognition

- Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is recognized when the company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service (i.e. an asset) to a customer. An asset is transferred when the customer obtains control of that asset. When a performance obligation is satisfied, the Company recognizes as revenue the amount of the transaction price (excluding estimates of variable consideration) that is allocated to that performance obligation. The Company applies the five-step approach for recognition of revenue:
  - (i) Identification of contract(s) with customers;
  - (ii) Identification of the separate performance obligations in the contract;
  - (iii) Determination of transaction price;
  - (iv) Allocation of transaction price to the separate performance obligations; and
  - (v) Recognition of revenue when each performance obligation is satisfied
- Fee income including advisory fees is accounted over the period as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits, as the services are rendered.
- Business support services including web based services are accounted on accrual basis in accordance with the terms and contracts entered into between the company and the counterparty.
- Profit / loss on sale of investments is recognised on trade date basis.
- Commodities sales are accounted as per terms of agreement with the parties.
- Interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. The EIR is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR.
- Warehouse income is recognised on accrual basis by reference to the agreements entered with customers.
- Agency commission/procurement income is recorded in pursuant to the terms and conditions mentioned in scope of work /agreement.
- Insurance and other claims are recognized as revenue on certainty of realisation.
- Interests on delayed payments, warehousing charges and rental income are recognised on accrual basis by reference to the agreements entered.
- Profit / loss from share in partnership firm is accounted once the amount of the share of profit/ loss is ascertained and credited / debited to the Company's account in the books of the partnership firm.
- Dividend income is recognised in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive payment of the dividend is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity, and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
- Real estate advisory income is recognised basis the terms and conditions mentioned in the agreement.
- Revenue from Investment management services is recognised over the tenure in accordance with the terms and conditions of the investment management agreement with group companies.





#### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

#### 1.5 Financial Instruments

#### Date of recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities, with the exception of borrowings are initially recognised on the trade date i.e. the date that the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades; purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place. The Company recognises borrowings when funds are received.

#### Initial measurement of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Day 1 profit or loss

When the transaction price of the financial instrument differs from the fair value at origination and the fair value is based on a valuation technique using only inputs observable in market transactions, the Company recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value in net gain on fair value changes. In those cases where fair value is based on models for which some of the inputs are not observable, the difference between the transaction price and the fair value is deferred and is only recognised in statement of profit and loss when the inputs become observable, or when the instrument is derecognised.

#### Classification of financial instruments

The Company classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

- Amortised cost
- Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- · Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

The Company measures debt financial assets that meet the following conditions at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Sale that occur for below reason are considered as consistent with business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows.

- if those sales are infrequent (even if significant in value) or insignificant in value both individually and in aggregate (even if frequent).
- if such sales are made close to maturity of financial asset and proceeds from sale approximate the collection of the remaining contractual cashflow.
- selling a financial asset because of significant increase in credit risk.

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both avcorporations.
 collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and

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### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

 the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

By default, all other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL.

#### Amortized cost and Effective interest rate (EIR)

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

For financial instruments other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition. For purchased or originated credit impaired financial assets, a credit-adjusted effective interest rate is calculated by discounting the estimated future cash flows, including expected credit losses, to the amortised cost of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. On the other hand, the gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

#### Financial assets held for trading

The Company classifies financial assets as held for trading when they have been purchased or issued primarily for short-term profit making through trading activities or form part of a portfolio of financial instruments that are managed together, for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit taking. Held for trading assets and liabilities are recorded and measured in the balance sheet at fair value.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets in this category are those that are not held for trading and have been either designated by management upon initial recognition or are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under Ind AS 109. These include debt securities, equity instruments, mutual fund units, nifty linked debentures etc.

# Disclosure requirement of Ind AS 107-Financial Instruments: Disclosure

#### Investment in equity instruments

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments (other than subsidiaries, associates, and other group companies) at fair value through profit or loss, unless the management has elected to classify irrevocably some of its strategic equity investments to be measured at FVTOCI, when such instruments meet the definition of Equity under Ind AS 32 Financial Instruments: Presentation and are not held for trading. Such classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis. Investments in subsidiaries and associates are carried at cost as permitted under Ind AS 27 (Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements). The investment in other group companies are carried at cost.

#### Investment in mutual funds and preference Shares

The Company subsequently measures all investments in mutual fund and preference shares at fair value through profit or loss as these financial assets do not pass the contractual cash flow test as required by Ind AS- 109- Financial Instruments, for being designated at amortised cost or FVTOCI, hence classified at FVTPL.



#### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

#### Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost except loan commitments, financial guarantees, and derivative financial liabilities.

### Debt securities and other borrowed funds

After initial measurement, debt issued and other borrowed funds are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on issue funds, and costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

The Company has issued certain non-convertible debentures, the return of which is linked to performance of specified indices over the period of the debenture. Such debentures have a component of an embedded derivative which is fair valued at a reporting date. The resultant 'net unrealised loss or gain' on the fair valuation of these embedded derivatives is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. The debt component of such debentures is measured at amortised cost using yield to maturity basis.

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial instruments issued by the company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the company entity are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the company's own equity instruments.

## Redeemable preference shares

Redeemable preference shares issued are classified as financial liabilities and are measured at fair value at inception and at amortised cost subsequently.

Where the transaction price for the preference shares issued differs from the fair value, the difference is recognized in profit or loss unless the difference is a deemed capital contribution from the company, in which case, the said difference is recognized in equity.

In accounting for these preference shares at amortised cost subsequent to initial recognition, interest expense based on the effective interest rate is recognized in profit or loss. This effective interest rate is based on the initial measurement of the preference shares (fair value) and the maturity amount. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss unless the difference is due to a transaction with a related party, in which case, the same is recognized as a deemed distribution or return of deemed capital contribution, as the case may be.

#### Compulsory Convertible Instruments

Compulsory Convertible Debentures/ Preference shares are separated into liability and equity components based on the terms of the contract. At the inception of the Compulsory Convertible Instruments, the following two elements will be separated:

- (a) a liability component arising from the interest payments; and
- (b) an equity component representing the delivery of fixed number of equity shares in future.

On issuance of the Compulsory Convertible Instrument, the fair value of the liability portion is determined using a market interest rate for an equivalent non convertible bonds. This amount is recorded as a liability on an amortised cost basis until extinguished on conversion of the bonds. The remainder of the proceeds is attributable to the equity portion of the compound instrument since it meets Ind AS 32, Financial Instruments: Presentation, criteria for fixed to fixed classification. The carrying amount of the equity component is not subsequently remeasured.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued)

#### Reclassification of financial assets and liabilities

The Company does not reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Company acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line.

#### Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

A transfer only qualifies for derecognition if either:

- . The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

The Company considers control to be transferred if and only if, the transferee has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without imposing additional restrictions on the transfer.

#### Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing financial liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

### Impairment of financial assets

The Company records allowance for expected credit losses for all loans, other debt financial assets not held at FVTPL, together with loan commitment and financial guarantee contracts, in this section all referred to as 'financial instruments'. Equity instruments are not subject to impairment.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables and lease receivables. The application of simplified approach does not require the company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. The Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the receivables.

For all other financial instruments, the company recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk (SICR) since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses (12m ECL). The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition instead of an evidence of a financial asset being credit-impaired at the reporting date or an actual default occurring.

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12m ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. As for the exposure at default (EAD), for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn

comes

down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn

#### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the company's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

For financial assets, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The Company recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

#### Collateral valuation

To mitigate its credit risks on financial assets, the company seeks to use collateral, where possible. The collateral comes in various forms, such as cash, securities, letters of credit/guarantees, real estate, receivables, inventories, other non-financial assets and credit enhancements such as netting agreements. Collateral, unless repossessed, is not recorded on the balance sheet. However, the fair value of collateral affects the calculation of ECLs. It is generally assessed, at a minimum, at inception and re-assessed on a periodical basis. However, some collateral, for example, cash or securities relating to margining requirements, is valued daily.

To the extent possible, the Company uses active market data for valuing financial assets held as collateral. Other financial assets which do not have readily determinable market values are valued using models.

#### Collateral repossessed

The Company's policy is to determine whether a repossessed asset can be best used for its internal operations or should be sold. Assets determined to be useful for the internal operations are transferred to their relevant asset category at the lower of their repossessed value or the carrying value of the original secured asset. Assets for which selling is determined to be a better option are transferred to assets held for sale at their fair value (if financial assets) and fair value less cost to sell for non-financial assets at the repossession date in line with the company's policy.

#### Write off

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the company has no reasonable expectation of recovery.

## Derivative financial instruments

#### Initial recognition and subsequent measurement

The Company uses derivative financial instruments, such as forward currency contracts, interest rate swaps and forward commodity contracts, to hedge its foreign currency risks, interest rate risks and commodity price risks, respectively. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

The purchase contracts that meet the definition of a derivative under Ind AS 109 are recognised in the statement of profit and loss. Commodity contracts that are entered into and continue to be held for the purpose of the receipt or delivery of a non-financial item in accordance with the company's expected purchase, sale or usage requirements are held at cost.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges, which is recognised in OCI and later reclassified to profit or loss when the hedge item affects profit or loss or treated as basis adjustment if a hedged forecast transaction subsequently results in the recognition of a non-financial asset or non-financial liability.





#### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

#### Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how groups of financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed.

# Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

#### Determination of fair value

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques, as summarised below:

- Level 1 financial instruments Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted
  quoted prices from active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has
  access to at the measurement date. The Company considers markets as active only if there
  are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of the identical
  assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on
  the balance sheet date.
- Level 2 financial instruments—Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life.

Level 3 financial instruments –Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole. For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based of the company).

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## Notes to the financial statements (continued)

the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period. The Company periodically reviews its valuation techniques including the adopted methodologies and model calibrations.

Therefore, the company applies various techniques to estimate the credit risk associated with its financial instruments measured at fair value, which include a portfolio-based approach that estimates the expected net exposure per counterparty over the full lifetime of the individual assets, in order to reflect the credit risk of the individual counterparties for non-collateralised financial instruments.

The Company evaluates the levelling at each reporting period on an instrument-by-instrument basis and reclassifies instruments when necessary based on the facts at the end of the reporting period.

### 1.6 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the year.

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all potential equity shares.

#### 1.7 Foreign currency transactions

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees which is also functional currency of the Company. Transactions in currencies other than Indian Rupees (i.e. foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

#### 1.8 Retirement and other employee benefit

#### Provident fund and national pension scheme

The Company contributes to a recognised provident fund and national pension scheme which is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions are accounted for on an accrual basis and recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

## Gratuity

The Company's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods, that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any plan assets, if any, is deducted. The present value of the obligation under such benefit plan is determined based on independent actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur.

Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

#### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

#### **Compensated Absences**

The eligible employees of the Company are permitted to carry forward certain number of their annual leave entitlement to subsequent years, subject to a ceiling. The Company recognises the charge in the statement of profit and loss and corresponding liability on such non-vesting accumulated leave entitlement based on a valuation by an independent actuary. The cost of providing annual leave benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method.

#### 1.9 Share-based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees are granted by the ultimate parent company. These are measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. These includes Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs) where the right to receive the difference between the SAR price and the market price of equity shares of the ultimate parent company on the date of exercise, either by way of cash or issuance of equity shares of the ultimate parent company, is at the discretion of the ultimate parent company. These are classified as equity settled share based transaction.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed over the vesting period, based on the company's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting period, the company revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the 'ESOP reserve'. In cases where the share options granted vest in instalments over the vesting period, the company treats each instalment as a separate grant, because each instalment has a different vesting period, and hence the fair value of each instalment differs.

#### 1.10 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost excluding the costs of day-to-day servicing, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment in value. Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Subsequent costs incurred on an item of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the carrying amount thereof when those costs meet the recognition criteria as mentioned above. Repairs and maintenance are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Capital work in progress is stated at cost, net of accumulated impairment loss, if any.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives. Depreciation is provided on a written down value basis from the date the asset is ready for its intended use or put to use whichever is earlier. In respect of assets sold, depreciation is provided up to the date of disposal.

As per the requirement of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the company has evaluated the useful lives of the respective fixed assets which are as per the provisions of Part C of the Schedule II for calculating the depreciation. The estimated useful lives of the fixed assets are as follows:

Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Nature of assets	Estimated Useful Life	
Building (Other than Factory Building)	60 years	
Plant and equipments	15 years	
Furniture and fittings	10 years	
Vehicles	8 years	

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#### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

5 years	
6 years	
3 years	
15 years	

Leasehold improvements are amortised on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets or the period of lease, whichever is shorter.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The carrying amount of those components which have been separately recognised as assets is derecognised at the time of replacement thereof. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Land and buildings are subsequently shown at fair value based on periodic valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation for buildings. Valuations will be carried out on a regular basis, unless the management consider it appropriate to have an earlier revaluation, such that the carrying amount of property does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the end of the reporting period. Any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset, and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

#### Subsequent measurement of land and building under revaluation model

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings are credited to other comprehensive income and shown as a revaluation reserve in shareholders' equity. An exception is a gain on revaluation that reverses a revaluation decrease (impairment) on the same asset previously recognised as an expense. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are charged in other comprehensive income and debited against the revaluation reserve directly in equity; all other decreases are charged to profit or loss. Each year the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset charged to profit or loss and depreciation based on the asset's original cost is transferred from the revaluation reserve to retained earnings.

Right-of-use assets are presented together with property and equipment in the statement of financial position – refer to the accounting policy 1.16. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The carrying amount of those components which have been separately recognised as assets is derecognised at the time of replacement thereof. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.



#### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

## Intangible fixed assets

Intangible assets are recorded at the consideration paid for the acquisition of such assets and are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment, if any.

Intangibles such as software are amortised over a period of 3 years based on its estimated useful life.

Intangible assets under development are recorded at the consideration paid for the acquisition of such assets.

#### Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of cash generating unit which the asset belongs to is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of the depreciable historical cost.

#### 1.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### 1.12 Inventories

Inventories in the form of commodities are valued at weighted average cost or net realisable value, whichever is lower.

#### 1.13 Provisions and other contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to net present value using an appropriate pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

A present obligation that arises from past events, where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company. Claims against the company, where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognised.

#### 1.14 Income tax expenses

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

## Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted of substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

#### Notes to the financial statements (continued)

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets are also recognised with respect to carry forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

It is probable that taxable profit will be available against which a deductible temporary difference, unused tax loss or unused tax credit can be utilised when there are sufficient taxable temporary differences which are expected to reverse in the period of reversal of deductible temporary difference or in periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back. When this is not the case, deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent it is probable that:

- the entity will have sufficient taxable profit in the same period as reversal of deductible temporary difference or periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back; or
- tax planning opportunities are available that will create taxable profit in appropriate periods.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

#### Minimum Alternative Tax (MAT) credit

MAT credit asset is recognized where there is convincing evidence that the asset can be realized in future. MAT credit assets are reviewed as at the balance sheet date and written down or written up to reflect the amount that is reasonably certain to be realised.

#### 1.15 Operating leases

## Company as a lessee

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

#### Right of use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.



# Notes to the financial statements (continued)

# Lease Liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

# Company as a lessor

The Company's accounting policy under Ind AS 116 has not changed from the comparative period. As a lessor the company classifies its lease as either operating or financing leases. A Lease is classified as finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset and classified as an operating lease if does not.

# 1.16 Investment property

Properties, including those under construction, held to earn rentals and/or capital appreciation are classified as investment property and are measured and reported at cost, including transaction costs.

Depreciation is recognised using straight line method so as to write off the cost of the investment property less their residual values over their useful lives specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 or in the case of assets where the useful life was determined by technical evaluation, over the useful life so determined. Depreciation method is reviewed at each financial year end to reflect the expected pattern of consumption of the future benefits embodied in the investment property. The estimated useful life and residual values are also reviewed at each financial year end and the effect of any change in the estimates of useful life/residual value is accounted on prospective basis.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from the disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of property is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the same period.

# 1.17 Receivables from Agency Business

The Company's business includes 'Agency Business' wherein acts as a procurement agent for its various principals, and renders other related end to end value additive services like procurement formalities including importing, receiving and storing of goods, insuring, maintenance of goods in proper condition, dispatch to designated parties, facilitating funding, etc. The Company procures goods and makes payment to the supplier on behalf of the principal. The payment made to supplier is shown as trade receivables (current) and is secured by inventory held on behalf of principal marked as lien.

# 1.18 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors



# Notes to the financial statements (continued)

that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations, that the management has made in the process of applying the company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

# Significant increase in credit risk

ECL is measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the company takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information.

# Determining lease term for lease contracts with renewal and termination option

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Company has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain, whether or not, to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control that affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation of the leased asset).

# 1.19 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, as described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the consolidated financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occu

# Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When



# Notes to the financial statements (continued)

the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values.

# Impairment of financial assets

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

The Company's expected credit loss (ECL) calculations are outputs of models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- Probability of default (PD) calculation includes historical data, assumptions and expectations of future conditions.
- The Company's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a life-time expected credit loss and the qualitative assessment.
- · The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis
- · Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs
- · Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic
- Inputs, such as unemployment levels and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, Exposure at default (EAD) and loss given default (LGD)
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models

It is company's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary.

# Effective interest rate method

The Company's EIR methodology, as explained in Note 1.6, recognises interest income / expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given / taken and recognises the effect of characteristics of the product life cycle.

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments, as well expected changes fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued)

# Accounting for deferred taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised on unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

The Company has recognised deferred tax assets on carried forward tax losses with respect to certain subsidiaries where the Company believes that the said deferred tax assets shall be recoverable based on the estimated future taxable income which in turn is based on approved business plans and budgets. The losses are allowed to be carried forward to the years in which the Company expects that there will be sufficient taxable profits to offset these losses.

# Estimating the incremental borrowing rate

The Company cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its incremental borrowing rate ('IBR') to measure lease liabilities. Incremental borrowing rate is the rate of interest that the company would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment.

# 1.20 Standards notified but not yet effective

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023 dated 31 March 2023 to to amend the following Ind AS which are effective from 01 April 2023.

# (i) Amendment to Ind AS 8 - Definition of Accounting Estimates

The amendments clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies and the correction of errors. It has also been clarified how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023 and apply to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the start of that period.

The amendments are not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements,

# (ii) Amendment to Ind AS 1- Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The amendments aim to help entities provide accounting policy disclosures that are more useful by replacing the requirement for entities to disclose their 'significant' accounting policies with a requirement to disclose their 'material' accounting policies and adding guidance on how entities apply the concept of materiality in making decisions about accounting policy disclosures.

Consequential amendments have been made in Ind AS 107.

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The Company is currently revisiting their accounting policy information disclosures to ensure consistency with the amended requirements.

# (iii) Amendment to Ind AS 12 - Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception under Ind AS 12, so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendments should be applied to transactions that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. In addition, at the beginning of the earliest comparative period

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# Notes to the financial statements (continued)

presented, a deferred tax asset (provided that sufficient taxable profit is available) and a deferred tax liability should also be recognised for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations.

Consequential amendments have been made in Ind AS 101.

The amendments to Ind AS 12 are applicable for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2023.

The Company is currently assessing the impact of the amendments.







# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

# A. Property, Plant and Equipment

		Gross Block	Block		ď	ccumulated Depre	Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment		Net Block
Description of Assets	As at 1 April 2022	Additions / adjustments during the year	Deductions / adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2023	As at 1 April 2022	Charge for the year	Deductions / adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2023	As at 31 Mar 2023
Property, Plant and Equipment									
fand ##	163.02	97	ī	163.02	41	ř	i.		163,02
ROU -leasehold premises.	122.33			122.33	119.74	1,67	9	121.41	0.92
Building *#	2,326.78	*		2,326.78	284.22	181.07	ζ.	465.29	1,861.49
Leasehold Premises	0.68		- 8	0.68	0.15	0.14		0.29	0.39
Plant and Equipment	0.50	40	4	0.50	0.31	0.03	141	0.34	0,16
Furniture and Fixtures	69.81	0.23	00	70.04	40,44	6.80		47.24	22.80
Vehicles	2.82		0.94	1,88	1.04	1.29	0.54	1.79	0.09
Office equipment	58.75	1172	22.64	38.22	46.15	5,66	21.61	30.20	8.02
Computers	112.27	9.45	65.80	55,89	88.88	9.30	66'09	37,17	18.72
Plant and Machinery-Solar power	62.05		ÇK.	62.05	39.20	4.14		43.34	18.71
Total	2,919.01	11,76	89.38	2,841.39	620.11	210.10	83.14	747.07	2,094.32

		Gross Black	Block		A	cumulated Deprec	Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment		Net Block
Description of Assets	As at 1 April 2022	Additions / adjustments during the year	Additions / Deductions / adjustments during adjustments during the year the year	As at 31 Mar 2023	As at 1 April 2022	Charge for the year	Deductions / Charge for the adjustments during year the year	As at 31 Mar 2023	As at 31 Mar 2023
Land *	137.43	3	3	137.43		3	T.	ì	137.43
Flat and Building *	2,343.02	2		2,343.02	554.40	248.36	4	802.76	1,540.26
Total	2,480.45			2,480.45	554.40	248,36		802.76	1,677.69

B.Investment property \*

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		Gross Block	ilock		Ac	cumulated Amorti	Accumulated Amortisation and Impairment		Net Block
Description of Assets	As at 1. April 2022	Additions / adjustments during a the year	Deductions / adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2023	As at 1 April 2022.	Charge for the year	Deductions / adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2023	As at 31 Mar 2023
Software	90.04	8.93	9.10	96.87	88.11	5.14	5.90	87.35	9.52
otal	97.04	8.93	9.10	96.87	88,11	5.14	5,90	87,35	9.52

S \* CHARTE

0.00 indicates amounts less than Rs. 0.01 millions

These assets are pledged for issuance of Won-convertible debentures (refer Note 20).

These assets are pledged for issuance of Won-convertible debentures (refer Note 20).

The convertible debentures (refer Note 20).

The convertible of Space index of the Company had paid additional Floor Space index (ref.) changes amounting to Rs. 149,50 million had been charged in FY2021-22. Awaiting approval from MCGM, during the year ended March 31, 2023, the Company has recorded accelerated depreciation on the remaining book your of Rs. 227 million.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

2 A. Property, Plant and Equipment

		Gross Block	Slock			Accumulated Depre	Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment		Net Black
Description of Assets	As at 1 April 2021	Additions / adjustments during the year	Additions / Deductions / adjustments during adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2022	As at 1 April 2021	Charge for the year	Deductions / adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2022	As at 31 Mar 2022
Property, Plant and Equipment									
Land*#	163.02		•	163.02	100				163.02
ROU -leasehold premises	127.02	0.38	2.07	122.38	118,65	1.09		119.74	2,59
Building* #	2,209.30	117.48		2,326.78	122.62	161.60		284.22	2,042,56
Leasehold Premises	0.14	0.54	4	0,68	0.00	0.15		0.15	0.53
Plant and Equipment	4.10		3.60	0.50	1.97	0.16	1.82	0.31	0.19
Furniture and Pixtures	79.47	4	9.66	18.69	38,61	9.81	7.98	40.44	29.37
Vehicles	6.54	1.35	2.07	2.82	4,48	12'0	4.15	1.04	1.78
Office equipment	88,20	0.25	29.70	58.75	63.03	10.02	26,90	46,15	12,60
Computers	136.77	8.63	33.13	112.27	105.12	13,50	29.76	88.86	23.41
Plant and Machinery-Solar power	62.05		Ŧ	62.05	33.87	5.33		39.20	22,85
Total	2,876,61	128.63	86.23	2,919.01	488.35	202.37	70.61	620.11	2,298.90

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		Gross Block	tlock			Accumulated Depre	Accumulated Depreciation and Impairment		Net Block
Description of Assets	As at 1 April 2021	Additions / adjustments during the year	Additions / Deductions / adjustments during adjustments during 31 the year	As at 31 Mar 2022	As at 1 April 2021	Charge for the year	Deductions / adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2022	As at 31 Mar 2022
- puel	137,43		*	137.48	3	X	×		137.43
Flat and Building *	2,249.18	3 274.10	180.26	2,343.02	374.21	195.41	15.22	554.40	1,788.62
Total	2,386.61	1 274.10	180.26	2,480.45	374.21	195.41	15.22	554.40	1,926.05

# C. Other Intangible Assets

		Gross Block	lock			Accumulated Amont	Accumulated Amortisation and Impairment		Net Block
Description of Assets	As at 1 April 2021	Additions / adjustments during the year	Additions / Deductions / Indiastructions / India	As at 31 Mar 2022	As at 1 April 2021	Charge for the year	Deductions / Charge for the year adjustments during the year	As at 31 Mar 2022	As at 31 Mar 2022
oftware	15 06	6.70	71.0	97.04	77.33	10.94	0.16	88.11	8.93
Total	90.51	0.70	0.17	97.04	77.33	10.94	0.16	88.11	8.93

0.00 indicates amounts less than Rs. 0.01 millions
These assets are pleaged for issuance of Non-convertible debentares and Corporate Gaurantee issued to State bank of India against loan facilities obtained by Group Companies/refer Note 20 and Note 23).
The Company has afready poid and controlled and awould gaproval from Mumboi Corporation of Greater Mumbai (MCGM). The Company has afready poid and capitalized development charges and FSI premium amountning to Rs. 391.58 millions.



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

# 2 (D) Intangible assets under development

Description of Assets		Gros	ss Block	
Description of Assets	As at April 01, 2022	Additions	Capitalization	As at March 31, 2023
Capital WIP - Software				
Total			1.	2

Description of Assets		Gros	ss Block	
Description of Assets	As at April 01, 2021	Additions	Capitalization	As at March 31, 2022
Capital WIP - Software	2.06	*	2.06	
Total	2.06	8.0	2.06	- 4

Intangible assets under development aging schedule

There are no Intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

As at March 31, 2023

Intangible assets under development		Amount in CWI	for a period of		Total
intangible assets under development	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in Progress					34
Projects temporarily suspended	Y-1	19.7	- 0		- *
Total		- 2		- 18	

As at March 31, 2022

Intangible assets under development		Amount in CWI	P for a period of		7-1-1
intaligible assets under development	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in Progress	1 2 2 2		9.1	( A )	-
Projects temporarily suspended	181		0.1		, E.
Total		*	100		

2 (E) There are no Intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

-	rrency : Indian rupees in millions)	As at 31 March 2023		As at 31 March 2022	
		Quantity	Amount	Quantity	Amount
3	Non-current investments				
	Unquoted Investments				
	Investments in equity instruments of subsidiaries (fully paid up)  Nido Home Finance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Housing				
	Finance Limited)	38,300,000	2,829.00	38,300,000	2,829.00
	Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	28,999,994	38.86	28,999,994	38.86
	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	100,549,994	1,000.10	100,549,994	1,000.10
	Allium Finance Private Limited	934,339	67.35	800,000	21.18
	Investments in equity instruments of other group companies (fully paid up)				
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited **	15	10.1	5,181,837	110,35
	Investments in equity instruments of other companies (fully paid up)				
	Inditrade Business Consultants Limited	10,000	0.10	10,000	0.10
	Agri Warehousing Service Providers (India) Association	11.2	8	90,000	0.90
	Non cumulative Compulsorily convertible redeemable preference share				
	Allium Finance Private Limited	4,100,329	858.92	4,044,412	839.75
	Compulsorily convertible Debentures				
	0.01 % Edel Land Limited	2	3	6,600,000	6,600.36
	0.01 % Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	575,000,000	5,750.42	575,000,000	5,750.48
	Investments in debentures (fully paid up)				
	10.25% ECL Finance Limited Perpetual Bonds		-	1,950	2,126.26
	Investment in Alternative Investment Fund				
_	Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund			853	199.79
	Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund			3,592	314.08
	India Credit Investment Fund II	261,179	2,611.79	158,897	1,598.14
	India Credit Investment Fund I	147,909	1,055.49	391,000	2,147.00
	Carrying Value of Investment		14,212.03		23,576.35
	Less: Impairment Allowance*		(1,625.77)		(1,115.57
	Total		12,586.26		22,460.78
				_	

Note: Disclosures as required by IND AS 107 have been seperately provided in Note 57





<sup>\*</sup> Impairment allowances is token basis the estimate of the fair value of the underlying assets.
\*\* Pledged with Catalyst trusteeship Limited as a security against issue of the Non convertible Debentures by Edelweiss Financial Services Limited amounting to Rs3,500 million

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency. Indian rupees in millions)

,		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
4	Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents		
	Deposits with banks		
	- Fixed deposits with banks	354.17	339.13
	- Accrued interest on fixed deposits	21.97	1.23
	Earmarked balances with bank in current account (unpaid dividends)	2.25	
		378.39	340.36
	(refer note 42 on Encumbrances on fixed deposits )		
5	Loans- Non Current		
	Secured*		
	Receivables from financing business	583.34	1,404.15
	Provision for expected credit loss on loans	(532.82)	(1,289.93)
		50.52	114.22
	Unsecured		
	Loans and advances to related parties	5,945.54	13,669.17
	Provision for expected credit loss on loans**	(5,934.73)	(5,732.20)
		10.81	7,936.97
	Intercorporate deposits	1,055.62	1,055.62
	Accrued interest on Intercorporate deposits	14.07	14,07
	Impairment on intercorporate deposits	(1,069.69)	(1,069.69)
		61.33	8,051.19
	* Secured against securities		
	**Impairment on loans given to its subsidiary basis the estimate of the fair		
	value of the underlying assets of the said subsidiary.Refer note no 60		
6	Other financial assets		
	Rent and other deposits	24.60	23.75
	Deposits placed with /for exchange /depositories	8.87	8.71
		33.47	32.46
			8.87





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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

	As at	As a
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Deferred tax assets (net)		
Deferred tax assets		
Loans		
Provision for standard assets - ECL provision	559.98	845.74
Provision for non-performing and doubtful advances - ECL provision	126.76	126,23
Leases - Ind AS 116	0.40	1.07
Investments and other financial instruments		
Provision for Diminution in value of current investments		1.98
Unused tax credit		
MAT credit entitlement	581,92	581,92
Unused tax losses		
Accumulated Losses	203.41	203.41
Gratuity & other Employee Benefits	2.30	2,28
Others		0.08
Deferred tax assets (A)	1,474.77	1,762.71
Deferred tax liabilities		
Property, plant and equipment and intangibles		
Difference between book and tax depreciation (including intangibles)	508.74	501.77
Investments and other financial instruments		
Fair valuation gain of investments and stock in trade	1.44	16.00
Borrowings		
Effective interest rate on borrowings	47.85	113.95
Others	29.49	29.77
Deferred tax liabilities (B)	587.52	661.5
Deferred tax assets (net) (A-B)	887.25	1,101.10

Note: Refer note 59 for disclosures on Deferred Tax.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

8	Income tax assets (net)	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
	Advance income taxes (net of provision for income tax of Rs.2,073.33 millions (Previous year: Rs. 2,073.33 millions))	1,559.07	1,546.13
		1,559.07	1,546.13
9	Other non-current assets		
	Other deposits	18.78	18.83
		18.78	18.83





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

# 10 Stock in trade

	As at	As at
At fair value through profit or loss	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
(i) Debt securities	54.24	620.70
(ii) Nifty-linked debentures	123.76	4.28
TOTAL	178.00	624.98
(i) Stock in trade held outside India		
(ii) Stock in trade held in India	178.00	624.98
Total	178.00	624.98





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# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

The state of the s		
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022
Current investments		
Investments in partnership firm, Capital account		
Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	3.16	3.23
Investment in others		
Edelweiss Wealth Advisors LLP		0.42
Compulsorily convertible Debentures		
0.01 % Edel Land Limited	6,600.59	
	6,603.75	3.65

Note: Disclosures as required by IND AS 107 have been seperately provided in Note 57





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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Trade receivables		
Receivables considered good - Unsecured	352.40	187.90
Receivables - Credit impaired	362.75	361.24
	715.15	549.14
Less : Allowance for expected credit losses	362.75	361.24
	352.40	187.90

# Trade Receivables aging schedule

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
352.40					352,40
			2		
1.52	- 4	4.86	12.31	344.06	362.75
	~		26	100	- >
		71		1.4	- 1
-	4	-	-		15
353.92		4.86	12.31	344.06	715.15
(1,52)		(4.86)	(12.31)	(344.06)	(362.75)
					***************************************
(1,52)	-	(4.86)	(12.31)	(344.06)	(362.75)
352.40		2.1	-		352.40
	months 352.40 1.52 353.92 (1.52)	months 6 months -1 year 352.40	1-2 years 352.40  1.52  4.86  (1.52)  (4.86)	months   6 months -1 year   1-2 years   2-3 years	1-2 years   2-3 years   More than 3 years   352.40

As at March 31, 2022	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	187.90	H	( e		21	187.90
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk		40	150			4
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	- 2	4,86	12,32	25.02	319.04	361.24
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good		181		-		
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk			~	~		
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	τ.				4,51	
Gross Receivables (A)	187.90	4.86	12.32	25.02	319.04	549.14
i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	-	-		-:		
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk			-	- 6		
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - credit impaired	-	(4.86)	(12.32)	(25.02)	(319.04)	(361.24)
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables-considered good	- Al		- ×	5/		
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables – which have significant increase in credit risk	4.		- S			
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired						
Total ECL Provision on receivables (B)		(4.86)	(12.32)	(25.02)	(319.04)	(361.24)
Total receivables net of provision = (A)-(B)	187.90	- 2	- 6818	(3)		187.90





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
13	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Cash on hand		
	Balances with banks		
	- in current accounts	75.92	108.24
	- in fixed deposits with original maturity less than 3 months	9	9.55
		75.92	117.79
	* Fixed deposit amounting to Rs. Nil (Previous year: Rs. 9.55 millions)		
	held under encumbrance - refer note 42		
14	Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents		
	Fixed deposits	47.30	67.49
		47.30	67.49
	(Refer note 42 on Encumbrances on fixed deposits )		





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

6.00		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
15	Loans	250000	
	Secured		
	Receivables from financing business*	(2.	1,317.58
	Provision for expected credit loss on loans		(196.74)
		*	1,120.84
	Unsecured		
	Loans and advances to related parties	220.00	1,523.64
	Accrued interest on loans	3.28	441.16
	Provision for expected credit loss on loans		(202.24)
		223.28	1,762.56
	Loans and advances to employees	13.05	0.92
		236.33	2,884.32
	* Secured against securities (Refer Note-60)		
16	Other financial assets		
20	Silici marcial asses		
	Receivable from exchange / clearing house (net)	0.52	0.52
	Margin placed with broker	0.07	2.07
	Advances recoverable in cash or in kind for value to be received	1.52	1.70
		2.12	4.29
17	Other current assets		
	Input tax credit	163.27	162.08
	Advance to employees	2.46	1.03
	Prepaid expenses	19.67	34.44
	Vendor Advances	3.54	5.11
	Contribution to gratuity fund (Refer Note 46)	28.71	28.90
		217.66	231.56





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Share capital		
Authorised:		
4,75,00,000 (Previous year: 4,75,00,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	475.00	475.00
6,70,00,000 (Previous year: 6,70,00,000) preference shares of Rs. 10 each	670.00	670.00
	1,145.00	1,145.00
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:		
(a) Equity Shares		
4,65,35,367 (Previous year: 4,65,35,367) equity shares of Rs. 10 each, fully paid up	465.35	465.35
	465.35	465.35
(b) Instruments entirely equity in nature		
(i) Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares ('CCPS')		
13,59,955 CCPS (Previous year 13,59,955) - 0.01% Compulsory Convertible		
Preference Shares ("CCPS") of face value of Rs. 10/- along with premium of Rs. 357.66 Per Share	500,00	500.00
(ii) Compulsorily Convertible Debentures ('CCDs')		
90,00,000 CCDs (Previous year 90,00,000) of the face value of		
Rs. 1,000/- each	9,000.00	9,000.00
	9,500.00	9,500.00

	31 March 2023		31 March 2	022
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid				
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	46,535,367	465.35	39,775,367	397.75
Issued during the year			6,760,000	67.60
Outstanding at the end of the year	46,535,367	465.35	46,535,367	465,35

# Shares held by holding Company

	31 March 2	31 March 2023		2022
	Number of shares	Percentage Shareholding	Number of shares	Percentage Shareholding
Equity shares Edel Finance company Limited *	46,535,367	100.00%	46,535,367	100.00%

# Details of shares in the Company held by each shareholder holding more than 5 percent shares:

	31 March	31 March 2023		2022
	Number of shares	Percentage Shareholding	Number of shares	Percentage Shareholding
Equity shares of Rs 10 each fully paid up				
Edel Finance company Limited	46,535,367	100.00%	46,535,367	100.00%

# Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares:

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10 each. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

# Terms of Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares ("CCPS")

Non-cumulative Dividend of 0.01% per annum on the face value of the CCPS shall be paid to the CCPS holders. The CCPS will automatically be convertible into equity shares at the end of 10 years from the date of allotment i.e. March 30,2021, 1 CCPS will be Converted into 1 Equity Share. 13,59,955 equity shares will be issued on conversion.

Terms of Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (the "Debenture"/"CCDs")
CCD carrying coupon of 0.01% on the face value of the CCDs shall be paid to the CCD holders. The CCDs will be convertible into equity shares within period not exceeding 10 years from the date of allottment i.e. March 26,2021. 1 CCD will be converted into 2.71 Equity Shares i.e. 24,390,000 equity shares will get issued on the date of conversion of CCD

Note 1:
The Company has neither alloted any shares pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash or as bouns shares nor has it bought back any share during the period of five years. immediately preceding the balance sheet date.

\*Includes shares held by Nominee Shareholders





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

	As at	As at
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Other Equity		
Capital Reserve	402.85	402.85
Capital Redemption Reserve	30.00	30.00
Securities Premium Account	5,078.11	5,078.11
Debenture Redemption Reserve	1,202.05	1,202.05
Revaluation Reserve through other comprehensive income	870.03	915.44
ESOP Reserve	62.41	62.41
Retained earnings	(13,285.25)	(11,363.63)
	(5,639.79)	(3,672.77)

# Nature and purpose of reserves

## Capital Reserve

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The company recognises profit and loss on purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the comapany's own equity instruments to capital reserve.

## Capital redemption reserve

As per Companies Act, 2013, capital redemption reserve is created when company purchases its own shares out of free reserves or securities premium. A sum equal to the nominal value of the shares so purchased is transferred to capital redemption reserve. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of section 69 of the Companies Act, 2013.

# Securities premium

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issuance of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013.

# Seneral reserve

The general reserve is a free reserve which is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. As the general reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income, items included in the general reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to statement of profit and loss.

# Debenture redemption reserve

The Companies Act 2013 requires companies that issue debentures to create a debenture redemption reserve from annual profits until such debentures are redeemed. The Company is required to transfer a specified percentage (as provided in the Companies Act, 2013) of the outstanding redeemable debentures to debenture redemption reserve. The amounts credited to the debenture redemption reserve may not be utilised except to redeem debentures. On redemption of debentures, the amount may be transferred from debenture redemption reserve to retained earnings.

# ESOP reserve

Certain employees of the company have been granted options to acquire equity shares of the Ultimate Parent Company (Edelweiss Financial Services Limited). This reserve represents the cost of these options based on their fair value at the grant dates as recognised over the vesting period of such options, to the extent that the Ultimate Parent Company has not recovered such cost from the company.

# Revaluation Reserve

The company decided to move to revaluation model from cost model for accounting a class of asset (i.e. flats and building) as at 31st March 2020. The management approved revaluation of owned land and buildings classified under property plant and equipment after assessing the valuation made by duly appointed independent valuer. The difference between valuation amount and the carrying value of land and buildings is accounted under Revaluation Reserve through other comprehensive income.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

	As at	As at
	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Non-Current borrowings		
Secured		
Non-convertible redeemable debentures *	6,063.07	6,032.29
Interest accrued on borrowings	452.60	398.36
Unsecured		
Non-convertible redeemable debentures (NCDs)	5,500.00	
Interest accrued on borrowings	129.30	4
Loans and advances from related parties	2,000.00	9,270.00
	14,144.97	15,700.65
*Secured by charge on immovable property and a pari passu charge on the receivables and stock in trade to the extent equal to the principal and interest amount i.e. redemption value of debentures.		
Other financial liabilities		
Rental Deposits	67.96	142.00
	67.96	142.00
Non-Current provisions		
Provision for employee benefits		
Compensated leave absences	5.29	5.32
	5.29	5.32
	Non-convertible redeemable debentures * Interest accrued on borrowings  Unsecured  Non-convertible redeemable debentures (NCDs) Interest accrued on borrowings  Loans and advances from related parties  *Secured by charge on immovable property and a pari passu charge on the receivables and stock in trade to the extent equal to the principal and interest amount i.e. redemption value of debentures.  Other financial liabilities  Rental Deposits  Non-Current provisions  Provision for employee benefits	Non-Current borrowings  Secured  Non-convertible redeemable debentures * 6,063.07 Interest accrued on borrowings 452.60  Unsecured  Non-convertible redeemable debentures (NCDs) 5,500.00 Interest accrued on borrowings 129.30  Loans and advances from related parties 2,000.00  *Secured by charge on immovable property and a pari passu charge on the receivables and stock in trade to the extent equal to the principal and interest amount i.e. redemption value of debentures.  Other financial liabilities  Rental Deposits 67.96  Non-Current provisions  Provision for employee benefits Compensated leave absences 5.29





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
23	Current borrowings	SI WAICH 2023	51 Warth 2022
	Secured		
	Bank overdraft [Secured by charge on Fixed deposit with bank held by one of the subsidiary company]	2	882.44
	Sub-total (A)		882.44
	Unsecured		
	Loan from related parties	5,231.60	5,249.41
	Non-convertible debentures	-	5,500.00
	Commercial paper Less: Unamortised discount	2,320.00 (110.26) <b>2,209.74</b>	5,370.00 (351.00) 5,019.00
	Preference Shares Capital from Fellow Subsidiaries	426.68	2,214.87
	Preference Shares Capital - Others	20.42	19.64
	Sub-total (B)	7,888.44	18,002.92
	Interest accrued on borrowings (C)	65.70	501.05
	Total (A+B+C)	7,954.14	19,386.41





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

As at	As at
31 March 2023	March 31, 2022

# 24 Trade Payables

Total outstanding dues of micro, small and medium enterprises Total outstanding dues to creditors other than micro, small and medium enterprises

2.07 220.84 95.12

220.84 97.19

For trade payables due for payment, following ageing schedule shall be given

As at March 31, 2023	Outstanding fo	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
(I) MSME				4		
(ii) Others	220.84	- 6			220.84	
(iii)Disputed dues-MSME		- 41	- 31	181		
(iv)Disputed dues-Others						
Total	220.84				220.84	

	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment#				
As at March 31, 2022	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	2.07			- 7	2.07
(ii) Others	95.12	61		400	95.12
(iii)Disputed dues-MSME	(9)				**
(iv)Disputed dues-Others		-X+	4		
Total	97,19				97.19

		As at 31 March 2023	As at March 31, 2022	
25	Other financial liabilities	32 (1/10/27/2023	1001011 51, 2022	
	Accrued salaries and benefits	162.96	234.80	
	Unpaid dividends	2.25	* 1	
	Retention money payable	1.29	1.29	
	Rental Deposits	92.81	20	
	Other payables	6.84	3.58	
		266.15	739 67	

# 26 Other current liabilities

Withholding taxes, Goods & services tax and other taxes payable Others	12.23 16.52	26.42 12.07
	28.75	38.49
Current provisions		
Compensated absences	1.28	1.20
Provision for capex	3.48	0.19





1.39

4.76

# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in million	sl
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		For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
28	Fee and commission income		
20	ree and commission income		
	Income from commodities services		0.78
	Business support services income	776.46	740.13
	Advisory income	6.88	13.32
		783.34	754.33
		783.34	754.23
29	Net gain/(loss) on fair value changes		
	(A) Net gain/ (loss) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		
	Investments		
	(Loss)/ profit on trading of securities (net)	192.06	(657.73)
	Fair value gain/(loss)	(310.96)	(233.57)
	Fair value gain - Debt Instruments	(45.29)	(1.82)
	Derivatives		5903
	(Loss)/ profit on trading in equity derivative instruments (net)	8.69	14.76
	(B) Others		
	Profit / (loss) on sale of long term investment	41.14	(62.60)
	Income distribution from Fund	70.55	347.76
	Share of profit / (loss) in partnership firm	(0.04)	4,15
	Total Gain/(loss) from treasury (A+B)	(43.85)	(589.05)
30	Interest income		
	Interest Income from group company loan	1,315.25	3,100.17
	Interest Income on credit substitutes	275.19	132.32
	Interest income on fixed deposits	20.94	53.06
	Interest income on debt instrument	164.74	1,220.47
	Interest income on margin with brokers	*	0.16
	Interest income on delayed payments Interest Income - others	2.27	0.01
	interest income - others	0.20	31.48
		1,778.59	4,537.67
31	Other operating revenue		
-			
	Warehouse charges Rental income		54.68
	Rental Income	355.42 355.42	313.04 367.72
		335.42	367.72
32	Other income		
	Miscellaneous income	5.21	39.86
	Interest on Income Tax Refund	14.81	24.37
	Profit / (loss) on sale of long term investment *	389.15	1,121.74
		400.17	1,185.97
		409.17	1,103.97

<sup>\*</sup>The Company has sold its stake in one of its fellow subsidiaries based on independent valuer report to another fellow subsidiary of the Company and accordingly, other income includes a gain on sale amounting to Rs.384, 90 millions ( Previous year Rs. 1115.90 millions).





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		For the year ended 31 March 2023	For the year ended 31 March 2022
33	Impairment on financial instruments		
	Bad- debts and advances written off	238.47	(7.65
	Diminution in value of investments	510.13	
	Provision for non performing assets	(558.18)	140.34
	Provision for doubtful debts	(1.10)	(12.04
	Other Credit Cost	9.51	-
		198.83	120.65
34	Employee benefits expenses		
	Salaries, wages and Bonus	367.08	480.30
	Contribution to provident and other funds	21.29	26.30
	Expense on Employee Stock Option Scheme (ESOP) and Stock		
	Appreciation Rights (SAR)	3.68	8.9
	Staff welfare expenses	39.62	21.4
		431.67	537.04
35	Finance costs		
	Interest on debentures	1,179.79	2,021.2
	Interest on inter-corporate deposits	2,71	
	Interest on bank overdraft	0.87	0.1
	Interest on loan from holding company	1,009.00	2,005.7
	Interest on loan from group companies	452.04	689.8
	Interest - others		70.4
	Interest on lease liabilities	0.26	0.4
	Discount on commercial paper	410.75	420.0
	Financial and bank charges	6.20	12.0
	Interest on shortfall in payment of advance income tax	0.01	0.8
	Finance charge on preference shares issued	192.60	179.2
		3,254.23	5,399.9





# Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

		For the year ended	For the year ended
_		31 March 2023	31 March 2022
16	Other expenses		
7	77.00		
	Advertisement and business promotion	5.63	4.33
	Auditor's remuneration (refer note below)	9.05	8.58
	Commission and brokerage	0.14	4.1
	Communication expenses	21.38	20.0
	Computer expenses	128.85	96.9
	Computer software	109.80	89.9
	Clearing and custodian charges	0.72	1.4
	Directors' sitting fees	1.02	0.7
	Electricity charges (net)	31.62	2.9
	Foreign exchange loss (net)	0.08	0.0
	Insurance	2.44	9.5
	Legal and professional fees	239.08	157.7
	Loss / (gain) on sale of fixed assets (net)	8.46	(4.2
	Membership and subscription	5.18	0.3
	Office expenses	61.93	48.6
	Postage and courier	0.13	0.0
	Printing and stationery	2.15	6.4
	Rates and taxes	8.68	7.5
	Rating support fees	4.06	4.9
	Rent	4.56	30.0
	Repairs and maintenance - Building	0.06	0.0
	Repairs and maintenance - others	7.87	2.7
	Goods and service tax (GST)	6.83	10.8
	Stamp duty	0.68	0.8
	Stock exchange expenses	1.00	2.7
	Transportation charges	0.02	5.7
	Travelling and conveyance	11.48	12.2
	Warehousing charges	0.42	54.9
	Outside Service Cost	11.90	14.5
	Miscellaneous expenses	4.17	17.4
		690.39	612.4
	Auditor's remuneration:		
	Statutory audit	5.50	5.0
	Limited Review	3.00	3.0
	Certification and consultation	0.44	0.5
	Reimbursement of expenses	0.11	0.0
	AND ASSESSMENT ASSESSM	9.05	8.5





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

"Nuwama Clearing Services Limited ("NCSL") (Formerly known as Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited), an erstwhile associate of the Edelweiss Financial Services Company Limited (EFSL) challenged an order, by an investigating agency, marking lien on its clearing account, before the 47th Additional Chief Metropolitan Magistrate Court, Mumbai ("ACMM"). Since the investigation against Anugrah Stock and Broking Pvt. Ltd. ("trading member"), for which NCSL was a clearing member, is still under process, the said Court contended that it had no objection to setting aside the lien order, upon NCSL providing an undertaking to keep sufficient assets unencumbered. The above case which is pending for hearing before ACMM, has now been transferred to the City Civil & Sessions Court under Maharashtra Protection of Interest of Depositors (In Financial Establishments) Act, 1999 (MPID). During the year ended March 2023, hearing has happened with Securities Appellate Tribunal with respect to NSCL's application made to SAT for challenging NCL's perverse order against NCSL; and the said hearing has been concluded and for which no order or further directions from SAT have yet been received. The matter is sub-judice and has been listed for further hearing and there is no further update on this matter during the year.

On behalf of NCSL, the Company has provided the undertaking to keep sufficient unencumbered assets amounting to Rs. 920.00 millions belonging to the Company and the said lien has been set aside. During the year ended March 31, 2023 the Company had transferred, such perpetual bond that was given as undertaking to investigating agencies, amounting to Rs. 1,950 millions to Edel Finance Company Limited in accordance with undertaking submitted to investigating agency that total given undertaking will remain with Edelweiss Group. The Company has been represented by NCSL that it has acted in accordance with the agreement entered with the trading member and in accordance with applicable laws and regulations. Accordingly, there is no adjustment required in the financial results for the year ended March 31, 2023.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

# 38 Segment reporting

# Primary Segment (Business segment)

For management purpose, the Company's business is organised into business segments based in products and services and has five reportable segments as mentioned below:

Segment	Activities covered	
Capital based business	Capital intensive business includes Lending, investing and investment property	
Treasury management	Interest income and trading in securities	
Business Support Services	Centralized support services in the nature of administration, compliance, payroll, finance and accounts, Technical support etc. provided to group companies	
Warehouse services	Warehouse services includes warehousing and collateral management services for agri commodities	
Trading in commodities	Purchase and sale of commodities	

Income for each segment has been specifically identified. Expenditure, assets and liabilities are either specifically identified with individual segments or have been

allocated to segments on a systematic basis. Based on such allocations, segment disclosures relating to revenue, results, assets and liabilities have been prepared.

The Exceutive management committee is the Chief operating decision maker(CODM) and monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment.

## Secondary Segment

Since the business operations of the Company are primarily concentrated in India, the Company is considered to operate only in the domestic segment and therefore there is no reportable geographic segment.

The following table gives information in terms of provisions of Accounting Standard on Segment Reporting (Ind AS 108)

Partic	culars -	As at/ For the year ended 31 March 2023	As at/ For the year ended 31 March 2022
1	Segment Revenue		
	(a) Capital based business	2,441.06	4,805.00
	b) Treasury management	50.34	631.57
	c) Business Support Services	776.46	740.13
	d) Warehouse services	1	55.46
	e) Trading in commodities	4,729.50	4,584.77
	f) Unallocated	14.81	24.38
	Total Income	8,012.17	10,841.31
	Common Branche		
1	Segment Results	1, 220 40	******
	a) Capital based business	(1,688:75)	(852.21
	b) Treasury management	(354.52)	(79.40
	c) Business Support Services d) Warehouse services	272.39	88.78
		*	(3.78
	e) Trading in commodities f) Unallocated	2,98	1.72
	Loss before taxation	14.81	24.41
	Less: Provision for taxation	(1,753.08)	(820.48)
_	Profit after taxation	215.46	(74.47)
	Front after taxation	(1,968.54)	(746.01
11	Segment Assets		
	a) Capital based business	24,225.17	36,407.15
	b) Treasury management	178.00	2,745.64
	c) Business Support Services	170.07	106.69
	d) Warehouse services	5.37	
	e) Trading in commodities		
	f) Unallocated	2,446.32	2,647.29
	Total	27,019.56	41,906.77
IV	Segment Liabilities		
· v	a) Capital based business	22,524,21	33,339.87
	b) Treasury management	152.97	2,256.87
	c) Business Support Services	152.97	2,256.87
	d) Warehouse services	16.82	16.82
	e) Trading in commodities		10.82
	f) Unallocated		1
	Total	22,694.00	35,614.19
	TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF		
V	Capital expenditure (Including intangibles under development)		0.000
	a) Capital based business	20.69	409.43
	b) Treasury management		-
	c) Business Support Services		
	d) Warehouse services		
	e) Trading in commodities		-
	f) Unallocated		
	Total	20.69	409.43





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

38 Segment reporting

Partic	ulars	As at/ For the year ended 31 March 2023	As at/ For the year ended 31 March 2022
VI	Depreciation and amortisation		
	a) Capital based business	451.86	357.30
	b) Treasury management		6.33
	c) Business Support Services	11.74	45.09
	d) Warehouse services		1.0
	e) Trading in commodities		1.5
	f) Unallocated		
	Total	463.60	408.72
VII	Significant non-cash expenses other than depreciation and amortisation		
	a) Capital based business	198.83	140.34
	b) Treasury management	10.4	2,5
	c) Business Support Services		¥.
	d) Warehouse services		(19.69)
	e) Trading in commodities	4	4.0
	f) Unallocated		
	Total	198.83	120.65





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

# 39 Disclosure as required by Indian Accounting Standard 24 – "Related Party Disclosure":

# List of Related Parties as at March 31,2023 is as under:

# (A) Names of related parties by whom control is exercised

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, ultimate Holding Company Edel Finance Company Limited, Holding Company

# (B) Entities which are controlled by the Company

Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)

Comtrade Commodities Services Limited

Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited

Allium Finance Private Limited

# (C) Associate with whom the Company has transactions

ECap Securities and Investments Limited (Formerly known as Ecap Equities Limited)

# (D) Fellow Subsidiaries with whom the Company has transactions

**ECL Finance Limited** 

Edelcap Securities Limited

Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited

Ecap Equities Limited (Formerly known as Edel Land Limited)

**Edel Investments Limited** 

Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited

Edelweiss Trusteeship Company Limited

**Edelweiss Asset Management Limited** 

**Edelgive Foundation** 

Edelweiss International Singapore Pte Limited

Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited

Zuno General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company

Limited)

Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited

Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited

Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited

Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP

Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund

India Credit Investment Fund II

Sekura India Management Limited

# (E) Associate of Ultimate holding company (EFSL) with whom the Company has transactions (upto March 30, 2023)

Nuvama Asset Management Limited (formerly known as ESL Securities Limited)

Nuvama Capital Services (IFSC) Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities (IFSC) Limited)

Nuvama Custodial Services Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Capital Services Limited)

Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Broking Limited)
Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Finance and Investments Limited)

Nuvama Wealth Management Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss Securities Limited)

Nuvama Clearing Services Limited

# (F) Key Management Personnel

Mr. Ravindra Dhobale (Executive Director & Chief Financial Officer) (w.e.f. August 2, 2022)

Mr. Chirag Dilipkumar Shah (Company Secretary) (w.e.f. May 27, 2022)

Ms. Shailly Kedia (Company Secretary) (Resigned w.e.f. April 8, 2022)

# (G) Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Nikhil Johari

Mr. Santosh Dadheech

Ms. Ananya Suneja

# (H) Independent Directors

Dr. Vinod Juneja

Mr. Kunnasagaran Chinniah (upto August 31, 2022)

Mr. Bharat Bakshi (w.e.f. May 27,2022)





# Related Parties (Continued)

(i) Transaction and Balances with related parties for the year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	Name of related parties	2022-23	Rs. in Millians) 2021-22
Capital account transactions during the year			
Equity shares Issued to	Edel Finance Company Umited	-	2,501.20
Non-Cumulative Non-Convertible Redeemable Preference Share issued	to Edel Finance Company Limited	20.00	
	at the state of th	10,00	
Redemption of Preference Share issued	Edel Finance Company Limited	10.00	
	Ecap Equities Limited	10.00	
Loans taken from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	8,320.00	36,891.63
	ECL Finance Limited	1,590.00	
	Edel Finance Company Limited  Edel Investments Limited	2,620.70 1,866.40	45.00
	Allium Finance Private Limited	83.50	15,308.88 376.02
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	250.00	11,530.00
	Edelcap Securities Limited	1,079.80	4,963.72
	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance	6,200.00	- 10 m
	Limited)	244-34	4,400.00
	Ecap Equities Limited	5,353.35	29,096.73
Loans repaid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	13,559.23	29,749.48
	ECL Finance Limited	1,590.00	25/745/40
	Edel Finance Company Limited	949.20	50.51
	Edel Investments Limited	2,551.40	14,762.21
	Allium Finance Private Limited	164.22	322.88
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	~	0.40
	Edetweiss Retail Finance Limited	3,720.00	8,060.00
	Edelcap Securities Limited	2,024.26	4,019.26
	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance	6,200.00	4,400.00
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 3,720.00 Edelcap Securities Limited 2,034.26 Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance 6,200.00 Limited) Ecap Equities Limited 3,893.25  ECL Finance Limited 3,893.25  ECL Finance Company Limited 4,786.80 Edel Investments Limited 4,786.80 Edel Investments Limited 1,426.58 Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited 1,426.58 Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited 1,000.00 Edelweiss Securities And Investments Irrivate 1,000.00 Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited 778.50 Edelweiss Securities And Investment Finance Commodities Services Limited 2,000.00 Comtrade Commodities Services Limited 6,881.57 Edelweiss Meximent Advisor Limited 5,881.91 Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 5,613.91 Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited 1,750.00	15,915.97	
	and advanced to the same of th	2,024.26 6,200.00 3,893.25 4,786.80 1,428.58 156.44 1,000.00 778.50 220.00 6,07 6,881.57	10,515.51
Egans given to	ECL Finance Limited	-	10,337.86
	Edel Finance Company Limited	4,786.80	7,312.11
	Edel Investments Limited	×	5,609 50
	Edelcap Securities Limited	1,428.58	784.48
			1,125.60
			5,009.17
			330.00
			5.69
			98,431.05 7,316.35
			1,740.00
	Allium Finance Private Limited	1,720,000	46.23
Loans repaid by	ECL Finance Limited	780.00	9,557.86
	Edel Finance Company Limited	7,419.40	9,679.51
	Edelcap Securities Limited	1,428.58	784,48
	Edel Investments Limited		5,609.50
	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	9,216.50	9,190.96
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited  Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	156.44	1,400.06
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited	1,750.00	1,740.00
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	2,322.76	3,489,19
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	330.00	1.19
	Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	20.53	2.20
	Ecap Equities Limited	7,280.75	95,373.10
	Allium Finance Private Limited		46.23
Purchase of Security from	ECL Finance Limited		2,147 00
Investments in funds sold to	ECI Emineral implied	****	
Investments in funds sold to	ECL Finance Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	513.98 1,671.49	
	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	1,071.49	111.93
			111.93
Investments in equity shares sold to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	0.10
Investments in equity shares sold to	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	495,28	1,451.97
Investments in Compulsory Convertible debentures of	Ecap Equities Limited		2,000 00
	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	- 8-	5,750.00
Withdrawal of capital from partnership firm	Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP	0.13	0.74
Account of withing them becomes mile than	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	0.13	7.02
			7.02
Investments in Other	India Credit Investment Fund II	2,172,71	238.33
	Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund	= ;=	10.09
	Edelyeiss Private Equity Tech Fund	1 - 51	5.83
Principal Repayment from fund	India Credit Investment Fund II	779.63	
	India Credit Investment Fund I	-	
Margin placed with	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited	0.55	405.14
Line Part Base of Maril	Edel Investments Limited	4,75	880.10
		4,/5	
Margin withdrawn from	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited	2.05	880 10
	The board of the b		





Related Parties (Continued)

(i) Transaction and Balances with related parties for the year ended March 31, 2023

articulars	Name of related parties	2022-23	(s. in Millions) 2021-22
	Edel Investments Limited	4.75	5.4
urchase of fixed assets from	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	0.00	0.0
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	×111	0.0
	Nuvarna Wealth and Investment Limited	- 80	0.0
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		0.1
	ECL Finance Limited	0.12	0.0
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.01	
	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)		0.0
	Ecap Equities Limited		0.0
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited		1.3
	Edel Investments Limited	0.14	0.0
	Edelcap Securities Limited	0.28	0.0
	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited		0.0
	EdelGive Foundation		0.0
	Comtrade Commodities Services Limited		0.0
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited		0.0
ale of fixed assets to	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	0.00	0.0
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited		0.0
	Nuvama Wealth and investment Limited	- 20	0.0
	Edelcap Securities Limited	- 2	0.0
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	- X I	0.1
	ECL Finance Limited	Jac Jac	- 41
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance	-	
	Company Limited)		L
	Edelwelss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	Ψ.	0.0
	Nuvarna Wealth Finance Limited		0.0
	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited		0.0
	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edetweiss Housing Finance		0.0
	Limited) Ecap Equities Limited		0.0
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	- 51	0.0
	EdelGive Foundation		0.0
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited		0.0
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited		0.0
	Edel Investments Limited	0.00	0.
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	0.00	0.
	Nuvama Asset Management Limited		0.1
	Harana Posterna appendix campea		0.4
urchase/subscription of debentures from	Ecap Equities Limited	-	2,750.0
	Nuvama Asset Management Limited	53.35	
	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance	-	
	Limited)	- 1	94.7
ale of Debentures to	ECL Finance Limited	1,889.04	
	Edel Investments Limited	-	3,890.0
	Edel Finance Company Limited	-	19.
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited		115.
	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	166.89	-
	Edelcap Securities Limited	373.85	
	Edel Finance Company Umited	2,130,43	-
		22000	
suance of debentures to	Ecap Equities Limited	5,500.00	
adametics of dishiptures hold in	e and the observation of		2000
edemption of debentures held in	Ecap Equities Limited	1,076.63	5,159.
	ECL Finance Limited	8	1,200.
edemption of debentures held by	Same Continue Licensed		
and the state of t	Ecap Equities Limited  Edulusers Investment Advance Limited	4,440.10 805.44	
	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited  Edelcap Securities Umited	355.56	
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	8.30	
	A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE	0.30	
ecurity deposit received from	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	-	7.
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited		84.
			.04
ecurity deposit repaid to	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited		75.
	Ecap Equities Limited	2.7	100
	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance	- 0	- 70
	Limited)		100.
	ECL Finance Limited	× 1	500.
emuneration/Professional fee paid to	Santosh Dadheech		9
	Manoj Sharma	-	-2,
	Ananya Suneja		20.
	Chirag Shah	1.06	
	Shailly Kedia	0.06	
	Nikhil Johari	15.25	
irector Sitting Fees	Kunnasagaran Chinniah	0.14	0.
	Bharat Bakshi	0.30	
	Vinod Juneja	0.34	0.
ncome			
usinger support vanica charges from	ECL Finance Limited	68.31	72.
usiness support service charges from	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited		





Related Parties (Continued)

(1) Transaction and Balances with related parties for the year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	Name of related parties	2022-23	2021-22
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	244,00	268.18
	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance	53.53	
	Limited)		48.61
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.90	0.76
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited	0.14	0.26
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	35.09	28.20
	Edel Finance Company Limited	2.71	0.76
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	46.76	43.67
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	0.07	0.24
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	6.17	3.46
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited)	53.88	43.98
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	4.89	3.81
	Edelcap Securities Limited	65.44	56.05
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited	0.71	0.87
	Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	0.03	.0 24
	Edel Investments Limited	5.45	157
	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited	7,89	6,29
	Ecap Equities Limited	13.96	17.15
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	72.62	68 00
	EdelGive Foundation	8.15	5.57
	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	1.85	0.02
			43.01
			0.01
			0.04
	reak servities win investigant? multed	0.00	
Cornerate Guarantee Commission Inches	Nido Home Singace Limited (Engenerity Fernance & Edulation University Fernance)	200	
Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Llimited 4.79 Edelweiss Trusteeship Company Llimited 0.01 Nuvama Asset Management Limited 0.03 Sekura India Management Limited 0.50 ECAP Securities And Investments Limited 0.00 Corporate Guarantee Commission Inctime Nido Home Finance Llimited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance 0.00 ECAP Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance 0.00 Edel Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance 0.00 Edel Finance Company Limited 0.00 Edelweiss Finance Limited 0.00 Rating Support Fees Income Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 0.00  Rating Support Fees Income Edelweis Financial Instituted 0.00  Rating Support Fees Income Edelweis Financial Finance Limited 0.00 Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited 0.00 Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited 0.00 ECL Finance Company Limited 0.00 Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited 0.00 Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited 0.00 Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited 0.00 Edelweiss Limited 0.00 ECL Finance Limited 0	0.03	0.02	
	0.02		
			6.93
			0.00
	Exercise necessive contacts	0.00	0.00
Pation Support East Income	Lunited)  ECL Finance Limited  ECL Finance Company Limited  Edel Finance Company Limited  Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  O.00  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited  Nuvama Wealth Management Limited  Nuvama Wealth Management Limited  Nido Home Finance Limited  Inited  ECL Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)  ECL Finance Limited  Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited  Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited  Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited  Edel Finance Campany Limited  Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.09	
and appoint on monit			
			0.03
		-	0.13
			0.13
			0.13
			0.02
			0.03
			0.07
			0.08
			0.06
			0.00
			0.02
Interest income on debentures (Including CCD)	ECL Finance Limited	143.47	239.31
			1.55
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		1.64
	Edel Finance Company Limited	7.64	2.64
	Ecap Equities Limited	15.14	25.13
			65.10
Interest income on Nifty Linked Debentures	Ecap Equities Limited	269.59	838.39
		February	920.22
Interest income on loan from	ECL Finance Limited	8.51	193.45
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited	0.54	228.93
	Allium Finance Private Limited		0.12
	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	929.91	994.95
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited	11.36	2,24,33
	Edelcap Securities Limited	30.37	1.30
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	33.66	7.35
	In a construction of the second secon	20.00	10.31
	Edel Investments Limited		10.01
			54 99
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	4.97	54.99 4.84
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	4.97 2.25	4.84
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Ecap Equities Limited	4.97 2.25 70.76	4.84 1,195.97
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	4.97 2.25 70.76 1.43	4.84 1,195 97 1 61
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Ecap Equities Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	4,97 2,25 70,76 1,43 70,69	4.84 1,195.97 1.61 65.72
	Edeliveiss Global Wealth Management Limited  Edeliveiss Retail Finance Limited  Ecap Equities Limited  Comtrade Commodities Services Limited  Edeliveiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	4.97 2.25 70.76 1.43	4.84 1,195 97 1 61
Interest income on margin placed with	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Ecap Equities Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edel Finance Company Limited	4,97 2,25 70,76 1,43 70,69	4.84 1,195.97 1.61 65.72 340.63
Interest income on margin placed with	Edeliveiss Global Wealth Management Limited  Edeliveiss Retail Finance Limited  Ecap Equities Limited  Comtrade Commodities Services Limited  Edeliveiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	4,97 2,25 70,76 1,43 70,69	4.84 1,195.97 1.61 65.72
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Ecap Equities Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edel Finance Company Limited	4,97 2,25 70,76 1,43 70,69 151,55	4.84 1,195.97 1.61 65.72 340.63
	Edeliveiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edeliveiss Retail Finance Limited Ecap Equities Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited Edeliveiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edel Finance Company Limited Nuvama Clearing Services Limited	4,97 2,25 70,76 1,43 70,69	4,84 1,195 97 1 61 65.72 340.63
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Ecap Equities Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edel Finance Company Limited  Nuvaima Clearing Services Limited  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LEP (Edelweiss Wealth Advisors LEP)	4.97 2.25 70.76 1.43 70.69 151.55	4 84 1,195 97 1 61 65.72 340.63
Share of Profit in LLP	Edeliveiss Global Wealth Management Limited  Edeliveiss Retail Finance Limited  Ecap Equities Limited  Comtrade Commodities Services Limited  Edeliveiss Securities And Investments Private Limited  Edel Finance Company Limited  Nuvarna Clearing Services Limited  Edeliveiss Resolution Advisors LLP (Edeliveiss Wealth Advisors LLP)  Edeliveiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	4.97 2.25 70.76 1.43 70.69 151.55	4 84 1,195 97 1 61 65.72 340.63
Share of Profit in LLP	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Ecap Equities Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edel Finance Company Limited  Nuvarna Clearing Services Limited  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP [Edelweiss Wealth Advisors LLP] Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	4.97 2.25 70.76 1.43 70.69 151.55	4.84 1,195.97 1.61 65.72 340.63 0.16
Share of Profit in LLP	Edeliveiss Global Wealth Management Limited  Edeliveiss Retail Finance Limited  Ecap Equities Limited  Comtrade Commodities Services Limited  Edeliveiss Securities And Investments Private Limited  Edel Finance Company Limited  Nuvarna Clearing Services Limited  Edeliveiss Resolution Advisors LLP (Edeliveiss Wealth Advisors LLP)  Edeliveiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	4.97 2.25 70.76 1.43 70.69 151.55	4.84 1,195.97 1.61 65.72 340.63 0.16
Share of Profit in LLP Share of loss from fund	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited  Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Ecap Equities Limited  Comtrade Commodities Services Limited  Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited  Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited  Edelweiss Company Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP (Edelweiss Wealth Advisors LLP)  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP	4.97 2.25 70.76 1.43 70.69 151.55	4.84 1,195 97 1 65,72 340,63 0.16
Share of Profit in LLP Share of loss from fund	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edel Finance Company Limited  Nuvarna Clearing Services Limited  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP (Edelweiss Wealth Advisors LLP) Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP	4.97 2.25 70.76 1.43 70.69 151.55	4.84 1,195.97 1.61 65.72 340.63 0.16 4.19 0.04
Share of Profit in LLP Share of loss from fund	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited  Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Ecap Equities Limited  Comtrade Commodities Services Limited  Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited  Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited  Edel Finance Company Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LEP [Edelweiss Wealth Advisors LLP]  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Finance Limited  Edelweiss Finance Limited	4,97 2,25 70,76 1,43 70,69 151,55	4,84 1,195 97 1 61 65.72 340,63 0.16 4.19 0.04
Share of Profit in LLP Share of loss from fund	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited  Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Comtrade Commodities Services Limited  Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited  Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited  Edel Finance Company Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP (Edelweiss Wealth Advisors LLP)  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP  ECL Finance Limited  Boelweis Financial Services Limited  Novama Wealth Management Limited	4.97 7.25 70.76 1.43 70.69 151.55 0.03 	4.84 1,195 97 1 65,72 340,63 0.16 4.19 0.04 11.78 26.89 12.93
Share of Profit in LLP Share of loss from fund	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited Comtrade Commodities Services Limited Contrade Commodities Services Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edel Finance Company Limited  Nuvarna Clearing Services Limited  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP (Edelweiss Wealth Advisors LLP) Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP Edelweiss Francial Services Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Nuvarna Wealth Management Limited Nuvarna Wealth Management Limited Nuvarna Wealth Management Limited	4.97 2.25 70.76 1.43 70.69 151.55	4,84 1,195 97 161 65,72 340,63 0.16 4.19 0.04 11.78 26,89 12,93 0.20
Interest income on margin placed with Share of Profit in LLP Share of loss from fund Rental income from	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited  Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited  Comtrade Commodities Services Limited  Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited  Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited  Edel Finance Company Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP (Edelweiss Wealth Advisors LLP)  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP  Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP  ECL Finance Limited  Boelweis Financial Services Limited  Novama Wealth Management Limited	4.97 7.25 70.76 1.43 70.69 151.55 0.03 	4.84 1,195 97 1 65,72 340,63 0.16 4.19 0.04 11.78 26.89 12.93





# Related Parties (Continued)

(I) Transaction and Balances with related parties for the year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	Name of related parties	2022-23	Rs. in Millions) 2021-22
an treatment	Name of related parties  Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly Known as Edelweiss Housing Finance	0.03	4941-44
	Limited)	0.03	
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited	0.17	
	Edelcap Securities Limited	20.83	14.0
	Edel Investments Limited	13.72	25.25
	Edeliweiss Asset Management Limited	13.87	24.96
	Ecap Equities Limited	4.42	2.28
	EdelGive Foundation	1.38	1.13
	Nuvama Asset Management Limited	0.01	
investment management support service from	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited	8.20	1.69
		2.20	
Cost reimbursements recovered from	ECL Finance Limited	1.30 0.91	2.79
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	4.81	1.6:
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited  Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited	0.06	2.8
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	2.85	1.7-
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited	9.84	2.8
	Edelcap Securities Limited	1.14	4.2
	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance	0.01	4.2)
	(umited)	9,91	1.00
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited	0.01	0.50
	Edeliveiss Global Wealth Management Limited		0.0
	Edel Investments Limited	2.05	1.9.
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance	2,27	100
	Company Limited)		0.5
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	- 50	4,9
	Ecap Equities Limited	0,41	0,5
	EdelGive Foundation	0.05	0.0
	Edel Finance Company Limited	- 6.1	0.0
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.80 2.67	1,1
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	-	19
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.00	0.3
	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	0.01	0.0
	Nuvama Asset Management Limited	0.04	0.0
	Edelweiss Trusteeship Company Limited  Nuvama Clearing Services Limited	-	0.0
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	0.00	0.1
	coewess securities and investments Private Limited	0.00	
Income distribution from Fund	India Credit Investment Fund		64.0
and the distribution is distributed in	Edelweiss Value & Growth Fund		283.7
	EUCHTESS VALUE OF OLOWER FAIRE		4363/7
Expenses			
Clearing expenses to	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited	0.45	-
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	0.00	
Cost reimbursement to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	8.1
	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited		0.0
	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	200	0.6
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	13.92	115
	Ecap Equities Limited	3.43	0.0
	Edelcap Securities Limited	3.01	0.0
	Nuvama Wealth Finance Limited	0.08	×
	ECL Finance Limited	14.66	98.2
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited		0.0
	Nuvama Clearing Services Limited		0.6
	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	- 1-	0.0
	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance	0.02	0.1
	Limited)		0.1
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited EdelGive Foundation	-	00
	Edel Investments Limited	1.67	
	Edel Finance Company Limited	0.12	-
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.25	-
	-Annual Control of the Control of th	4.64	
Management fees paid to	ECL Finance Limited	117.60	





Related Parties (Continued)

Particulars	Name of related parties	2022-23	2021-22
rokerage and commission expenses	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	2022-23	24.
Tokerage and commission expenses	ECL Finance Limited		0.00
	Ecap Equities Limited		0.0
	Edel Investments Limited	0.73	
nterest expenses on loans from	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1,009.00	2,005.7
The same of the sa	Edel Finance Company Limited	25.03	1.1
	ECL Finance Limited	28.13	
	Edelcap Securities Limited	35.14	47.3
	Edel Investments Limited	62.52	79.2
	Allium Finance Private Limited	12.75	10.1
	Ecap Equities Limited	19.78	267.1
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	12//0	0.0
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	145.97	191.3
	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance	122,70	191.3
	Limited)	122,70	93.4
	Entree)		
nterest expenses on Security deposit	ECL Finance Limited	4.7	58.6
Access and an access and an access and an access and ac			
			11.7
nterest expenses on debentures	Edelcap Securities Limited	76,35	74.3
			400.4
			166.0
		U.av	100.0
			13.2
			12.4
			24.7
	Sacratical antestates values countes	2.30	29.7
	Calai Canana Common Common	1.71	0.9
interest on CCD	Edel Finance Company Limited	1./1	0.9
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	to the same to the same to	0.00	74.0
Interest / dividend on preference shares			74.9
	Ecap Equities Limited	110,17	103.5
Interest Exps - ICD	Nuvama Wealth Management Limited	2.71	
Rating fees to and Bank guarantee commission		0.00	
	Limited)		
Balances with related parties as on 31 March 2023 - (Assets)			
			1550
Accrued interest income on loans given		55.82	96.7
			6.2
		-	0.1
		74,	5.5
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited		7.3
	Ecap Equities Limited		130.8
	Edel Investments Limited	0.00	0.0
	Edel Finance Company Limited		41.8
	ECL Finance Limited	-	152.0
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	3.12	3.6
Interest receivable on debentures from	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.03	0.0
			1.7
			15.4
			340.0
Investment in Partnership Firm	Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP		0.1
			0.0
	Permississianish and analysis FT.		0.0
Nido Korne Finance Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance invited]  Set expenses on debentures  Edelcap Securities Limited  Face Equilies Limited  Face Equilies Limited  A77.56  Gdel Investments Limited  Nido Mome Finance Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited  Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited  Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited  Edel Finance Company Limited  Example Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Example Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Example Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Example Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Example Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Example Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Example Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Example Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Example Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Example Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Example Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Example Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Edelweiss Example Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Example Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Edelweiss Example Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Example Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Edelweiss Example Limited [Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited]  Example Limited [Formerly known as Ed			
investments in equity snares in		2,829.00	2,829.0
		38.86	38.8
			1,000.1
			21.1
	Euerweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	1	110.3
		200.00	2-1-5
Investments in preference shares in	Allium Finance Private Limited	858.92	839,7
Investment in others	Edelweiss Value and Growth Fund		314.0
	Edelweiss Private Equity Tech Fund		199.8
	India Credit Investment Fund II	2,611.79	1,507.0
Partner's current account - receivable from	Edelweiss Resolution Advisors LLP		0,3
Partner's current account - receivable from	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	3.11	3.1
Partner's current account - receivable from			
Partner's current account - receivable from			
	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	0.05	
Partner's capital account - receivable from	Edelwess Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	0.05	
Partner's capital account - receivable from		0.05	2.120.6
	ECL Finance Limited		
Partner's capital account - receivable from		6,600.59 5,750.42	2,120 6 6,600 3 5,750 4





Related Parties (Continued)

(I) Transaction and Balances with related parties for the year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	Name of related parties	2022-23	s. in Millions) 2021-22
rade receivables from	Edel Finance Company Limited	2.17	4.63
Table Perchanger Tolli	Edelweiss International (Singapore) Pte. Limited	3.38	1.79
	EdelGive Foundation	1.62	0.33
	Edelweiss Trusteeship Company Limited	0.00	0.00
	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Funds Management pvt Ltd.		0.00
	Edel Investments Limited	2.30	1.87
	Ecap Equities Limited	2.91	0.22
	Edelcap Securities Limited	16.33	5.28
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	25.11	3.78
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	3.45	2.79
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	18.10	6.73
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	11.55	5.60
	ZUNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance	4,44	250
	Company Limited) Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance	11.03	8.56
	Limited)		20.43
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.36	0.30
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	8.60	5.32
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	10.54	7.14
	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	0.02	0.01
	ECL Finance Limited	35.35	22.30
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	0.05	-
	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	0.32	- 8
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited	0.00	~~
	Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	0.00	
	Allium Finance Private Limited	0.01	
Other Receivable	ECL Finance Limited	0.00	
	2UNO General Insurance Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss General Insurance	0.00	4.4
	Company Limited)	200	0.12
	Edelcap Securities Limited	0.58	
	Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	0,00	
	Edel Investments Limited		
	Ecap Equities Limited	156.20	0.00
	Edel Finance Company Limited	0.02	0.06
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1.40	2.66
	Allium Finance Private Limited	0.09	0,00
	EdelGive Foundation	0.64	0.56
	Edelvalue Partners	8	
	Edehveiss Asset Management Limited		0.02
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	0,00	0.03
	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)	0,00	0.00
	Edelweiss Securities Trading and Management Pvt. Ltd Dahlia	0.00	
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	0.00	
	Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	0.00	-
Loans and advances given to	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	5,889.72	9,492.31
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	220.00	330,00
	Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	4.1	14.46
	Ecap Equities Limited		399.18
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited		1,544.26
	Edel Finance Company Limited		2,632.60
	ECL Finance Limited	-	780.00
Stock in trade/ Nifty Linked Debentures	Ecap Equities Limited	123,76	3,00
Non convertible debentures	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	10.47	18.61
	Edel Finance Company Limited	24.94	28.07
	Ecap Equities Limited		555.97
Balances with related parties as on 31 March 2023 - (Liabilities)			
Subordinated Preference Shares	Edel Finance Company Limited	20.00	918.36
	Ecap Equities Limited	405.68	1,296.51
Accrued interest expense on loans taken from	ECL Finance Limited	0.87	0.24
	Allium Finance Private Limited		0.75
	Edel Investments Limited	1.83	7.29
	Edel Finance Company Limited	7.72	
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	×	20.88
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	50.63	244.11
	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance	~	93
	Limited)	4.74	9 26
	Ecap Equities Limited	4.79	
	Edelcap Securities Limited	0.00	7.55
	Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	0.00	-
	PAIR Committee of	0.00	
Internet Parable CCD	Edel Finance Company Limited	0.90	
Interest Payable-CCD			
	Pide a victoria		707
Interest Payable-CCD  Non convertible debentures held by	Edel Investments Limited	4427.00	
	Ecop Equities Limited	4,131.00	300 82 4,064.34
	Ecop Equities Limited Edelcap Securities Limited	1,369.00	4,064,34 350,53
	Ecop Equities Limited		4,064,34





# Related Parties (Continued)

(I) Transaction and Balances with related parties for the year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	Name of related parties	2022-23	, in Millions) 2021-22
Interest Payable on Debenture	Edel Investments Limited	3783.57	0.53
	Ecap Equities Limited	113.18	70.66
	Edelcap Securities Limited	17.63	4.62
	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	- 2	14 06
Rental deposits received from	Edelwers Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	50.00	50.00
Nental deposits received from	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	17.72	30.00
	Luciwejs anternative roset autours Crimed	27.172	
Trade payables to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	0.05	
	EC Global Limited		0.02
	ECL Finance Limited	24,47	- 3.
	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	0,01	0.00
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte. Limited		0.14
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	0.01	-
	Edelcap Securities Limited	0.21	
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Umited	0,51	-
	Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited	0.00	
	ECap Securities And Investments Limited	0.11	3
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	8.53	-
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0.03	
	Edelvalue Partners	0.00	
Other Payable	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited		0.81
	Edel Finance Company Limited		0.04
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	0.87	0.00
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	0,46	0.00
	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited		0.01
	EdelGive Foundation	0.24	-
	Comtrade Commodities Services Limited	0.09	
	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)	0.00	
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	12.11	
	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	0.87	
	Edel Investments Limited	0.75	- ×
	ECL Finance Limited	0.01	
	Ecap Equities Limited	0,61	1.
	Sekura India Management Limited	0.01	
	Edelcap Securities Limited	0.01	- 2
Loans taken from	Allium Finance Private Limited		80.72
	Edel Finance Company Limited	1,671.50	
	Edel Investments Limited		585.00
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	4,100.00	9,339.23
	Edelcap Securities Limited	Y-1-	944.40
	Ecap Equities Limited	1,460.10	
Off balance sheet item			
Corporate guarantee given for	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance	1,353.25	
	Limited)	1,233.67	1,512.82
	ECL Finance Limited	149.30	249.09
	Edel Finance Company Limited	701.80	726.55
	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited		32.49
	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	3,290.60	
Corporate guarantee taken from	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance		
Conholate Englattee raket Hottl	Limited)		950.00

0.00 indicates amounts less than Rs. 0.01 millions





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## 40 Investments in partnership firms:

Particulars	Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP		
	As at 31st March 2023	As at 31st March 2022	
Total capital of partnership firm	Rs. 0.10 millions	Rs. 0.10 millions	
Name of partners	Share in capital and share in profit/loss		
Ecap Equities Limited (formerly known as Edel Land Limited)	50.00%	50.00%	
Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	50.00%	50.00%	

Particulars	Edelweiss Wealth Advisors LLP		
	As at 31st March 2023	As at 31st March 2022	
Total capital of partnership firm	Rs. 0.10 millions	Rs. 0.10 millions	
Name of partners	Share in capital and share in profit/loss		
Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	99.97%	99.97%	
Ecap Equities Limited (formerly known as Edel Land Limited)	0.01%	0.01%	
Ram Setia	0.01%	0.01%	
Mahindra Banjger	0,01%	0.01%	





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## 41 Contingent liabilities and commitments:

## 41.1 Contingent liabilities and commitments

- a) Taxation matters in respect of which appeal is pending Rs. 248.10 million (Previous year: Rs. 409.60 million).
- b) The Company has given composite corporate guarantee to bank for Rs. 585,50 millions (Previous year: Rs. 569,98 millions) for availing fund based Banking facilities by its subsidiary/fellow Subsidiary Companies i.e. Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited), ECL Finance Limited and Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited.
  With reference Deed of Guarantee agreement between the Company and the Lender, the liability of the Company is lower of value of immovable properties of the Company or outstanding respective facilities of the respective Group Companies. The charge created on immovable properties of the Company amounting to Rs. 585.50 millions (Previous year: Rs. 569.98 million).
- c) Corporate gaurantee given by the company to the bank for Rs.917.05 millions (Previous year: Rs.1,324.42 millions) for availing Fund based Banking facilities by its subsidiary Company Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited.
- d) The Company has given guarantee of Rs. 701,80 millions (Previous year Rs.726.55 millions) on behalf of Edel Finance Company Limited ('EFCL'),a holding company, which has sold certain financial assets to Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited ('EARC'), another group company. The terms of sale required any Edelweiss group company to provide EARC with unconditional and irrevocable guarantee for securing the guaranteed obligation of EFCL.
- e) The Company has provided Corporate Guarantee to VISTRA ITCL (India) Limited for borrowings from BPEA Credit India Fund III ('Barings') amounting to Rs. 3,290.60 million on behalf of its wholly owned subsidiary Edelweiss Investment Advisors Ltd (EIAL) in respect of credit facilities obtained by EIAL.
- f) Undrawn Commitments for AIF funds Rs. 384.95 million (Previous Year Rs. 4,743.14 million)
- g) The company has provided bank guarantees amounting to Rs.319.23 millions ( Previous year: Rs 319.23 millions).
- h) Certain assets amounting to Rs. Nil (Rs. 1284.40 millions were sold to alternative assets funds by the fellow subsidiary NBFCs. The Company has, vide a put agreement dated 31 July 2021, has guaranteed / undertaken to purchase these financial assets amounting to Rs. 1284.40 million on occurrence of certain trigger event as per the agreement.

The Company's pending litigations mainly comprise of claims against the Company pertaining to proceedings pending with Income Tax, Excise, Custom, Sales/VAT tax / GST and other authorities. The Company has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in the financial statements. The amount of provisions / contingent liabilities is based on management's estimate, and no significant liability is expected to arise out of the same.

The Company has received demand notices from tax authorities on account of disallowance of expenditure for earning exempt income under Section 14A of Income Tax Act 1961 read with Rule 8D of the Income Tax Rules, 1962. The Company has filed appeal/s and is defending its position. Based on the favourable outcome in Appellate proceedings in the past and as advised by the tax advisors, Company is reasonably certain about sustaining its position in the pending cases, hence the possibility of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits on this ground is remote.

- 41.2 The Income Tax Authorities (" the Department" ) had conducted a search under section 132 of the Income Tax Act, 1961 on the premises of the Company during March 2023. The Company had provided the requisite details which were sought by the income tax authorities during the course of the search. Subsequently, the Company has received summons under section 131 (1A) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 seeking certain data/information, which the Company is in the process of responding. The Company confirms that neither the Department has raised any tax demand nor the Company has admitted any tax liability. Further, no proceeding or assessment orders have been issued post the search conducted by the Department. While uncertainty exists regarding the outcome of the proceedings by the Department, the Company is extending its full cooperation with the concerned income tax authorities and based on current internal assessment management is of the view that this will not have any impact on the Company's financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023.
- 41.3 During the year, Company has provided Corporate Guarantee to BPEA Credit India Fund III ('Barings') amounting to Rs. 3,650.00 Millions on behalf of its wholly owned subsidiary Edelweiss Investment Advisors Ltd (EIAL) in respect of credit facilities obtained by EIAL. Such guarantees given during the year were approved by the Operations Committee on August 10, 2022 and March 21, 2023. Such credit facilities of EIAL are secured by EIAL's investments in Participative Non-Convertible Debentures (PNCD) of Rs. 2,040.00 millions issued by Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company (EARC), a fellow subsidiary, and mortgage of a property in favour of EIAL by Ecap Equities Limited (Formerly Edel Land Limited), a fellow subsidiary. As at 31 March 2023 we confirm that total guarantee of Rs. 5,495.00 millions has not been invoked by various ultimate lenders and hence there is no impact required to be recorded in the books of the Company.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## 42 Encumbrances on fixed deposits held by the Company:

- a) Fixed deposits aggregating to Rs. 59.24 millions (Previous year: Rs. 57.15 millions) have been pledged with banks for obtaining the bank guarantee provided to VAT authorities for meeting statutory requirements.
- b) Fixed deposits aggregating to Rs. 6.60 millions (Previous year: Rs.16.50 millions) have been pledged with bank for obtaining the bank guarantee provided to Customs authorities for meeting statutory requirements.
- c) Fixed deposits aggregating to Rs. 13.09 millions (Previous year; Rs. 14.31 millions) have been pledged with bank for obtaining the bank guarantee provided to various mandis for margin and license requirements.
- d) Fixed deposits aggregating to Rs.322.53 millions (Previous year: Rs. 322.83 millions) have been pledged with banks for securing bank Guarantee.
- e) Interest accrued on above Fixed deposits Rs. 21.97 millions (Previous year; Rs. 1.23 millions) have been pledged with banks.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## 43 Earnings per share (EPS)

Basic earnings per share (EPS) is calculated by dividing the net profit for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to equity holders (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares and interest on the convertible bond, in each case, net of tax) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on the conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

In accordance with Ind AS- 33 — "Earnings Per Share" prescribed by Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2015, the computation of earnings per share is set out below:

	2022-23	2021-22
Profit /(loss) for the year	(1,968.54)	(746.01)
Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating basic EPS		
Number of shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	46,535,367	39,775,367
Number of Shares issued during the year		6,760,000
Compulsory Convertible Debenture and Preference share	25,749,955	25,749,955
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	72,285,322	72,285,322
Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating Basic EPS	72,285,322	65,562,363
Number of dilutive potential equity shares		
Weighted average number of equity shares for calculating diluted EPS	72,285,322	65,562,363
Earnings per share (EPS) (Face value Re.1 each)		
Basic earnings share (in Rs)	(27.23)	(11.38)
Dilutive earning per share (in Rs)*	(27.23)	(11.38)

<sup>\*</sup>The weighted average number of shares takes into account 25,749,955 equity shares to be converted on issuance of compulsorily convertible debentures ("CCD") & compulsorily convertible preference shares ("CCPS")

## 44 Capital commitments (to the extent not provided for):

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances) and not provided for is Rs. 2.04 millions (Previous year: Rs. 1.95 millions).





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

## 45 Leases:-

This note provides information for Right of use assets where the company is a lessee. Company has not given any property on lease.
 Carrying amounts of right-of-use assets recognised and the movements

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Opening balance as at	2.59	8.37
Addition / disposal during year	0.00	(4.69)
Amortisation for the year	(1.67)	(1.09)
Closing balance as at	0.92	2.59

2) This note provides information for leases where the Company is a lessee.

Carrying amounts of lease liabilities and the movements

Particulars	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Opening balance as at	3.07	18.41
Addition / disposal during year	(2.19)	(15.74)
Accretion of interest	0.26	0.40
Closing balance as at	1.14	3.07

3) The statement of profit or loss shows the following amounts relating to leases.

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2023	For the year ended March 31, 2022
Depreciation on ROU of assets	1.67	1.09
Interest cost	0.26	0.40
Total amount recognised in the statement of profit and loss	1.93	1.49

4) This note provides information for total cash outflow on account of leases.

Particulars	Mar-23	Mar-22
Cash outflow of long term leases	0.26	0.40

5) This note provides details regarding the contractual maturities of lease liabilities, on an undiscounted basis.

Particular	As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2022
Less than 1 year		7
1-3 years	1.14	3.07
3-5 years		
More than 5 years		





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## 46 Retirement benefit plan

## A) Defined contribution plan (Provident fund and National Pension Scheme):

Rs.17.38 million (Previous year: Rs. 20.60 million) is recognised as expense and included in "Employee benefit expense" in the statement of profit and loss

## B) Defined benefit plan (Gratuity):

The following tables summarise the components of the net benefit expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss and the funded and unfunded status and amount recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity benefit plan.

## Statement of profit and loss

Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

	2022-23	2021-22
Current service cost	5.01	5.14
Interest on defined benefit obligation	(1.86)	(2.00)
Total included in 'Employee benefits expense'	3.15	3.14

## Movement in Other Comprehensive Income:

	2022-23	2021-22
Balance at start of year (Loss)/ Gain	(20.33)	7.49
Re-measurements on define benefit obligation (DBO)	200	
a. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in financial assumptions	2.23	1.21
b. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from experience over the past year	(0.75)	(3.38)
c. Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in demographic assumptions	100	(1.62)
Return on plan assets excluding amount included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	(2.36)	2.25
Re-measurements on Asset Ceiling		200
Changes in the effect of limiting a net defined benefit asset to the asset ceiling		
excluding amount included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	(3.30)	(26.28)
Balance at end of year (Loss)/ Gain	(24.52)	(20.33)

## Balance sheet

Reconciliation of defined benefit obligation (DRO):

	2022-23	2021-22
Present value of DBO at the beginning of the year	37.42	53.23
Transfer in / (Out)	(2.92)	(7.39)
Interest cost	2.04	2.29
Current service cost	5.01	5.14
Benefits paid	(4.22)	(19.63)
Actuarial (gain)/loss	(1.48)	3.79
Present value of DBO at the end of the year	35.85	37.43

## Reconciliation of fair value of plan assets:

	2022-23	2021-22
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	92.61	86.07
Contributions by Employer	4.22	19.63
Benefits paid	(4.22)	(19.53)
Interest income Return on plan asset excluding amount included in net interest on the net	5.45	4.29
defined benefit liability/ (asset)	(2.36)	2,25
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	95.69	92.61

## Net Liability/ (Asset) recognised in the Balance Sheet

	2022-23	2021-22
Present Value of DBO	35.85	37.43
Fair Value of Plan Assets	95.69	92,61
Net Liability/ (Asset)	(59.84)	(55.16)
Funded Status [Surplus/ (Deficit)]	59.84	55.16
Less: Amount not recognized as asset [Effect of limiting net assets to asset ceiling]	31.13	26,28
Net (Liability)/ Asset recognised in the Balance Sheet	28.71	28.89
Of Which, Short term Liability		
Experience Adjustment on Plan Liabilities: (Gain)/ Loss	0.75	3.38





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## 46 Retirement benefit plan (Continued)

## B) Defined benefit plan (Gratuity) (Continued):

Net asset / (liability) recognised in the balance sheet:

	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Present value of Defined Benfefit Obligat Fair value of plan assets at the end of	35.85	37.43	53.23	74.96	68,59
the year	95.69	92.61	86.07	70.80	63.96
Net Liability / (Assets)	(59.84)	(55.16)	(32.84)	4.16	4.63
Less: Effect of limiting net assets to asset					
ceiling	31.13	26.28		-	-
Liability / (Assets) recognised in the bala	(28.71)	(28.89)	(32.84)	4.16	4,63

## Experience adjustments:

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
On plan liabilities: loss / (gain)	0.75	3.38	(6.10)	4.76	5.33
On plan assets: gain / (loss)	4	1.4		2	
Estimated contribution for next year	4	-	-	4.00	4.50

## Principal actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date:

2022-23	2021-22
7.10%	5.90%
7%	7%
16%	16%
5.90%	5.00%
IALM 2012-14 (Ultimate)	IALM 2012-14 (Ultimate)
	7.10% 7% 16% 5.90%

Percentage Break-down of Total Plan Assets	2022-23	2021-22
Investment Funds with Insurance Company and Cash	96.2%	96.0%
Cash and cash equivalents	3.8%	4.0%
Total	100.0%	100,0%

DBO increases / (decreases) by	2022-23	2021-22
Increase of 1% in Salary Growth Rate	1.66	1,90
Decrease of 1% in Salary Growth Rate	(1.58)	(1.75)
Increase of 1% in Discount Rate	(1.57)	(1.75)
Decrease of 1% in Discount Rate	1.68	1.94
Increase of 1% in Attrition Rate	0.01	(0.09)
Decrease of 1% in Attrition Rate	(0.01)	0.10
Mortality (Increase in expected lifetime by 1 year)	Negligible	2.00
Mortality (Increase in expected lifetime by 3 years)	Negligible	6.00

## 47 Employee Stock Option Plans

The Holding Company (Edelweiss Financial Services Limited ("EFSL")) has Employee Stock Option Plans and Stock Appreciation Rights Plans (SAR) in force. Based on such ESOP/SAR schemes, parent entity has granted an ESOP/SAR option to acquire equity shares of EFSL that would vest in a graded manner to Company's employees. Based on group policy / arrangement, EFSL has charged the fair value of such stock options. The company has accepted such cross charge and recognised the same under the employee benefit expense. Current year charge of Rs. 3.68 millions (previous year release of Rs. 8.96 millions).





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## 48 Cost sharing and other recoveries

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, being the holding company along with fellow subsidiaries incurs expenditure like common senior management compensation cost, Group Mediclaim, etc. which is for the common benefit of itself and certain subsidiaries including the company. This cost so expensed is reimbursed by the company on the basis of number of employees, time spent by employees of other companies, actual identifications etc. On the same lines, costs like rent, electricity charges incurred by the company for the benefit of fellow subsidiaries and associate companies are recovered as reimbursement by the company from the subsidiaries and associate companies on similar basis. Accordingly, and as identified by the management, the expenditure heads in note 34 and 36 include reimbursements paid and are net of the reimbursements received based on the management's best estimate.

As per the master service agreement, the company provides necessary support for activities relating to information technology, human resource, administrative, finance and operations related services to holding company, subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries and associate companies. The income in note 28 as Business support services income relates to amount recovered from these entities for the said services.

## Other recoveries:

The income in note 31 relates to amount recovered from the holding company, subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, for occupying office premises in the company's building.

Disclosure of loans and advances pursuant to regulation 53(f) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) (Listing obligations and disclosure requirements) Regulations, 2015:

	March	31, 2023	March 3	1, 2022
	Amount outstanding	Maximum Amount o/s during the year	Amount outstanding	Maximum Amount o/s during the year
loan to Holding Company & Subsidiary				
a)Edel Finance Company Limited		6,838.90	2,632.60	6,585.00
b) EC Commodity Limited		-		4,198.82
c)Edelweiss Comtrade Limited	2	18.93	14.46	14.51
d)Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited*	5,889.72	10,553.99	9,492.31	12,961.22
e)Allium Finance Private Limited		-	€.	46.23
f)Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited	220.00	330.00		
g)Ecap Equities Limited (formerly known as Edel Land Limited)	-	2,521.68		
h)Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited		121.44	÷.	- X
)Edelwiess Securities and Investment Private Limited	-	1,544.26		-
jjECL Finance Limited		780.00		
k)Edelcap Securities Limited	-	924.58	-	- ×
Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (formerly known as Edelweiss  Broking Limited)		1,000.00	ž.	×
m) Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited	-	1,750.00	-	÷
loan from Holding Company & Subsidiary				
a)Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	4,100.00	10,929.23	9,339.23	22,885.95
b)Edel Finance Company Limited				50.51
c)Allium Finance Private Limited		160.32	80,72	227.48
d) Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)				2,100.00
e)Ecap Equities Limited (formerly known as Edel Land Limited)	1,460.10	1,460.10		
f)Edel Investments Limited	- 6	1,146.20		
g)Edelcap Securities Limited		1,156.16		
h)Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited		2,950.00		
i)ECL Finance Limited		1,590.00		
j)Edel Finance Company Limited	1,671.50	1,671.50		

<sup>\*</sup>Refer note no 60 Credit Quality of loans.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## 50 Details of dues to micro, small and medium enterprises:

Trade Payables includes Rs Nil (Previous year: Rs.2.07 million) payable to "Suppliers" registered under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. 0.03 million interest has been paid by the Company during the year (Previous year: Nil) to "Suppliers" registered under this act. The afore mentioned is based on the responses received by the Company to its inquiries with suppliers with regard to applicability under the said act.

## 51 Corporate social responsibility (CSR):

As per the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013:

- i) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year was Rs. Nil millions (Financial Year 2021-22 Rs. Nil millions)
- ii) Amount spent during the year on:

Particulars	In cash	Yet to be paid in cash	Total	
Constructions / acquisition of any assets	1.0	14	34	
On purpose other than (i) above		100		

- iii) Shortfall at the end of the year was Rs. Nil millions (Financial Year 2021-22 Rs. Nil millions)
- iv) Total of previous years shortfall was Rs.Nil millions (Financial Year 2021-22 Rs. Nil millions)





## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## 52 Risk Management framework

## A) Governance framework

The primary objective of the Comapny's risk and financial management framework is to protect the company's shareholders from events that hinder the sustainable achievement of financial performance objectives, including failing to exploit opportunities. The management recognises the critical importance of having efficient and effective risk management systems in place.

## B) Approach to capital management

Company objectives when managing capital, are to (a) maximise shareholder value and provide benefits to other stakeholders and maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

For the purposes of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders.

Company monitors capital using debt-equity ratio, which is total debt divided by total equity.

Particular	As at 31st March 2023	As at 31st March 2022
Total Debt	22,099.11	35,087.06
Equity	4,325.56	6,292.58
Net Debt to Equity	5.11	5,58

## C) Credit Risk

Credit risk arises when a customer or counterparty does not meet its obligations under a customer contract or financial instrument, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities primarily trade receivables and financial instruments.

The company's management policy is to closely monitor creditworthiness of counterparties by reviewing their credit ratings, financial statements on regular basis.

The company's financial assets subject to the expected credit loss model within Ind A5 109 are short-term trade and other receivables and financial instruments. Company applies the expected credit loss model for recognising impairment loss. Expected credit loss allowance in respect of receivables is computed based on a provision matrix which takes into account historical credit loss experience.

The expected credit loss is a product of exposure at default, probability of default and loss given default. The company has devised an internal model to evaluate the probability of default and loss given default based on the parameters set out in Ind AS. Accordingly, the financial instruments are classified into various stages as follows:

Internal rating grade	Internal grading description	Stages	
Performing			
High grade	0 dpd and 1 to 30 dpd*	Stage (	
Standard grade	31 to 90 dpd*	Stage II	
Non-performing			
Individually impaired	90+ dpd*	Stage III	

<sup>\*</sup> dpd indicates days past due.

Credit loss is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to an entity in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR.

## Significant increase in credit risk (SICR)

Company considers a financial instrument defaulted, classified as Stage 3 (credit-impaired) for ECL calculations, in all cases when the borrower becomes 90 days past due. Classification of assets form stage 1 to stage 2 has been carried out based on SICR criterion. Accounts which are more than 30 days past due have been identified as accounts where significant increase in credit risk has been observed. These accounts have been classified as Stage 2 assets. As a part of a qualitative assessment of whether a customer is in default, the Company also considers a variety of instances that may indicate unlikeliness to pay. When such events occur, the company carefully considers whether the event should result in treating the customer as defaulted and therefore assessed as Stage 3 for ECL calculations or whether Stage 2 is appropriate.

## Probability of Default

Historical dpd data is used to calculate historic default rates for each portfolio. This is done by using transition matrix which are calculated by assessing the transition from the one dpd state to the default dpd state 12 months from the cohort date.

## Loss Given Default (LGD)

The LGD represents expected losses on the EAD given the event of default, taking into account, among other attributes, the mitigating effect of collateral value at the time it is expected to be realised and the time value of money. The Loss Given Default (LGD) has been computed with workout methodology. Workout LGD is widely considered to be the most flexible, transparent and logical approach to build an LGD model. Along with actual recoveries, value of the underlying collateral has been factored in to estimate future recoveries in LGD computation. Workout LGD computation involves the actual recoveries as well as future recoveries (as a part of the workout process) on a particular facility, as a percentage of balance outstanding at the time of Default/Restructuring. The assessment of workout LGD was then performed. Principal outstanding at NPA was assessed, which went into the denominator of the LGD calculation. LGD computation has been done for each segment and sub-segment separately.

## Exposure at Default (EAD)

The amount which the borrower will owe to the portfolio at the time of default is defined as Exposure at Default (EAD). While the drawn credit line reflects the explicit exposure for the Company, there might be variable exposure that may increase the EAD. These exposures are of the nature where the company provides future commitments, in addition to the current credit. Therefore, the exposure will contain both on and off balance sheet values. The value of exposure is given by the following formula:

EAD = Drawn Credit Line + Credit Conversion Factor \* Undrawn Credit Line

## Where,

Drawn Credit Line = Current outstanding amount

Credit Conversion Factor (CCF) = Expected future drawdown as a proportion of undrawn amount Undrawn Credit Line = Difference between the total amount which the Company has committed and the drawn credit line While the drawn exposure and limits for the customer are available, the modelling of CCF is required for computing the EAD.





## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## D) Liquidity risk and funding management

Liquidity risk is defined as the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Exposure to liquidity risk arises because of:

I)Possibility that the Company could be required to pay its current labilities earlier than expected.

II)Mismatch in maturity profile of assets and liabilities

III)Delay in receipt of receivables including agency receivables

The Company's policy is to satisfy redemption requests by the following means (in decreasing order of priority):

I)Withdrawal of cash deposits

II)Disposal of highly liquid assets (i.e. short-term, low-risk debt investments, inventory)

III)Either disposal of other assets or increase of leverage

The Company also has undrawn borrowing facilities amounting to Rs. Nil as on 31 March 2023 (as on 31 March 2022: Rs. 70 millions)

## 52.1. Analysis of financial assets and financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the undiscounted cash flows of the Company's non derivatives linancial liabilities. Repayments which are subject to notice are treated as if notice were to be given immediately. However, the company expects that the counterparties will not request repayment on the earliest date it could be required to pay.

## Analysis of non-derivative financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities

## As at 31-Mar-23

Non-derivative financial liabilities	Upto 3 months	Between 3 to 6 months	Between 6 months to 1 year	 tween to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Trade payables	220.84			 	-	220.84
Borrowings (other than debt securities)		3,197.30	2,100.00	2,000.00		7,297.30
Debt securities	1,668.23		986.48	6,900.00	4,800.00	14,354.71
Subordinated financial fiabilities	-	427.10		 20.00		447.10
Other financial liabilities	163.85	7.08	1.29	163.03	5-1	335.25
Total undiscounted non-derivative financial liabilities	2,052.92	3,631.48	3,087.77	9,083.03	4,800.00	22,655.20

## Analysis of non-derivative financial assets by remaining contractual maturities

Non-derivative financial assets	Upto 3 months	Between 3 to 6 months	Between 6 months to 1 year	Between 1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	83.83	10.30	29.10	35.41	341.97	501.61
Stock-in-trade	85.38	1.30	37.33	26,72	27.27	178.00
Trade receivables	352.40	300			*	352.40
Loans	-	0,00	236,33	61.33		297.66
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	7,710				3,580.57	3,580.57
Investments at amortised cost	6,603.75			2,829.00	6,176.70	15,609.45
Other financial assets	2.12			33,47		35.59
Total undiscounted non-derivative financial assets	7,127.48	11.60	302.76	2,986.93	10,126.51	20,555.28
Commitments	Unto 2	Returne 2 to	Datuman 6	Potulogo	Marathan	Tatal

 Commitments
 Upto 3 months
 Between 3 to months
 Between 6 months
 Between 6 months of months to 1 year
 Between 6 leven of months of 1 year
 Between 6 leven of months of 1 year
 Between 6 leven of months of 1 year
 More than of 1 year
 Total

 Undrawn loan and other commitments
 384.95
 384.95
 384.95
 384.95

## Analysis of non-derivative financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities

## As at 31-Mar-22

Non-derivative financial liabilities	Upto 3 months	Between 3 to 6 months	Between 6 months to 1 year	Between 1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Trade payables		97.19		-		97.19
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	1,293.62	- 9	5,249.42	9,270,00	- × -	15,813.04
Debt securities	5,589.87		5,019.00		6,430.64	17,039.51
Subordinated financial liabilities			2,234.50			2,234.50
Other financial liabilities	234.81	6,66	1.29	142,00		384,76
Total undiscounted non-derivative financial liabilities	7,118.30	103.85	12,504.21	9,412.00	6,430.64	35,569.00

## Analysis of non-derivative financial assets by remaining contractual maturities

Non-derivative financial assets	Upto 3 months	Between 3 to 6 months	Between 6 months to 1 year	Between 1 year to 3 years	More than 3 3 years	Total
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	119.02	30.97	36.53	335.06	4.05	525.64
Stock-in-trade	334	4.29	7.86	556.23	56,61	624,99
Trade receivables		106.69	81.21			187.90
Loans	441.16	0.92	1,120.09	9,373.34	-	10,935.51
Investments at fair value through profit or loss		- 4		4,173.20	140	4,173.20
Investments at amortised cost				16,170.64	2,120.59	18,291.23
Other financial assets	4,29		8.71	23.75		36,75
Total undiscounted non-derivative financial assets	564.47	142.87	1.254.40	30,632.22	2,181.26	34,775.23

Commitments	Upto 3 months	Between 3 to 6 months	Between 6 months to 1 year	Between 1 year to 3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undrawn loan and other commitments		-	*.	4,743.14		4,743.14

The net loss of the Company at standalone level for the year ended March 31, 2023 stands at Rs. 1,971,28 millions and for the year ended 31 March 2022 was Rs. 764,11 millions. Management assessments of stress testing included recoveries from sale of its investments, scheduled recovery from group company receivables, expected borrowing and future cash flows that will be generated from operations. Basis this expected cumulative assets maturing in the next one year are Rs. 7,470 millions and cumulative liabilities maturing in the next one year are Rs. 6800 millions. Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (the 'Ultimate Holding Company') and Edel Finance Company Limited (the 'Holding Company') have represented that they will continue to provide operating and financial support to the Company and Ultimate Holding Company and Holding company have sufficient financial resources to provide support as and when necessary.

Further, during FY 2021-22, the Holding Company had infused equity capital amounting to Rs. 2,500 millions into the Company. The Board of Directors have approved the business plan, the liquidity, asset liability management of the Company and Ultimate Holding Company has also given support letter to the Company in order to meet the shortfall in its fund requirements over borrowings and other liabilities including loans from other group companies (if any), for a period of not less than 12 months from the date of financial closure of accounts of the Company for the period ended March 31, 2023. Based on business plan, the liquidity, asset liability management of the Company and support letter from Ultimate Holding Company, the management believes that the Company will be able to operate as going concern pay its obligations as and when these become due in the next one year.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## 52.2. Analysis of risk concentration

As at 31-Mar-23

Industry analysis - Risk concentration

Components	Financial services	Others	Total	
Cash and bank balances	501.61	-	501.61	
Derivative financial instrument	- 4	×		
Stock in trade	178.01	8	178.01	
Trade receivables	352.40	- 7	352.40	
Loans	297.66	•	297.66	
Investments	19,190.09	19	19,190.09	
Other financial assets	35.59		35.59	
Total	20,555.36		20,555.36	
Other Commitments	384.95	-	384.95	

As at 31-Mar-22

Industry analysis - Risk concentration

525.64		
	-	525.64
	.9	
624.98		624.98
187.90		187.90
10,935.50		10,935.50
22,464.42		22,464.42
36.75	- 4	36.75
34,775.20	-	34,775.20
4,743.17		4,743.17
֡	187.90 10,935.50 22,464.42 36.75 <b>34,775.20</b>	187.90 - 10,935.50 - 22,464.42 - 36.75 - 34,775.20 -





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

## 53 Collateral held and other credit enhancements

The tables on the following pages show the maximum exposure to credit risk by class of financial asset.

Maximum exposure to credit risk (carrying amount before ECL) as at	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	Principal type of collateral
Financial assets			
Cash collateral on securities borrwed and reverse repurchase agreement			
Loans:			
Retail Loans	13,05	0.92	No Collateral
Wholesale loans- Credit Substitutes	583.34	2,721.73	Listed Equity shares & immovable Properties
Inter Corporate deposit	1,069.69	1,069.69	No Collateral
Group Loans	6,167.56	15,633.97	No Collateral
Distressed assets			
Trade receivables-Secured	10 10 10		
Trade receivables-Others	715.15	549.14	Unsecured
Debt instruments at amortised cost	1.	2,126.26	No Collateral
Other Financial Assets	35.62	36.75	No Collateral
Total financial assets at amortised cost	8,584.42	22,138.46	
Financial assets at FVTPL Stock in trade- except MF	178.00	624.98	No Collateral
Total financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	178.00	624.98	
Total Financial assets	8,762.42	22,763.44	
Financial guarantee contracts	387.00	2,620.95	No Collateral
Other commitments (max exposure)	387.00	2,620.95	
Total	9,149.42	25,384.39	

II Financial assets that are stage 3 and related collateral held in order to mitigate potential losses are given below:

31-Mar-23	Maximum exposure to credit risk (carrying amount before ECL)	Associated ECL	Carrying amount	Fair value of collateral
Financial assets				
Loans:				
Wholesale loans	583.34	532.82	50.52	50.52
Inter Corporate deposit	1,069.69	1,069.69	0.00	1 2
Group Loans	5,945.54	5,934.73	10.81	
Total financial assets at amortised cost	7,598.57	7,537.24	61.33	50.52
Loan commitments			7	
Total	7,598.57	7,537.24	61.32	50.52

31-Mar-22	Maximum exposure to credit risk (carrying amount before ECL)	Associated ECL	Carrying amount	Fair value of collateral
Financial assets				
Loans:		18		
Wholesale loans	1,404.15	1,289.93	114.22	114,22
Inter Corporate deposit	1,069.69	1,069.69	-	
Group Loans		-1		14
Total financial assets at amortised cost	2,473.84	2,359.62	114.22	114.22
Loan commitments	1 2			·
Total	2,473.84	2,359,63	114.22	114.22





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## 54 Market risk

Market risk is the risk which can affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments due to adverse movements in market prices of instrument due to interest rates, equity prices, foreign exchange rates and credit spreads. The objective of the Company's market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters. The Company separates its exposure to market risks between trading and non-trading portfolios.

Market the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. Company classifies exposures to market risk into either trading or non-trading portfolios and manages each of those portfolios separately.

## (i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair values of financial instruments. The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk as it does not trade in Interest Rate Derivatives and does not have any loans having variable interest rates.

## (ii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arise majorly on account of foreign currency borrowings.

There is no currency exposuer in F.Y. 2022-23 and F.Y. 2021-22.

## (iii) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of individual investment in equity share prices.

There is no Equity price risk in F.Y. 2022-23 and F.Y. 2021-22.

## (iv) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of market prices other than equity and index prices.

		2022-23						
Impact on	Increase in price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity		
Debt Securities	5%	8.90	8,90	5%	(8.90)	(8.90)		

		2021-22						
Impact on	Increase in price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity	Decrease in price (%)	Effect on profit before tax	Effect on Equity		
Debt Securities	5%	31.25	31.25	5%	(31.25)	(31,25)		





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## 55 Fair Value Measurement

## a) Valuation Principles :

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price), regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques.

## b) Assets and liabilities by fair value hierarchy

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments measured at fair value at the reporting date, by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised.

Particulars	and the second	31-Mar	-23	
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis				
Derivative financial instruments (assets)				
Exchange-traded derivatives	_			
OTC derivatives	-	4	-	
Embedded derivatives in market-linked debentures issued		- 1		
Total derivative financial instruments (assets)			-	- 8
Stock-in-trade				
Government Securities				
Debt Securities	17.03	37.21		54.24
Nifty Linked Debentures			123.76	123.76
Stock-in-trade	17.03	37.21	123.76	178.00
Investments				
Equity instruments			0.10	0.10
Investments in Funds				
Investment in Tech fund		4.0		
India Credit Investment Fund II			2,524.98	2,524.98
India Credit Investment Fund I			1,055.49	1,055.49
Total investments measured at fair value			3,580.57	3,580.57
Land and Building			2,024.51	2,024.51
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis	17.03	37.21	5,728.84	5,783.08

Particulars	31-Mar-22				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis					
Derivative financial instruments (assets)					
Exchange-traded derivatives	3-0		4		
OTC derivatives	- A.				
Embedded derivatives in market-linked debentures issued	¥.	7.0			
Total derivative financial instruments (assets)					
Stock-in-trade					
Debt Securities	620.70			620.70	
Nifty linked debentrues			4.28	4.28	
Stock-in-trade	620.70		4.28	624.98	
Investments					
Equity instruments			1.00	1.00	
Investments in Funds		1	314.08	314.08	
Investment in Tech fund	40	211	199.79	199.79	
India Credit Investment Fund II			1,511.33	1.511.33	
India Credit Investment Fund I			2,147.00	2,147.00	
Total investments measured at fair value			4,173.20	4,173.20	
Loans and other financial assets measured at fair value			34,544		
Property Plant and equipment					
Land and Building			2,205.58	2,205.58	
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis	620.70		6,383.06	7,003.76	

## 55.1. Fair valuation techniques :

## Debt securities

Whilst most of these instruments are standard fixed or floating rate securities, however nifty linked debentures have embedded derivative characteristics. Fair value of these instruments is derived based on the indicative quotes of price and yields prevailing in the market as at the reporting date. Company has used quoted price of national stock exchange wherever bonds are traded actively. In cases where debt securities are not activity traded Company has used CRISIL Corporate Bond Valuer model for measuring fair value.

## **Equity instruments**

The majority of equity instruments are actively traded on recognised stock exchanges with readily available active prices on a regular basis. Such instruments are classified as Level 1. Units held in funds are measured based on fund net asset value (NAV), taking into account redemption and/or other restrictions. Such NAV Such instruments are generally Level 3. Equity instruments in non-listed entities are initially measured at transaction price and remeasured at each reporting date at valuation provided by external valuer at instrument level. Such unlisted equity securities are classified at Level 3

Units of Alternative Investment Funds and Mutual Fund.

Units held in Alternative Investment funds are measured based on fund net asset value (NAV), taking into account redemption and/or other restrictions. Such instruments are classified at Level 3.

Open-ended funds that are redeemable at any time, and that report a daily net asset value (NAV) and for which sufficient subscriptions and redemptions

The Comapany enters into derivative financial instruments with various counter-parties, primarily banks with investment grade credit ratings. Derivatives valued using valuation techniques with market observable inputs are mainly interest rate swaps, exchange traded futures and options contracts. The most frequently applied valuation techniques include quoted price for exchange traded derivatives and Black Scholes models (for notion valuation)

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid instrument that also includes a non-derivative host contract with the effect that some of the cash flows of the combined instrument vary in a way similar to a stand-alone derivative.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## c) Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The following table sets out the fair values of financial instruments not measured at fair value and analysing them by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which each fair value measurement is categorised. The information given below is with respect to financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost for which the fair value is different than the carrying amount. Carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, trade and other payables as on 31 March 2023 approximate the fair value because of their short-term nature. Difference between carrying amounts and fair values of bank deposits, other financials assets and other financial liabilities is not significant in each of the years presented.

			31 March 2023		
Particulars	Total Carrying Amount	Total fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets:					
Loans	297.66	297.66			297.66
Investments at amortised cost	7		-	1	
Total	297.66	297.66		11 II O+C	297.66
Financial liabilities					
Debt securities	14,354.71	14,354.71			14,354.71
Borrowing (other than debt securities)	7,297.30	7,297.30			7,297.30
Subordinated liabilities	447,10	447.10		447.10	
Total	22,099.11	22,099.11	-	447.10	21,652.01

			31 March 2022		
	Total Carrying		7	1	
Particulars	Amount	Total fair value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets:					
Loans	10,935.51	10,935.51		-	10,935.51
Investments at amortised cost	2,120.60	2,120.60	-	-	2,120.60
Total	13,056.11	13,056.11	-	2.0	13,056.11
Financial liabilities					
Debt securities	17,039.51	17,039.51			17,039,51
Borrowing (other than debt securities)	15,813.03	15,813.03			15,813.03
Deposits				1	
Subordinated liabilities	2,234.50	2,234.50		2,234.50	
Other financial liabilities					
Total	35,087.04	35,087.04	- 3	2,234.50	32,852.54







Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

# d) Movement in level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value

The following table shows a reconciliation of the opening balances and the closing balances for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

		Financial assets	assets			
Particulars	Investments in units of AIF	Investments in unquoted equity shares categorised at Level 3	Other investments classified as FVTPL	Investments in unquoted equity Other investments Debt Instruments shares categorised classified as FVTPL classified as FVTPL at Level 3	Nifty Linked Debentures	Total
At 1 April 2022	4,172.22	1.00			4.28	4,177.50
Purchase	2,788.27	4	5	)	5,835.68	8,623.95
Sales	3,064.09	06'0	٠		5,962.61	9,027.60
Gains / (losses) for the period (2022-23) recognised in profit or loss	(315.92)				246.41	(69.51)
Gains / (losses) for the period (2022-23) recognised in other comprehensive income		,			1	*
At 31 March 2023	3,580.48	0.10	7		123.76	3,704.34
Unrealised gains / (losses) related to balances held at the end of the period	(315.92)	y	·		(0.33)	(316.25)

		Financial assets	lassets			
Particulars	Investments in units of AIF	Investments in unquoted equity shares categorised at Level 3	Investments in unquoted equity Other investments Debt Instruments shares categorised classified as FVTPL classified as FVTPL at Level 3	Debt Instruments classified as FVTPL	Nifty Linked Debentures	Total
At 1 April 2021	2,299.54	112.94	i		237.89	2,650.37
Purchase	2,401.26	×	i i	7.4	5,047.39	7,448.65
Sales	513.42	111.94			4,471.72	5,097.08
Gains / (losses) for the period (2021-22) recognised in profit or loss	(15.16)	y-	9	Ŷ.	(809.28)	(824.44)
At 31 March 2022	4,172.22	1.00	*		4.28	4,177.50
Unrealised gains / (losses) related to balances held at the end of the period	(15.16)	-1	191		1.28	(13.88)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

e) Unobservable inputs used in measuring fair value categorised within Level 3 and sensitivity of fair value measurement to change in unobservable market data. Following tables set out information about significant unobservable inputs used at respective balance sheet dates in measuring financial instruments categorised as

Type of Financial Instruments	Fair value of asset as on 31 March 2023	Valuation Techniques	Significant Unobservable input	Increase in the unobservable input Change in fair (% or as the case value may be)	Change in fair value	Decrease in the unobservable input Change in fair (% or as the case value may be)	Change in fair value
Nifty linked debentures	123.76	Fair v or M	Market index curve	e 2%	6.19	%5	(6.19)
		the embedded derivative	Risk - adjusted discounted rate	1%	1.24	1%	(1,24)
Investments in units of AIF	3,667.27	Net Assets Approach	Fair value of underlying investments	ng 5%	183,36	%5	(183.36)
Investments in unquoted equity shares categorised at Level 3	0.10	Comparable transaction and P/E and discounted cash flow	Fair value per share	e 2%	0.01	%5	(0.01)
Total	3,791.13				190.80		(190.80)
Type of Financial Instruments	Fair value of asset as on 31 March 2022	Valuation Techniques	Significant Unobservable input	Increase in the unobservable input Change in fair (% or as the case value may be)	Change in fair value	Decrease in the unobservable input Change in fair (% or as the case value may be)	Change in fair value
Nifty linked debentures	4.29	Fair value using Black scholes Model or Monte Carlo approach based on	Market index curve	»2%	0.23	%5	(0.21)
		the embedded derivative	Risk - adjusted discounted rate	1%	0.04	1%	(0.04)
Investments in units of AIF	4,172.21	Net Assets Approach	Fair value of underlying investments	9% gui	212.95	%5	(212.95)
Investments in unquoted equity shares categorised at Level 3	1.00	Comparable transaction and P/E and discounted cash flow	Fair value per share	e 2%	0.05	%5	(0.05)
Total	4,177.50		-		213.25		(213.25)

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Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## 56 Derivative financial instruments

The table below shows the fair values of derivative financial instruments recorded as assets or fiabilities together with their notional amounts.

			31 Ma	rch 2023		A T
	Noti	onal	Falson London	Noti	onal	Fataurius af II abilia
Particulars	Unit	Notional amount	Fair value of asset	Unit	Notional amount	Fair value of liability
(i) Currency derivatives	***************************************					
-Currency Futures	Number of currency units	Nil	è	Number of currency units	Nil	21
Less: Amount offset (refer note 59 - offsetting disclosure)	Number of currency units	P-		Number of currency units	1-6	*
Total Derivative Financial Instruments						

			31 Mar	rch 2022		V
	Noti	onal	Patient of States	Noti	onal	Tabanalisa af Dakith
Particulars	Unit	Notional amount	Fair value of asset	Unit	Notional amount	Fair value of liability
(i) Currency derivatives						
-Currency Futures	Number of currency units	Nil	42	Number of currency units	Nil	
Less: Amount offset (refer note 59 - offsetting disclosure)	Number of currency units	-	9	Number of currency units	P-3	e
Total Derivative Financial Instruments		- 5	540			

<sup>\*</sup> Notional amount represents quantity of the Derivatives contracts and are reported in millions





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees In millions)

## 57 Investments

As at 31 March 2023

			At fair value			At cost	
Particulars	At Amortised cost (1)	Through OCI (2)	Through P&L (3)	Designated at fair value through Profit or loss (4)	Subtotal 5 = (2+3+4)	(subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures) (6)	Total (7)= (1+5+6)
(i) Debt securities	× 1	7	13	4	- 0.	- 6	16
(ii) Equity instruments	×	-	0.10		0.10		0.10
(iii) Subsidiaries							
a) Equity		5	7	9-1	a	3,935.31	3,935.31
b) Debt securities	2.1	-			-		1
c) Preference shares		4		-1		858.92	858.92
(iv) Associates						- T-	-
a) Equity	× 1	+		911	- 3	9.1	15
b) Debt securities		2	5.0	34C.	-	-	181
c) Preference shares							1,0
(v) Others - Investment in Partnership Firm- Group	14			4.1	- 1	3.16	3.16
(vi) Others - Investment in Funds			3,667.28	- 4.1	3,667.28		3,667.28
(vii) Investment in compulsory convertible instruments and put options						12,351.01	12,351.01
TOTAL - Gross (A)		•	3,667.38		3,667.38	17,148.40	20,815.78
(i) Investment outside India							Harman Carlo
(ii) Investment in India			3,667.38		3,667.38	17,148.40	20,815,78
Total (B)	7	- 2	3,667.38	3.1	3,667.38	17,148.40	20,815.78
Less: Allowance for impairment (C)			86.81		86.81	1,538.96	1,625.77
Total Net (A-C)	- 4		3,580.57	1-1	3,580.57	15,609.44	19,190.01

As at	31	Mari	ch:	20	2

			At fair value		1.70	At cost	
Particulars .	At Amortised cost (1)	Through OCI (2)	Through P&L (3)	Designated at fair value through Profit or loss (4)	Subtotal 5 = (2+3+4)	(subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures) (6)	
(i) Debt securities	2,126.26						2,126.26
(ii) Equity instruments	- 1		1.00		1.00		1.00
(iii) Subsidiaries	- 1		100		- 7*-		× ×
a) Equity					-	3,889:14	3,889.14
b) Debt securities							
c) Preference shares		7-	- 0			839.75	839.75
(iv) Associates			7.0	1	2.5		
a) Equity	-		SÁC.		3.0	110.35	110.35
b) Debt securities	17 29-1						
c) Preference shares				-			
(v) Others - Investment in Partnership Firm - Group	3.6				- 10	3.65	3.65
(vi) Others - Investment in Funds	- 1		4,260.01		4,260.01		4,260.01
(vii) Investment in compulsory convertible instruments and put options					-316	12,350.84	12,350.84
TOTAL - Gross (A)	2,126.26		4,260.01		4,260.01	17,193.73	23,580.00
(i) Investment outside India							
(ii) Investment in India	2,126.26		4,260.01		4,260.01	17,193.73	23,580.00
Total (B)	2,126.26	- 6	4,260.01		4,260.01	17,193.73	23,580.00
Less: Allowance for impairment (C)	5.67		86.81		86.81	1,023.09	1,115.57
Total Net (A-C)	2,120.59		4,173.20		4,173.20	16,170.64	22,464.43



Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## 58 Income tax

The components of income tax expense recognised in profit or loss for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 are:

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
Current tax	5.	
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of prior years	-	
Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	215.46	(74.47)
Total tax expense	215.46	(74.47)
Total current tax		
Total deferred tax	215.46	(74.47)

## Reconciliation of the total tax expense

The tax expense shown in the statement of profit and loss differs from the tax expense that would apply if all profits had been charged at India corporate tax rate. A reconciliation between the tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by India's domestic tax rate for the years ended 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022 are follows:

Particulars	2022-23	2021-22
A 70 WITTEN	2022-23	
Profit / (Loss) before tax	(1,753.08)	(820.48)
Tax rate	34.94%	34.94%
Income tax expense calculated based on above tax rate	(612.60)	(286.71)
Write-down / reversal of write down of deferred tax assets on unused tax credits and unused		
tax losses (net)	215.46	(74.47)
Effect of non-recognition of deferred tax asset on current-period losses	612.60	286.71
Others		
Tax expense recognised in profit or loss	215.46	(74.47)

The Government of India, on 20 September 2019, vide the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance 2019 (the Ordinance), inserted a new Section 115BAA in the Income tax Act, 1961, which provides an option to the Company for paying Income tax at reduced rates. The Company is continuing status quo and in due course will evaluate whether to transit to available option under the Ordinance.







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## Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

## 59.A Components of deferred tax

The following table shows deferred tax recorded in the Balance sheet and changes recorded in the income tax expense:

31-Mar-23	Opening deferred tax asset/(liability)	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Recognised directly in equity	Others	Total Movement	Closing deferred tax asset/(liability)
Deferred taxes in relation to:							
Property, Plant and Equipment - revaluation	(501.77)	(6.96)				(96.96)	(508.73)
Stock-in-trade & Investments	(14.08)	12.64				12.64	(1.44)
Employee benefits obligations	2.27	(1.43)	1.46			0.03	2.30
Loans Given	971.96	(285.22)				(285.22)	686.74
Borrowings	(113.94)	60.99				60'99	(47.85)
Unused tax losses (including but not limited to business losses, unabsorbed documentation)	103.41						203.41
Unused tax credits (including but not	20 183						581.92
Capitalised borrowing costs on building	(29.30)	101				1.01	
Other	69:0	(3)			0.00	(1.50)	
Total	1,101.16	(2	1.46		0.09	(213.91)	887.25
31-Mar-22	Opening deferred tax asset/(liability)	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Recognised directly in equity	Others	Total Movement	Closing deferred tax asset/(liability)
Deferred taxes in relation to:							
Property, Plant and Equipment - revaluation	(566.64)	64.87	Y	17.	15.0	64.87	(501.77)
Stock-in-trade & Investments	(100.06)	86'58	2		1.0	86.38	(14.08)
Employee benefits obligations	20.78	(28.23)	9.72		*	(18.51)	2.27
Loans Given	976.17	(4.21)		1	9.0	(4.21)	971.96
Borrowings	(154.44)	40.50	- 3			40.50	(113.94)
Unused tax losses (including but not limited to business losses, unabsorbed	203.41						203.41
Unused tax credits (including but not limited to Minimum Alternate Tax credit)	581.92				×	ı	581.92
Reversal of fee income	86.80	(86.80)			46.	(86.80)	-4
Capitalised borrowing costs on building	(30.87)	1,57	1		39.1	1.57	(29.30)
Other	(0.10)	0.79	2		. 5	0.79	69'0
Total	1,016.97	74.47	9.72	Ŷ	y	84.19	1,101.16

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

59.8 Deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits on which deferred tax asset is not recognised in balance sheet

March 31, 2023
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Financial Year to which the loss relates to	Deductible	temporary differences				Unused tax losses				Unused tax credits	
			Unabsort	ed depreciation	Unabsorbed	long-term capital losses	Unabso	rbed business losses	Total	MA	T Credit
	Amount	Expiry year - financial year	Amount	Expiry year - financial year	Amount	Expiry year - financial year	Amount	Expiry year - financial year	Amount	Amount	Expiry year financial year
FY 2022-23	856.00	Not apolicable		12.1	-		1,560.00	FY 2030-31	1,560.00		
FY 2021-22	140.55	Not applicable	153.03	Not Applicable			553.41	FY 2029-30	706.44	-	1
FY 2020-21	7,082.45	Not applicable	T		936.18	FY 2028-29	902.17	FY 2028-29	1,838.35	-	

Ma	orch	31	202

Financial Year to which the loss relates to	Deductible	temporary differences				Unused tax losses			-	Unused	tax credits
			Unabso	rbed depreciation	Unabsorbed	long-term capital losses	Unabso	rbed business losses	Total	MAT	Credit
	Amount	Expiry year - financial year	Amount	Expiry year - financial year	Amount.	Expiry year - financial year		Expiry year - financial year	Amount	Amount	Expiry year financial year
FY 2021-22	140 55	Not applicable	-	-	-		911 61	FY 2029-30	91161		
FY 2020-21	7.082.45	Not applicable			936.18		902.17	FY 2028-29	1,838.35		





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

## 60 Credit Quality

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the company's internal credit rating system and year-end stage classification. The amounts presented are gross of impairment allowances. Details of the Company's internal grading system are explained in Note 52 and policies on whether ECL allowances are calculated on an individual or collective basis are set out in Note 52.

Loans		31-Mar-23			31-Mar-22	
	At amortised cost	at FVTPL	Total	At amortised cost	at FVTPL	Total
Loans						
Corporate Loans	7,834.91	-	7,834.91	19,426,31		19,426.31
Total Gross (A)	7,834.91	- ×	7,834.91	19,426.31		19,426.31
Less: Impairment loss allowance*	7,537.25	Al	7,537.25	8,490.81		8,490.81
Total (Net) (A)	297.66	-	297.66	10,935.50		10,935.50

\*Included in loans and advances an amount of Rs.5,945.54 million (Previous Year: Rs.9,492.31 million) receivable as at March 31, 2023 from Edelweiss Investments Adviser Limited ("EIAL"). EIAL had invested in and had exposure to real estate sector. Over the few years, real estate sector is facing operational challenges and due to which the risk for certain counterparties has increased leading to increased provisioning in the books of EIAL under the expected credit loss models. EIAL has performed detailed assessments of its current and future business plans and on that basis has continued on the expected credit loss amounting to Rs. 5,934.73 million on loans and advances. The Board of Directors of the company have reviewed and approved business plan, impairment loss and assessment of recoverable amount as at March 31,2023.





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

## 60 Credit Quality (Continued)

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Company internal grading and year-end stage classification. The amounts presented are gross of impairment allowances. Details of the company internal grading system are explained in Note 52 and policies on whether ECL allowances are calculated on an individual or collective basis are set out in Note 52.

## Gross carrying amount of loan assets allocated to Stage 1, Stage 2, Stage 3

## Loans at amortised cost

Particulars		31-M	ar-23		31-Mar-22				
	Stage I	Stage II	Stage III	Total	Stage 1	Stage II	Stage III	Total	
Performing							7 11 1		
High grade	236.33		+	236.33	15,634.89		,	15,634.89	
Standard grade	*				1	1,317.58	-	1,317.58	
Substandard grade			8	-			2		
Non-performing									
Impaired	- 4		7,598.57	7,598.57	-		2,473.84	2,473.84	
Total	236.33	-	7,598.57	7,834.90	15,634.89	1,317.58	2,473.84	19,426.31	

## Reconciliation of changes in gross carrying amount and allowances for expected credit loss

Particulars		Non-credi	t impaired		Credit i	mpaired	To	tal
	Sta	ge I	Sta	ge II	Sta	ge III		
	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for ECL						
Balance at 1 April 2022	15,634,89	5,934.44	1,317.58	196.74	2,473.84	2,359.63	19,426.31	8,490.81
Transfers:								
Transfers to 12 Month ECL (Stage 1)								
Transfers to lifetime ECL (Stage 2)		-	0.0			-		
Transfers to lifetime ECL- Credit impaired (Stage 3)  Net re-measurement of ECL arising from transfer	-	-	~	2	~	~		- 3
of stage Net new and further lending/(repayments)	-	- 7		-		_	-1	
(including write-off)	-15,398.56	-5,934.44	-1,317.58	-196.74	5,124.73	5,177.62	11,591.40	-953.57
Balance at 31 March 2023	236.33				7,598.57	7,537.25	7,834.91	7,537.24

Particulars Partic		Non-credi	t impaired		Credit in	npaired	To	tal
	Sta	ge I	Sta	ge II	Stag	e III		
	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for ECL	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for ECL <sup>2</sup>	Gross carrying amount	Allowance for ECL
Balance at 1 April 2021	27,448.70	5,934.75			2,475.50	2,415.51	29,924.20	8,350.26
Transfers:	*							
Transfers to 12 Month ECL (Stage 1)		13						
Transfers to lifetime ECL (Stage 2)		-						
Transfers to lifetime ECL- Credit impaired (Stage 3) Net re-measurement of ECL arising from transfer		-	,					
of stage	,							
Net new and further lending/(repayments)								
(including write-off)	(11,813.81)	(0.31)	1,317.58	196.74	(1.66)	(55,88)	(10,497.89)	140.55
Balance at 31 March 2022	15,634.89	5,934.44	1,317.58	196.74	2,473.84	2,359.63	19,426,31	8,490.81





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

## 61 Other Disclosures:

## a) Changes in liabilities arising from financing activities

Below table shows changes in in liabilities arising from financing activities during the reporting period

Particulars	1-Apr-22	Cash flows	Finance costs during the year	31-Mar-23
Debt securities	17,039.51	(4275.33)	1,590.54	14,354.72
Borrowings other than debt securities	15,813.04	(9978.91)	1,461.90	7,296.03
Subordinated liabilities	2,234.51	(1980.01)	192.60	447.10
Total liabilities from financing activities	35,087.06	(16,234.25)	3,245.04	22,097.85

Particulars	1-Apr-21	Cash flows	Finance costs during the year	31-Mar-22
Debt securities	34,009.49	(19,411.20)	2,441.22	17,039.51
Borrowings other than debt securities	2,433.04	10,684.26	2,695.74	15,813.04
Subordinated liabilities	2,047.86		186.65	2,234.51
Total liabilities from financing activities	38,490.39	(8,726.94)	5,323.61	35,087.06





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## 61 Other Disclosures (Continued)

## b) Revenue from contract with customers

Below is the disaggregation of the revenue from contracts with customers and its reconciliation to amounts reported in statement of profit and loss:

For the year ended 31 March 2023

Particulars	Nature	Fees and commission income
Service transferred at a point in time	Agri Shared Services (ASC), Real Estate Advisory Practice (REAP) and Others	6.88
Service transferred over time	Enterprise cost sharing	776.46
Total revenue from contract with customers		783.34

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Particulars	Nature	Fees and commission income
Service transferred at a point in time	Agri Shared Services (ASC), Real Estate Advisory Practice (REAP) and	13.32
Service transferred over time	Enterprise cost sharing	740.91
Total revenue from contract with customers		754.23





Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

## 62 Details of Ratio:

Particular	31-Mar-23	31-Mar-22	Variance	Reason for Variance
Debt-equity Ratio (Refer note 1)	5.11	5.58	(8.38)%	Decrease in Borrowings
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (Refer note 2)	0.13	0.28	(53.42)%	Profit before interest and tax
Interest Service Coverage Ratio (Refer note 2)	0.46	0.85	(45.76)%	Profit before interest and tax
Earnings Per Share - Basic (Face Value of Rs10/- each)	(27.23)	(11.38)	(139.31)%	Increase in loss
Earnings Per Share - Dilutive(Face Value of Rs10/- each)	(27.23)	(11.38)	(139.31)%	Increase in loss
Total Debts/ Total Assets (Refer note 3)	0.82	0.84	(2.31)%	Decrease in Borrowings
Notes:				

1.Debt-equity Ratio = Total Borrowing (Non Current Borrowing + Current Borrowings ) / Net worth

2. Debt Service Coverage Ratio = Profits before interest and tax / (Interest expenses + Principal Repayment in next six months)
Interest Service Coverage Ratio = Profits before interest and tax / Interest Expenses

3. Total debt to Total assets = Total Borrowing (Non Current Borrowing + Current Borrowings ) / Total assets.

4. Current ratio, Long Term Debts to Working capital, Bad Debts to Accounts Receivables Ratio, Current Liability Ratio, Debtors turnover, Inventory turnover and Operating Margin (%), Net Profit Margin (%) are not applicable owing to the business model of the company.





## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

The Indian Parliament has approved the Code on Social Security, 2020 which subsumes the Provident Fund and the Gratuity Act and rules there under The Ministry of Labour and Employment has also released draft rules thereunder on November 13, 2020, and has morted suggestions from stakeholders which are under active consideration by the Ministry. The Company will evaluate the rules, assess the impact, if any, and account for the same once the rules are notified and become effective.

Title deeds of immovable Properties not held in name of the Company
There is no immovable propertylother than properties where the Company is lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee), held by the company, where title deeds are not held in name of company.

65 Details of Benami Property held
The Company does not have any benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any Benami property.

66 Wilful Defaulter The Company has not been declared as wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.

67 Registration of charges or satisfaction of charges with Registrar of Companies (ROC)
The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond line statutury period.

68 Relationship with Struck off Companies Transaction with companies struck off under section 248 of the companies Act, 2013 or Section 560 of Companies Act, 1956

For March 31, 2023			
Name of struck of Company	Nature of transactions with struck off Company	Balance outstanding	Relationship with the struck off Company
Anahat Organisation			
Development Consultancy Pvt	And the second second second		
Ltd	Professional Fees	N/	Vendor
Shams Cable Network	Office expense	Nil.	Vendor
Kamal Enterprises	MISCELLANEOUS	Nű.	Vendor
M R D ENTERPRISES	Repairs & Maintenance	Ni)	Vendor

For March 31, 2022			
Name of struck of Company	Nature of transactions with struck off Company	Balance outstanding	Relationship with the struct off Company
Reuters India Private Limited	Rent expenses	Nil	Vendor
NMCI Inspections and Survey Company Private Limited	Sale of Scrap	Mil	Client

69 Undisclosed Income
The Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded in the books of account, in the tax assessment under the income Tax Act. 1961 as income during the

70. Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency
The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the current financial year and any of the previous financial years

The Company has granted loans or advances in the nature of loans, without specifying period of repayment of principal to companies. However, during the year the Company has executed supplementary agreement with such companies to stipulate the schedule for repayment of principal. Of these following are the details of the aggregate amount of loans or advances in the nature of loans granted to promotes or related parties as defined in clause (26) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013:

## For March 31, 2023

Type of Borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the	Percentage to the total
Promotors	Nel	NA.
Directors	N2	- NA
KMPs.	Nil	NA.
Related Parties	Nil	NA NA

For March 31, 2022							
Type of Borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total Loans and Advances in the nature of loans					
Promotors	Nil	NA NA					
Directors	Nil	NA NA					
KMPs	Nil	NA NA					
Related Parties	51.833.40	5.5% to 52%					





- Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued)
  (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)
  72 A) During the current year and previous year, the Company has not advanced or loaned or invested hands to any other person(s) or entity(ivs), including foreign entities (Intermedianes) with the understanding that the intermediary shalls:
  - (ii) directly or indirectly find or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficianes) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security, or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficianes

(B) During the current year and previous year, the Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entiry(ins), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall, Other than as disclosed in note (1) below (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (ii) provide any guarantee, security, or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries)

Note (1)

During the year, the Company has taken loans from its holding company and given loan to its subsidiaries/fellow subsidiary companies in the ordinary course of business, which are at Arm's length and the same is approved by Board Audit Committee of the Company. The Company confirm that the below transactions are in accordance with relevant provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act. 1999 (42 of 1999) and Companies Act. 2013 and the such transactions are not in violation of the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act. 2002 (15 of 2003)

FY 2022-23

Name of Lender	Nature	Date	Rs. in millions	Name of Company in which investment done by the Company	Nature	Date	Rs. in millions	Remarks:
Ecap Equities Limited (Formerly known as Edel Land Limited)(ELL)	Loan Taken	Vanous Dates	780.00	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate	Purchase of NCD of Ecstasy Limited	21-Mar-25	780,00	1) ELL is associate of ERCSL
			320.10	ICIF II	Investment in Alf-Units	27 Mar 23	320,10	ELL is associate of ERCSL and ICIF II is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL
			220,00	Edeliveiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited (EAAA)	Loan Given	28-Mar-23	220.00	Ecap Equities Limited is associate of ERCSL and EAAA is follow subsidiary of ERCSL
			1,048.10	Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited	Loan Given	Vanous Dales	1,048.10	1) ELL is associate of ERCSL and EIAL is subsidiary of ERCSL
			1,190.00		Loan Given	Various Dates	1,190.00	1) ELL is associate of ERCSL
ECL Finance Limited (ECLF)	Lóan Taken	Various dates	590.00	Edel Finance Company Limited (EFCL)	Loan Gwen	Vanous Dates	590.00	1) ECL Finance is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL and EFCL is holding company of ERCSL 2) ERCSL has repaid its borrowing from ECLF. EFCL has repoid its
			386.70	Ecap Equities Limited (Formerly known as Edel Land Limited)(ELL)			386,70	berrowing to ERCSL.  1) ECL Finance is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL and ELL is an associate of ERCSL 2) ERCSL has repaid its borrowing from ECLF and ELL has repaid its borrowing to borrowing the end of the end o
Edel Finance Company Limited (EFCL)	Loan Taken	Various Dates	450 00	Edelcap Securities Limited (Edelcap)	Loan Given	Various Dates	450,00	to ERCSL.  1) EFCL is holding company of ERCSL and Edelcap is subsidiary of ERCSL.  2) Edelcap has repaid its borrowing from ERCSL
			200,00	Edolweiss Securities & Investments Pvt Ltd (ESIPL)			.200.00	1) EFCL is holding company of ERCSt and ESIPL is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL. ESIPL has repaid its borrowing from ERCSL
Edel Investments Limited (EIL)	Loan Taken	Various Dates	750.00	Nuvarna Wealth and Investment Limited (EBL)			750.00	EIL is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL and EBL is associate of EFSL 2) Borrowings from EIL has been repaid by ERCSL EBL has repaid its borrowing to ERCSL
			250,00	Edel Finance Company Limited (EFCL)		Vanous Dates	250.00	Ell is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL and EFCL is holding company of ERCSL 2)ERCSL has repaid its borrowing from ElL.
Edelcap Securities Limited (Edelcap)	Loán Taken	7-Apr-22	250.00	Nuvama Wealth and Investment Limited (EGL)		Vanous Dates	250.00	Edelcap is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL and EBL is associate of EFSL 2! Borrowings from Edelcap has been repaid by ERCSL EBL has repaid its borrowing





Edelweis Financial Services Limited (EFSL)	s Loan Taken	28-Dec-22	957.09	icir u	investment AIF Units	m-28 Dec-22	957.09	EFSL is ultimate holding company of ERCSL and ICIF I is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL
	Loan Taken	Various Dates	2,120,00	Edel Finance Company Limited (EFCL)	Loan Given	24-Jun-22	2,120 00	EFSL is ultimate holdin company of ERCSL and EFC is holding company ERCSL 2) EFCL has repaid it borrowing from ERCSL
	Loan Taken	Various Dates	1,750.00	Edelweiss Retail Finance Limited (ERFL)		26-Déc-22	1,750.00	
	Loan Taken	Various Dates	2,148,00	Edeliveiss Investment Advisors Limited (EIAL)	Loan Given	30 Dec 22	2,148.00	EFSL is ultimate holdin company of ERCSL and EIA is subsidiary of ERCSL
	Loan Taken	Vanous Dates	200.00	Ecap Equities Limited (Formerly known as Edel Land Limited)(ELL)		Vanous Dates	200 00	II EFSL is ultimate holdin company of ERCSL and ELL associate of ERCSL ELL hi repaid its borrowing in ERCSL
delweiss Retail Financi imited (ERFL)	e Loan Taken	1-jun-22	182.40	Edel Finance Company Limited (EFCL)	Loan Given	15-Jun-22	182 40	ERFL 1s fellow subsidial     FRCSL and EFCL 1s holdir     company of ERCSL ERCSL he     repaid its borrowing fro     ERFL 21 EFCL has repaid its
Nido Hame Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelwess Housing Finance Limited)( NHFL)	5	Various Dates	4,490.00	Ecap Equities Limited (Formerly known as Edel Land	Loan Given	Various Dates	4,490,00	NHFL is subsidiary of ERCSL and ELL is associate of ERCSL. ERCSL has repaid in borrowing from NHFL ELL
	Loan Taken	1-Jun-22	300.00		Loan Given	16-Jun-22	300,00	1)NHEL is subsidiary of ERCSL and EFCL is holdin company of ERCSL ERCS has repaid its borrowin from NHEL2) EFCL has repaid its borrowing from ERCSL
	Loan Taken	5-146-22	929.00	Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited (EIAL)	Loan Given	25-Jul-22	1,039.00	NHFL is subsidiary of ERCSL and EIAL is subsidiar of ERCSL. 2) ERCSL ha repaid its borrowing from NHFL.

## FY 2021-22

Name of Lender	Nature	Date	Rs. in millions	Name of Company in which investment done by the Company	Nature	Date	Rs, in millions	Remarks
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (EFSL)	Loan Taken	Various dates	5,714	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited(EIAL)	Loan Given	Various dates	5,714	EFSL is Holding Company of ERCSL and EIAL is wholly owned subsidary of ERCSL
Edelwers Financial Services.	Loan Taken	Various dates	6,585	Edel Finance Company Limited (Edel finance)	Loan Given	Various dates		1)EFSL is ultimate holding Company of ERSCL and Edel Finance is holding company of ERCSL. 2) Edel finance has repaid Rs 3,952 40 millions back to ERCSL and ERCSL has also repaid the same back to ERC
Edelivens Financial Services Limited (EFSL)	Loan Taken	Various dates	8.200	ECL Finance Limited (ECL Finance)	Loan Given	Various dates		1) EFSL is ultimate holding Company of ERSC1 and ECL Finance is subsidiary of EFSL and is fellow subsidiary of ERCSL. 2) ECL finance has repaid Rs. 7,420 million back to ECRSL and ERCSL has also repaid the same back to EFSL.
Edelivers Financial Services Limited (EFSL)	Loan Given	9-Jun-22	1,130	Edel Land Limited (ELL)	Loan Given	9-Jun-22		1)EFSL is ultimate holding Company of ERSCL and Edel Land is wholly owned subsidiary of ERCSL. 2) Edd Land has repaid Rs. 1,130 million back to ERCSL and ERCSL has also repaid the same back to EFSL.

Note (2)

Based on the legal opinion obtained by the vibrante Holding Company (EFSL), the transactions undertaken by NBFC-CIC of borrowing/lending/investment to and from its holding/subdiary/affiliate/group entityles) or borrowing from outside the Group for onward lending/investments for carrying on their respective business in ordinary course will not attract reporting under Rule 11(e) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2019 (the "Rules"). Accordingly, transactions undertaken by the Company with Edel Finance Company Limited (NBFC CIC) is not disclosed under the Rules.





## Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 (continued) (Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

- There have been no events or transactions which have occurred since the date of balance sheet or pending that would have material effect on the financial statement and requires adjusting to accounting estimates and disclosures included in financial statements at that date or for the period then ended, other than those reflected or fully disclosured in the financial statements. No events have occurred that are of such significance in relation to the comapny's affairs to require mention in a note to the financial statements in order to make them not misleading regarding the financial position, results of operations, or cash flow or changes in equity of the company.
- 74 The Company is in compliance with number of layers of companies, as prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- 75 The Company has already responded to authorities on show cause notice in respect of import of pulses in earlier years. There are no further updates subsequent to Company's responses. Based on the management assessments, there is no impact on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2023.
- 76 All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest million as per the requirements of Schedule fluinless otherwise stated.
- 77 Previous year's numbers have been regrouped and rearranged whenever necessay to confirm to current year presentation/classification

As per our report of even date attached.

For S. R. Batliboi & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants
CAI Firms Registration Number: 301003E/E300005

hraw 2

per Shrawan Jalan Partner Membership No: 102102

Mumbai May 22, 2023 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Ravindra Dhobale

Ravindra Ohobale Executive Director & CFO Director DIN No:05147051 DIN Dio:072

Mumba May 22, 2023 Chicae Shah Company Secretary



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## Form AOC-I

Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounst/) Rules, 2014)
Statement containing salient features of the financial statements of subsidiaries/ associate companies/ joint ventures

## Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

Name of the Subsidiary Company	Nido Home Finance Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited)	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	Comtrade Commodities Services Limited (Formerly known as Edelweiss Comtrade Limited)	Allium Finance Private Limited
Reporting currency	INR	INR	INR	INR
Exchange rate				
Paid-up Equity Share Capital	693.50	6,755.50	290.00	68.26
Reserves of the Subsidiary	7,251.18	(10,954.45)	(282.96)	1,240.08
Total Assets of the Subsidiary	37,862.20	6,759.15	34.62	1,311.34
Total Liabilities of the Subsidiary	29,917.52	10,958.11	27.58	3.00
Investments	2,804.02	-	=	1,071.46
Total Turnover	4,446.85	1,636.45	0.61	58.37
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	208.07	(1,167.13)	(4.62)	62.84
Provision for taxation	47.44	6.08	0.03	26.13
Profit/(Loss) after taxation	160.63	(1,173.21)	(4.64)	36.71
Proposed dividend	-	-	-	=
% of shareholding	55.23%	100%	100%	73.76%

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ravindra Dhobale Executive Director & CFO DIN No.:05147051 Ananya Suneja Director DIN No.:07297081 **Chirag Shah** Company Secretary

May 22, 2023

## Form AOC-I

Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounst/) Rules, 2014)
Statement containing salient features of the financial statements of subsidiaries/ associate companies/ joint ventures

## Part "B": Associates

(Currency : Indian rupees in millions)

		ECap Equities Limited (Formerly
Sr No	Name of the Associate	known as Edel Land Limited)
1	Latest Audited Balance sheet date	31-Mar-23
2	Share of Associate held by the Company	
	on the year end	
	Number of shares	22,818,000
	Amount of Investment in Associates ( `	
	in millions)	6,600
	Extend of Holding %	37.59%
3	Reason why the associate is not	
	consolidated	No Control
4	Networth attributable to Shareholding	
	as per latest audited Balance Sheet ( `in	
	millions)	3,879.27
5	Profit / (Loss) for the year	
	i. Considered in Consolidation	(57.40)
	ii. Not Considered in Consolidation	
	(including exceptional items)	(95.32)

Ravindra Dhobale Executive Director & CFO DIN No.:05147051 Ananya Suneja Director DIN No.:07297081

**Chirag Shah** Company Secretary

May 22, 2023



## NOTICE

## **NOTICE OF THE 17TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE 17TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF EDELWEISS RURAL & CORPORATE SERVICES LIMITED WILL BE HELD ON SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 2023 AT 2:00 P.M. AT THE CORPORATE OFFICE OF THE COMPANY AT 4-A, 4<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR, EMGEEN CHAMBERS, CST ROAD, KALINA, SANTACRUZ (EAST), MUMBAI – 400 098, TO TRANSACT THE FOLLOWING BUSINESS:

## **ORDINARY BUSINESS**

- 1. To consider and adopt:-
  - the audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, together with the Report of the Board and the Auditors thereon;
     and
  - b. the audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, together with the Report of the Auditors thereon.
- **2.** To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Santosh Dadheech (DIN: 00196204), who retires by rotation and, being eligible, offered himself for re-appointment.
- 3. Appointment of the Statutory Auditors

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, the following Resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:-

"RESOLVED that pursuant to the provisions of Sections 139 and 142 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) and all other applicable laws and pursuant to the recommendations of the Audit Committee and that of the Board of Directors, M/s. Nangia & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 002391C/N500069) be and are hereby appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company, for a term of 5 years, to hold office from the conclusion of this Annual General Meeting (AGM) till the conclusion of the 22nd AGM of the Company to be held in the calendar year 2028 and that the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorised to fix the remuneration from time to time as may be recommended by the Audit Committee in consultation with the Auditors."

## **SPECIAL BUSINESS**

4. Alteration of the Articles of Association

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, the following Resolution as a Special Resolution:-



**"RESOLVED** that pursuant to the provisions of Sections 5 and 14 and all other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder (including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force) and the Securities and Board Exchange of India (Issue and Listing of Non-convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021, the approval of the Members be and is hereby accorded for alteration of the Articles of Association of the Company by insertion of the following subclause (3) after the existing sub-clause (2) of Article 49:-

'(3) The Board shall appoint the person nominated by the Debenture Trustee(s) as per the provisions of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Debenture Trustees) Regulations, 1993 as a Director on the Board of the Company. Such appointment shall be subject to the provisions of the Debenture Trust Deed(s), the Companies Act, 2013, the SEBI Regulations and all other applicable laws.'

**FURTHER RESOLVED** that the Board of Directors (hereinafter referred to as the 'Board' which term shall be deemed to include any Committee which the Board may have constituted or hereinafter constitute to exercise its powers including the powers conferred by this Resolution) be and is hereby authorised on behalf of the Company to do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as it may, in its absolute discretion, deem necessary or expedient in the interest of the Company and with power on behalf of the Company to settle any questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in this regard without requiring the Board to secure any further consent or approval of the Members of the Company."

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

> Chirag Shah Company Secretary (Membership No. A32465)

Mumbai, September 28, 2023

Registered Office: 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, MB Towers, Plot No. 5, Road No. 2, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad – 500 034 CIN: U45201TG2006PLC078157



## NOTES:

 A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE INSTEAD OF HIMSELF AND SUCH PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. PROXIES, IN ORDER TO BE EFFECTIVE MUST BE RECEIVED BY THE COMPANY NOT LESS THAN 48 HOURS BEFORE THE MEETING.

A person can act as proxy on behalf of Members not exceeding fifty (50) and holding in aggregate not more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company. In case a proxy is proposed to be appointed by a Member holding more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights, then such proxy shall not act as a proxy for any other person or shareholder.

- 2. The Annual General Meeting is convened at a shorter notice after obtaining the necessary consent of the members as required under the Companies Act, 2013.
- 3. An Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), in respect of the Special Business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting (AGM / Meeting) is annexed hereto.
- 4. Corporate members intending to send their authorised representatives to attend the Meeting are requested to send to the Company a certified copy of the Board Resolution authorising their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting.
- Pursuant to Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute
  of Company Secretaries of India, information in respect of the Directors seeking
  re-appointment at the AGM is given in the Annexure to the Notice.
- 6. A Route Map along with prominent landmark for easy location to reach the venue of the Meeting is annexed herewith.



## **ANNEXURE TO THE NOTICE DATED SEPTEMBER 28, 2023**

## EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 ('the Act')

## **ITEM NO. 3:-**

M/s. S.R.Batliboi & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No.301003E/E300005) were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company by the Members at the 12<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on July 24, 2018 to hold office until the conclusion of the 17<sup>th</sup> AGM of the Company to be held in the calendar year 2023. Accordingly, the term of M/s. S.R.Batliboi & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants would expire at the conclusion of the 17<sup>th</sup> AGM in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act).

The Audit Committee having considered various parameters have recommended the appointment of M/s. Nangia & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants (FRN:002391C/N500069) as the Statutory Auditors of the Company. The Board of Directors of the Company based on the recommendations of the Audit Committee have recommended the appointment of M/s. Nangia & Co. LLP, Chartered Accountants as the Statutory Auditors of the Company, to hold office for the first term of five consecutive years from the conclusion of the 17<sup>th</sup> AGM till the conclusion of the 22<sup>nd</sup> AGM to be held in the calendar year 2028.

Pursuant to Section 139 of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder, the Company has received the written consent from M/s. Nangia & Co. LLP and a certificate confirming that they satisfy the criteria as provided under the Act and their appointment, if made, will be in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act and the Rules framed thereunder. As required under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, M/s. Nangia & Co. LLP has confirmed that they hold a valid certificate issued by the Peer Review Board of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

The Board recommends the Ordinary Resolution as set out in Item No.3 of the Notice for the approval of the Members.

None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives are, in any way, directly or indirectly, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise in the Resolution set out in Item No. 3 of the Notice.

## **ITEM NO. 4:-**

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI), has amended the SEBI (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 (the NCS Regulations) requiring all the companies whose Non-convertible Debentures (NCDs) are listed on the stock exchanges to amend their Articles of Association (Articles) such that the Debenture Trustees shall have the right to appoint a Nominee Director on its Board in the event of default (as defined in the NCS Regulations).

The Company has been raising the funds by issue of NCDs in accordance with the provisions of the NCS Regulations. The NCDs are listed at BSE Limited. Therefore, it would be necessary for the Company to alter the Articles in the manner provided in the Resolution as Item No. 4 of the Notice.

The Board recommends the passing of the Special Resolution as set out in Item No. 4 of the Notice.



None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives are, in any way, directly or indirectly, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in this item of business.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Chirag Shah Company Secretary (Membership No. A32465)

Mumbai, September 28, 2023

Registered Office: 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, MB Towers, Plot No. 5, Road No. 2, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad – 500 034 CIN: U45201TG2006PLC078157



## Details of Directors seeking re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting pursuant to Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS-2):-

Particulars	Mr. Santosh Dadheech
Date of Birth	January 25, 1965
Age	58 years
Date of first appointment	January 23, 2019
Experience in functional area	Mr. Dadheech's past experience includes stint at National Bulk Handling Corporation Limited, where he acted as the Director of Business Development tasked with managing the supply chain, warehousing, collateral, and the overall bottom-line of the Company. He climbed the ranks from Senior Vice President to Director at Stewart & Mackertich Wealth Management Company, where he was responsible for the retail business, operations, finance, accounts, and derivatives as well as treasury desks. This was preceded by similar experience in IIT InvesTrust Limited and Suresh Rathi & Company.
Qualification	Chartered Accountant and holds a Bachelor of Commerce degree from Jodhpur University
Terms and Conditions of Appointment/ Re-appointment	Appointed as a Non-executive Director, liable to retire by rotation
Remuneration to be paid	Mr. Dadheech is holding office / place of profit and is paid remuneration as approved by the Shareholders.
Remuneration last drawn	Refer Corporate Governance Report forming a part of the Annual Report
No. of Board meetings attended during the year	6
Directorship in other Companies (Public Limited Companies)	Nil
Name of listed entities from which the person has resigned in the past three years	
Committees of other public limited companies (Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship/ Investors Grievance Committee only)	
Relationship with other Directors inter-se and with Key Managerial Personnel of the Company	None
No. of shares held in the Company	Nil



## For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Chirag Shah Company Secretary (Membership No. A32465)

Mumbai, September 28, 2023

Registered Office: 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, MB Towers, Plot No. 5, Road No. 2, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad – 500 034 CIN: U45201TG2006PLC078157



## Form No. MGT-11

## **Proxy form**

[Pursuant to section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

## Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Corporate Identity No. (CIN): U45201TG2006PLC078157 Registered office: 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, MB Towers, Plot No.5, Road No. 2, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad – 500034 Email: cs@edelweissfin.com Folio No./ Depository A/c No.

I/We, being the member (s) of ......Shares of the above-named company, hereby appoint:

1. Name	2. Name	B. Name
Address	Address	Address
E-mail Id	E-mail Id	E-mail Id
Signature	Signature	Signature
, or failing him	or failing him	

as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 17<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company, to be held on Saturday, September 30, 2023 at 2:00 p.m.at the Corporate Office of the Company at 4-A, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Emgeen Chambers, CST Road, Kalina, Santacruz (East), Mumbai – 400 098 and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:

Sr. No.	Resolution	For	Against
	To consider and adopt:-		
1	<ul> <li>a) the audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, together with the Report of the Board and the Auditors thereon; and</li> </ul>		
1.	b) the audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2023, together with the Report of the Auditors thereon.		



2.	To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Santosh Dadheech (DIN:00196204), who retires by rotation and, being eligible, offered himself for re-appointment.	
3.	Appointment of the Statutory Auditors	
4.	Alteration of the Articles of Association	

Signed this..... day of...... 2023.

Affix Revenue Stamp

Signature of shareholder Signature of Proxy holder(s)



Corporate Identity No. (CIN) – U45201TG2006PLC078157 Registered office: 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, M.B. Towers, Plot No.5, Road No. 2, Banjara Hills, Hyderabad – 500 034.

## ATTENDANCE SLIP

17th Annual General Meeting

Saturday, September 30, 2023 at 2:00 p.m.

Folio No. /Client ID No./DP	
ld No.	
No. of shares	
	istered Member/Authorised Representative of Registered Member ies Act, 2013 /Proxy for Registered Member of Edelweiss Rural &
on Saturday, September 30, 2023	ce at the 17 <sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held at 2:00 p.m. at the Corporate Office of the Company at 4-A, 4 <sup>th</sup> Road, Kalina, Santacruz (East), Mumbai – 400 098 and at any
*Member's/ Authorised	
Representative's/ Proxy's full name	in block letters
Member's/Authorised Representative/ Proxy's Signature	dip and hand it over at the venue of the meeting
Note: Please fill in this attendance s	slip and hand it over at the venue of the meeting.
* Please strike off whichever is not a	applicable



## Route Map of the venue of the 17<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

**AGM Venue:** 4-A, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor, Emgeen Chambers, CST Road, Kalina, Santacruz (East), Mumbai – 400 098

Prominent Landmark: University of Mumbai, Kalina

